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OHASHI, YASUHIKO

1947-1956

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WAYNE M. COLLINS
Attorney at Law
Mills Tower
220 Bush Street
San Francisco 4, California
GARfield 1-1218

C
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P
Y

November 28, 1947

Mr. Yasuhiko Ohashi,
c/o Seabrook Farms,
Bridgeton, New Jersey.

Dear Mr. Ohashi:

Doubtlessly you have been informed that the Peruvian Chamber of Deputies has not yet gone into session though it was scheduled to do so last July. On October 31, 1947, President Bustamante formed a new cabinet which included army and navy officers in an endeavor to avoid a political crisis.

I do not know when the Chamber of Deputies actually will convene. In any event your friends and relatives in Peru and here should be urged constantly to send letters to Peruvian officials in your behalf.

Very truly yours,

WMC:cw

April 1, 1948

Mr. Yasuhiko Ohashi,
Annex H.V. 15-B,
Seabrook, New Jersey.

Mr. Isamu E. Kurotobi,
c/o West Coast Orient Co.,
201 N.W. 2nd Avenue,
Portland 9, Oregon.

Gentlemen:

Sometime ago you informed me that some members of the Peruvian group were desirous of marrying Nisei in this country and remaining in the United States. My views on the subject are as follows: If any member of the Peruvian group was a citizen of Peru but not of Japan, such a person is not deportable to Japan under our immigration laws. Consequently, if Peru refuses to readmit such a person to Peru he could not be deported to Japan. The immigration laws provide that if a person is here unlawfully and is not entitled to remain in this country that he is deportable to the country from whence he came and, if that country refuses him, he is deportable to the country of his origin, that is to say, the country of which he is a national. In consequence, a Japanese national who was a mere resident in Peru and was brought into this country would be deportable to Japan only in the event that Peru finally rejects him.

So far, the Peruvian Government has refused readmission to those still in this country, but I am informed that it will yet allow the return of each of those who has close Peruvian ties, such as a wife, husband, child or children in Peru. It is my hope that at the next session of the Peruvian Senate and Chamber of Deputies that the return of all of the Peruvian-Japanese to Peru will be authorized.

Inasmuch as the entry of the Peruvian-Japanese who are citizens of Peru by birth or by naturalization and are not citizens of Japan was not unlawful but was forced upon them by Peru and the United States, it is my opinion that the courts will declare their presence in this country to be lawful and that, if Peru refuses to readmit them, that they will be permitted to remain in this country without any fear of being sent to Japan. Those, however, who are citizens of Japan either by birth or by naturalization and who were merely residents of Peru, under our immigration laws are deemed to be deportable to Peru which is the country from which

they entered the United States. If their admission is refused by Peru they are deportable to the country of origin or citizenship, which is Japan. Even in their case it is possible that our courts may decide that they are not deportable to Japan, even if Peru declines to readmit them, on the ground that their entry and presence in the United States under our immigration laws is lawful because they did not come here voluntarily but were brought in by our government. It is possible that our courts may even decide that any or all of the Peruvian-Japanese may remain for the same reason if they wish, free from deportation.

It is my opinion, therefore, that if a Peruvian citizen marries an American citizen in this country that the Peruvian husband or wife would not be deported to Japan. There is reason to believe, however, at the present time that such a person would be deportable to Peru. However, a bill is now pending in Congress which, if passed, would authorize such a person to remain with his or her spouse if the deportation of such a person would work a hardship upon that spouse on the same basis as an existing statute grants to Caucasian persons. If that bill becomes a statute then foreigners who marry U.S. citizens would be permitted to remain in this country provided they were persons of good moral character.

It is my opinion that if any of the Peruvian group, either a Japanese citizen or a Peruvian citizen wishes to marry he or she should not let the fear of deportation to Peru or to Japan interfere with marriage to an American citizen. Marriage, as I understand it, is presumed to be based upon mutual love and not upon fear of what the future may bring forth. Consequently, I see no valid reason why any member of the Peruvian group should let any fear of deportation prevent marriage to an American citizen.

Very truly yours,

WMC:cw

WAYNE M. COLLINS
Attorney at Law
Mills Tower, 220 Bush Street
San Francisco 4, California

May 2, 1950

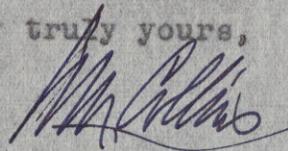
The Board of Immigration Appeals
Department of Justice
Washington 25, D. C.

Gentlemen:

In re: Yasuhiko Ohashi & Family
Seabrook Farms, N. J.

Enclosed find appearance forms and three each of original application forms to reopen cause for the purpose of enabling the following Peruvian-Japanese to apply for a suspension of deportation, together with accompanying affidavits of merits: Yasuhiko and Asa Ohashi and their alien dependent minor child, Luisa Ayano Ohashi, who are living at Seabrook Farms, Bridgeton, New Jersey. An original application form for each is also being sent to the District Director, USI&NS, Philadelphia, Penn.

Very truly yours,



Copy to:
District Director, USI&NS
Philadelphia, Penn.

BEFORE THE BOARD OF IMMIGRATION APPEALS
BEFORE THE COMMISSIONER OF IMMIGRATION

In the Matter of)

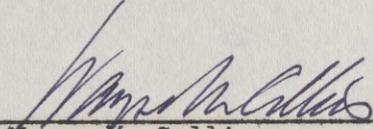
YASUHIKO OHASHI)
-----)

No. _____

APPLICATION TO REOPEN CAUSE FOR A SUSPENSION OF DEPORTATION

YASUHIKO OHASHI hereby requests that the deportation proceeding heretofore instituted against ~~him~~ be reopened for the purpose of enabling ~~him~~ to apply for a suspension of deportation under the provisions of Title 8 USCA, Sec. 115 (c) effective as at July 1, 1948, (Public Law No. 863), on the ground that ~~he~~ is and has been, for a period of time in excess of five years, a person of good moral character and that ~~he~~ has resided continuously in the United States for seven years or more and now so resides and was so residing on July 1, 1948, the effective date of said Act.

WHEREFORE, applicant requests that said cause be reopened for the aforesaid purposes to enable applicant to introduce oral and documentary evidence of ~~his~~ eligibility to apply for and to receive the benefits afforded by the provisions of Title 8 USCA, Sec. 155 (c), and regulations thereunder and for the grant of said application for suspension of deportation.



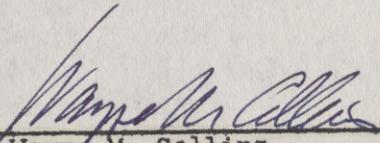
Wayne M. Collins
1701 Mills Tower
San Francisco 4, Calif.

Attorney for Applicant

AFFIDAVIT OF MERITS

STATE OF CALIFORNIA,)
CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO.) SS.
-----)

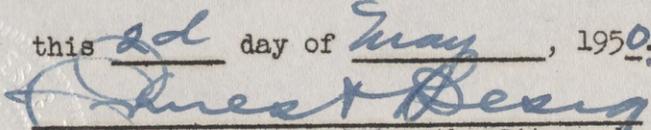
Wayne M. Collins of said City and County and State, being first duly sworn, deposes and says: that he is the attorney for _____ YASUHIKO OHASHI, the applicant in the foregoing application names; that he is informed and believes and therefore alleges upon such information and belief that the applicant is and has been a person of good moral character for a period of time in excess of five years and has resided continuously in the United States for seven years or more and now so resides and was so residing on July 1, 1948, when Title 8, USCA, Sec. 155 (c), as amended, became effective; that applicant desires to have his deportation proceeding reopened to enable him to apply for a suspension of deportation under the provisions of Title 8 USCA, Sec. 155 (c), by reason thereof, and is ready, willing and able to submit at such reopened hearing oral and documentary evidence demonstrating his said eligibility to apply for and to be granted such suspension of deportation.

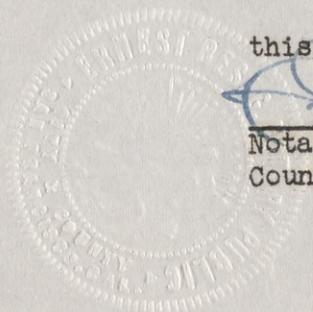

Wayne M. Collins
1701 Mills Tower
San Francisco 4, Calif.

Attorney for Applicant.

Subscribed and sworn to before me

this 2d day of May, 1950.


Notary Public in and for the City and
County of San Francisco, State of California.



BEFORE THE BOARD OF IMMIGRATION APPEALS

BEFORE THE COMMISSIONER OF IMMIGRATION

In the Matter of

ASA OHASHI

No. _____

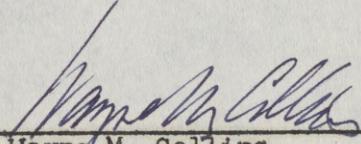
APPLICATION TO REOPEN CAUSE FOR A SUSPENSION OF DEPORTATION

ASA OHASHI

hereby requests

that the deportation proceeding heretofore instituted against her be reopened for the purpose of enabling her to apply for a suspension of deportation under the provisions of Title 8 USCA, Sec. 115 (c) effective as at July 1, 1948, (Public Law No. 863), on the ground that she is and has been, for a period of time in excess of five years, a person of good moral character and that she has resided continuously in the United States for seven years or more and now so resides and was so residing on July 1, 1948, the effective date of said Act.

WHEREFORE, applicant requests that said cause be reopened for the aforesaid purposes to enable applicant to introduce oral and documentary evidence of her eligibility to apply for and to receive the benefits afforded by the provisions of Title 8 USCA, Sec. 155 (c), and regulations thereunder and for the grant of said application for suspension of deportation.

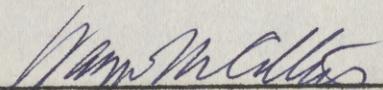

Wayne M. Collins
1701 Mills Tower
San Francisco 4, Calif.

Attorney for Applicant

AFFIDAVIT OF MERITS

STATE OF CALIFORNIA,)
CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO.) SS.
-----)

Wayne M. Collins of said City and County and State, being first duly sworn, deposes and says: that he is the attorney for _____ ASA OHASHI, the applicant in the foregoing application names; that he is informed and believes and therefore alleges upon such information and belief that the applicant is and has been a person of good moral character for a period of time in excess of five years and has resided continuously in the United States for seven years or more and now so resides and was so residing on July 1, 1948, when Title 8, USCA, Sec. 155 (c), as amended, became effective; that applicant desires to have her deportation proceeding reopened to enable her to apply for a suspension of deportation under the provisions of Title 8 USCA, Sec. 155 (c), by reason thereof, and is ready, willing and able to submit at such reopened hearing oral and documentary evidence demonstrating her said eligibility to apply for and to be granted such suspension of deportation.

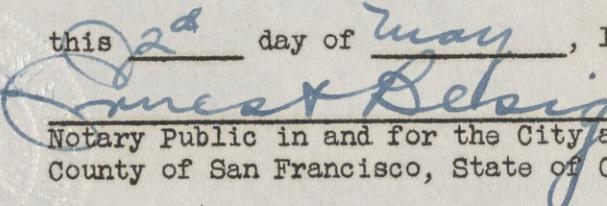


Wayne M. Collins
1701 Mills Tower
San Francisco 4, Calif.

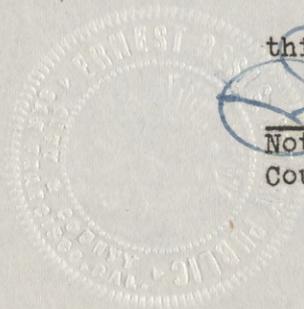
Attorney for Applicant.

Subscribed and sworn to before me

this 2nd day of May, 1950.



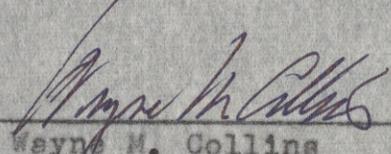
Notary Public in and for the City and
County of San Francisco, State of California.



AFFIDAVIT OF MERITS

STATE OF CALIFORNIA,)
CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO.) SS.
-----)

Wayne M. Collins of said City and County and State, being first duly sworn, deposes and says: that he is the attorney for LUISA AYANO OHASHI, the applicant in the foregoing application named; that he is informed and believes and therefore alleges upon such information and belief that the applicant is an alien dependent minor child of YASUHIKO OHASHI and ASA OHASHI, his wife _____, alien parents, each of whom, together with applicant, is eligible to apply for and is applying for a suspension of deportation under the provisions of Title 8 USCA, Sec. 155 (c), on the grounds each is and has been a person of good moral character for a period of time in excess of five years and has resided continuously in the United States for seven years or more and now so resides and did so reside when 8 USCA, Sec. 155 (c), as amended July 1, 1948, became effective; that applicant desires to have said cause reopened for the purpose of enabling applicant to submit oral and documentary evidence demonstrating said eligibility to apply for and to be granted a suspension of deportation.


Wayne M. Collins

Subscribed and sworn to before me
this 22 day of May, 1950.


Notary Public in and for the City and
County of San Francisco, State of California

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
BOARD OF IMMIGRATION APPEALS
WASHINGTON

May 11, 1950

In re: Yasuhiko Ohashi & Family
File No. 6096825 - 6153228 - 6096828
ALM:rmd

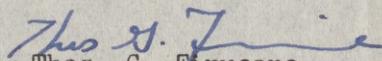
Wayne M. Collins, Esquire
Mills Tower, 220 Bush Street,
San Francisco, California.

My dear M. r. Collins:

This will acknowledge receipt of your communication dated May 2, 1950, with reference to the above case.

You will be informed of further action which may be taken by the Board. However, the filing of a motion with the Board does not operate to stay the outstanding order in the case. Until such time as a new decision is entered by the Board, the outstanding order remains in full force and effect.

Sincerely yours,


Thos. G. Finucane
Chairman

File

ADDRESS REPLY TO BOARD OF
IMMIGRATION APPEALS AND
REFER TO FILE NUMBER

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
BOARD OF IMMIGRATION APPEALS
WASHINGTON

6096828, 6096829, 6153228
YASUHIKO Ohashi

June 16, 1950

Wayne M. Collins, Esquire
1701 Mills Tower
San Francisco 4, California

My dear Mr. Collins:

Reference is made to the motion submitted in the above case.

For your information, there is enclosed herewith copy of the decision of the Board of Immigration Appeals.

This decision will not become effective until notification has been transmitted by the Immigration and Naturalization Service to the field office which handled the case. Any further information concerning this matter may then be obtained from the field office.

Sincerely yours,


Thos. G. Finucane
Chairman

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
BOARD OF IMMIGRATION APPEALS

JUN 16 1950

IN THE MATTER
OF
YASUHIKO OHASHI,
his wife, ASA OHASHI,
and their daughter, AYANO OHASHI

FILE NO: A-6096828
A-6096829
A-6133228

IN DEPORTATION PROCEEDINGS

MOTION

IN BEHALF OF RESPONDENTS: Wayne M. Collins, Esquire
1701 Mills Tower
San Francisco 4, California

This case comes before us for reconsideration.

Our most recent order herein directed that action be held in abeyance pending the conclusion of litigation involving the same subject matter, viz: The possible relief from deportation of certain aliens of the Japanese race. Since that order was entered such litigation has been concluded or has become inactive and Congress has amended Section 19(c) to broaden the class of aliens who may be granted suspension of deportation (Public Law 863, 80th Congress, approved July 1, 1948).

ORDER: It is ordered that the hearing be reopened for the reception of such application for relief from deportation as may be made and for further appropriate proceedings in connection therewith.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the order and warrant of deportation predicated thereon be withdrawn.

Chairman

RHC/egb

File
Peruvian - Ohashi

December 29, 1951

Mr Wayne M. Collins
Mills Tower, 220 Bush St.
San Francisco 4, Calif.

Dear Sir:

Your kindly letter has just
reached me, and I deeply appreciate
your prompt effort. Mr. Yamasaki
expresses his thanks to you.

Sincerely yours.

Yasuhiko Ohashi
452 W. Armitage Ave.
Chicago, Ill.

Mr Wayen M. Collins
1701^{1/2} Mills Tower
220 Bush Street
San Francisco 4, California

July 22, 1953.

452, W. Armitage Ave.
Chicago 14, Ill.
Yasuhiko Ohashi

Dear Mr Collins;

I wish to call your attention of my application of suspension of deportation in which I had presented to I.N.S. of Philadelphia on March 1950 and transferred to I.N.S. of Chicago July 1950, since then I haven't had any appointment for respective hearing.

The detail of my application was as follows;

NSE 0400/6096828 YASUHIKO OHASHI

NSE 0400/6153228 ASA OHASHI

NSE 0400/6096829 AYANO OHASHI

Submitted to I.N.S. of Philadelphia P.A. on March 26 1950.

Transferred to I.N.S. of Chicago Ill on July 1950.

Concerning our retainer fees for you, I have been contacting Mr Kurotobi. I am collecting the first payment of all members of Chicago and hope to send you it during August. I am very sorry for the delay.

I thank you for your kind attention to the matters.

Very truly yours,
Yasuhiko Ohashi

July 27, 1953

Immigration and Naturalization Service
Post Office Building
Van Buren and Canal Streets
Chicago, Illinois

Gentlemen:

Re: Yasuhiko Ohashi - A-6,096,828
Asa Ohashi - A-6,096,829
Ayano Ohashi - A-6,153,228

The Board of Immigration Appeals on June 16, 1950, ordered the above-mentioned causes reopened for the purpose of holding hearings thereon in connection with their applications for suspension of deportation while the causes were pending in Philadelphia. It is my understanding that the files in the said causes thereafter were sent from Philadelphia to Chicago by reason of the change of addresses of the said aliens from Seabrook Farms, New Jersey, to 452 West Armitage Avenue, Chicago 14, Illinois.

I would be grateful if you would inform me if the said files are presently in your possession and, if so, the approximate time hearings on their applications for suspension of deportation will be accorded them.

Very truly yours,

Copy: Mr. Yasuhiko Ohashi

July 27, 1953

Mr. Yasuhiko Ohashi
452 W. Armitage Ave.
Chicago 14, Illinois

Dear Mr. Ohashi:

I have written to the U.S. Immigration Office at Chicago requesting information concerning the time of hearing for the members of your family on the applications for suspension of deportation. A copy of my letter is enclosed.

Very truly yours,

3030 S. E. 58th Avenue
Portland, Oregon
August 20, 1953

Mr. Wayne M. Collins
1701 Mills Tower
220 Bush Street
San Francisco, California

Dear Mr. Collins:

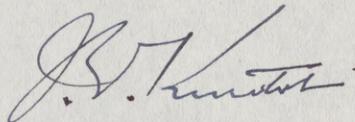
I am forwarding a check for \$150.00 in your favor. The check has been sent to me from Mr. Yasuhiko Ohashi in Chicago with the request that the sum should be forwarded to you for partial payment of his retainer fee. Mr. Ohashi is willing to pay \$300.00; however, he found it difficult to pay the entire amount at once; therefore, the balance will be remitted to you when his financial conditions permits him to do so.

In his letter, Mr. Ohashi asked me to express his appreciation for your splendid help in the past and ask for further assistance for early settlement of his case.

Meantime, he assured me that he will pay the balance of his retainer fee by the time his case is cleared.

I will appreciate your acknowledgment of the above remittance to Mr. Ohashi at your convenience.

Sincerely,



I. E. Kurotobi

IEK:ko

cc: Mr. Yasuhiko Ohashi

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE

0900/55735
File No. 0900/55747 JTM

Date: November 12, 1953

Yasuhiko and Asa Ohashi
and child Ayano Ohashi
452 Armitage Avenue
Chicago, Illinois

Pursuant to the warrant of arrest served on April 30, 19 46, you are ^{all} advised to appear in Room 901, New Post Office Bldg. 433 W. Van Buren St. Chicago, Illinois on November 27, 19 53, at 9:00 A. M., for a hearing to enable you to show cause why you should not be deported from the United States in conformity with law.

You are charged with being an alien illegally in the United States and subject to deportation upon the following grounds:

The Immigration Act of May 26, 1924, in that, at the time of entry, they were immigrants not in possession of a valid immigration visa and not exempted from the presentation thereof by said Act or regulations made thereunder; the Passport Act approved May 22, 1918, as amended, and the Act of Feb. 5, 1917, in that, at the time of entry, they did not present an unexpired passport or official document in the nature of a passport issued by the government of the country to which they owe allegiance or other travel document showing their origin and identity, as required by Executive Order in effect at time of entry.

At the hearing you may be represented by an attorney or other person or organization authorized to practice before the Immigration and Naturalization Service. Such representation shall be without expense to the Government. You should bring to the hearing any documents which you desire to have considered in connection with the case. If any document is in a foreign language you should bring the original and certified translation thereof.

✓ cc: Wayne M. Collins, Atty
220 Bush St.
San Francisco 4, Calif

For the District Director

By: F.M. Symmes
F.M. Symmes
Acting Chief, Inquiry Section
Chicago District

REGISTERED MAIL

November 16, 1953

Mr. Yasuhiko Ohashi
Mrs. Asa Ohashi and
child Ayano Ohashi
452 Armitage Avenue
Chicago, Illinois

Dear Mr. and Mrs. Ohashi:

The Immigration Service has sent you a notice to appear for your hearing on November 27, 1953, at 9:00 A.M. in Room 901, New Post Office Bldg. 433 W. Van Buren Street, Chicago, Illinois.

You should appear there promptly and bring with you any documents which you desire to have considered in connection with the case.

It will not be necessary for me to be personally present. However, you should ask the hearing officer to forward me a copy of the decision he makes in your case.

Very truly yours,

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE
Chicago, Illinois

0900-55735
File No. 0900-55747 JMcG

Date: October 19, 1954

~~Yasuhiko Ohashi and Asa Ohashi~~
~~452 Armitage Avenue~~
~~Chicago, Illinois~~

*add
name*

*Peruzin
Japanese*

Pursuant to the warrant of arrest served on March 30, 1946, you ^{both} are advised to appear in Room 901, New Post Office Bldg. 433 W. Van Buren St. Chicago, Illinois on November 1, 1954, at 1:00 P. M., for a hearing to enable you to show cause why you should not be deported from the United States in conformity with law.

You are charged with being an alien illegally in the United States and subject to deportation upon the following grounds:

The Immigration Act of May 26, 1924, in that, at the time of entry, they were immigrants not in possession of valid immigration visas and not exempted from the presentation thereof by said Act or regulations made thereunder; the Passport Act approved May 22, 1918, as amended, and the Act of Feb. 5, 1917, in that, at the time of entry, they did not present an unexpired passport or official document in the nature of a passport issued by the government of the country to which they owe allegiance or other travel document showing their origin and identity, as required by Executive Order in effect at time of entry.

At the hearing you may be represented by an attorney or other person or organization authorized to practice before the Immigration and Naturalization Service. Such representation shall be without expense to the Government. You should bring to the hearing any documents which you desire to have considered in connection with the case. If any document is in a foreign language you should bring the original and certified translation thereof.

~~CC: Yori Imaguchi, Attorney~~
~~1200 N. Clark Street~~
~~Chicago, Illinois~~

CC: Wayne M. Collins, Attorney
220 Bush Street
San Francisco 4, California

F. M. Symmes
F. M. Symmes
Chief, Inquiry Section
Chicago District

REGISTERED MAIL

October 27, 1954

Mr. Yasuhiko Ohashi
Mrs. Asa Ohashi
452 Armitage Avenue
Chicago, Illinois

Dear Mr. and Mrs. Ohashi:

The Immigration Service has sent you a notice to appear for your hearing on November 1, 1954, at 1:00 P.M. in Room 901, New Post Office Bldg. 433 W. Van Buren Street, Chicago, Illinois.

You should appear there promptly and bring with you any documents which you desire to have considered in connection with the case and any documents the Immigration office may require you to produce.

It will not be necessary for me to be personally present. However, you should ask the hearing officer to forward me a copy of the decision he makes in your case.

Very truly yours,

DP:pm

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
Immigration and Naturalization Service
Post Office Building
Chicago 7, Illinois

December 8, 1954.

Files: A-6096828 (Chicago 0900-55747) and A-6153228 (Chicago 0900-55735)

In re: YASUHIKO OHASHI and ASA OHASHI and daughter, AYANO OHASHI

IN DEPORTATION PROCEEDINGS

IN BEHALF OF RESPONDENT: Jiri Yanaguchi, Attorney at Law
1200 North Clark Street
Chicago, Illinois

and

Wayne M. Collins, Attorney at Law
1701 Mills Tower Building
220 Bush Street
San Francisco 4, California

CHARGES: (as to all)

Warrent - Act of 1924 - No immigration visa
Act of 1918 - No passport

Lodged - None

APPLICATION: Suspension of deportation under Act of 1917, seven years' residence

DETENTION STATUS: Released on conditional parole

WARRANTS OF ARREST DERVED: March 30, 1946

DISCUSSION AS TO INFORTAULTY:

The male respondent, a forty-four year old native and citizen of Japan, last entered the United States at the port of San Pedro, California, on February 6, 1943. His wife, a thirty-seven year old native and citizen of Japan, and their daughter, a seventeen year old native of Peru and subject of Japan, last entered the United States at the port of New Orleans, Louisiana, on July 15, 1943. All were brought to this country for internment and were not in possession of immigration visas, nor did they present passports or documents in lieu thereof, nor have they been lawfully admitted for permanent residence. The evidence sustains the charges in the warrants of arrest. United States ex rel Summerkamp v. Zimmerman, 178 F. 2d 645 (C.A.3, 1949), and United States ex rel Schermeister v. Watkins, 171 F. 2d 858 (C.A.2, 1949).

DISCUSSION AS TO ELIGIBILITY FOR SUSPENSION OF DEPORTATION:

The adult respondents were married in Japan on September 3, 1935. They have no other children. The male respondent is employed at Chicago, Illinois, as a punch press operator earning about \$90.00 per week. He stated he has about \$3,000.00 in cash and personal effects which he values at about \$600.00. The adult female respondent is employed at Chicago, Illinois, earning \$46.00 per week. She stated that she has about \$2,500.00 in cash and personal effects which she values at about \$750.00. The minor respondent is a high school student at Chicago, Illinois, in her junior year and is residing with her parents. The evidence establishes that the respondents have resided in the United States in excess of seven years and were so residing on July 1, 1942. It is concluded that they have met the residence requirements for suspension of deportation under Section 19(a)(2)(b) of the Immigration Act of 1917, as amended.

The respondents are quota immigrants. The quota for Japan is presently oversubscribed. They, therefore, could not adjust their immigration status through voluntary departure with preexamination. It appears that there is nothing to preclude their return to Japan. However, in view of their past inability to return to Peru, they now desire to remain in this country. The male respondent had lived in Peru sixteen years prior to his being brought to the United States.

A check of the appropriate local and federal records has failed to reveal an arrest or criminal record. The male respondent is not required to register for military service in the United States. Inquiry has disclosed that the aliens have no connection with any subversive groups. Affidavits of witnesses have been produced to establish that the respondents have been of good moral character for the preceding five years. On the record the aliens have established their eligibility for suspension of deportation. Matter of N., Int. Dec. No. 225.

At the hearing the aliens waived findings of fact and conclusions of law in the event an order granting suspension of deportation is entered in these cases.

ORDER:

IT IS ORDERED that the deportation of the aliens be suspended under the provisions of Section 19(c)(2) of the Immigration Act of 1917, as amended.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that if the Congress approves the suspension of the aliens' deportation, the proceedings be cancelled and the aliens, if quota immigrants at the time of entry and not then charged to the appropriate quota, be so charged as provided by law.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that these cases be certified to the Assistant
Commissioner, Inspections and Examinations Division, for review.



Jerome T. McLowan, Special Inquiry Officer

December 15, 1954

Mr. and Mrs. Yasuhiko Ohashi
and Miss Ayano Ohashi
452 W. Armitage Ave.
Chicago 14, Illinois

Dear Mr. & Mrs. Ohashi:

Please be informed that your deportations have been ordered suspended on Dec. 8, 1954, by the Special Inquiry Officer, Immigration and Naturalization Service. Your cases have been certified to the Assistant Commissioner, Inspections and Examinations Division, for review.

If Congress approves a suspension of deportation for you, you will be granted permanent residence status in the United States and thereafter will be eligible for naturalization as U.S. citizens.

Very truly yours,

1120 North Clark Street
Chicago 10, Illinois
March 31, 1956

Mr. Wayne M. Collins
Attorney at Law
Mills Tower
220 Bush Street
San Francisco 4, California

Dear Sir:

I am writing in regards to my family's residence rights. For sometime, most of our Japanese friends from Peru have received their residency and have even obtained their citizenship in the United States. We, too, have been waiting for many years but have not yet been granted it. My family, consisting of my wife and daughter and I would appreciate very much if you could possibly look into the matter concerning our residency here.

The reason for our need of a residency as soon as possible is that my mother in Japan has been quite ill and may not live for very long. We have not seen her for over twenty years and we would like for her to meet our daughter whom she has not met yet.

Due to circumstances, we have not been able to pay the remaining half of the payment due to you until now. We will send it as soon as possible.

We hope that you will understand our situation and kindly look into the matter for us.

Thank you for your attention on this matter.

Very truly yours,

Yasuhiko Ohashi

April 5, 1956

United States Department of Justice
Immigration and Naturalization Service
Post Office Building
Chicago 7, Illinois

Gentlemen:

In re: Files: A-6096828 and A-6153228
Yasuhiko Ohashi and Asa Ohashi

On December 8, 1954, Jerome T. McGowan, Special Inquiry Officer, ordered the deportation of the Peruvian-Japanese above named suspended under the provisions of Section 19(c)(2) of the Immigration Act of 1917, as amended, and also ordered the case certified to the Assistant Commissioner, Inspections and Examinations Division, for review.

I would be grateful if you would tell me whether or not the recommended suspension has been approved by the Assistant Commissioner and has been referred to Congress for approval.

Very truly yours,

WMC:k
cc: Mr. & Mrs. Yasuhiko Ohashi

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE
Post Office Building
Chicago 7, Illinois

PLEASE REFER TO THIS FILE NUMBER

A6 096 828
A6 153 228

April 11, 1956

Mr. Wayne M. Collins
Attorney at Law
Mills Tower, 220 Bush Street
San Francisco 4, California

Dear Sir:

In reply to your letter dated April 5, 1956, concerning Yasuhiko Ohashi and Asa Ohashi, you are informed that their case was referred to Congress on February 1, 1955, under the provisions of Section 19(c) of the Immigration and Nationality Act of 1917.

You will be informed of the action of Congress in due time.

Very truly yours,

Robert H. Robinson

Robert H. Robinson
District Director
Chicago District

April 17, 1956

Mr. and Mrs. Yasuhiko Ohashi
1120 North Clark Street
Chicago 10, Illinois

Dear Mr. and Mrs. Ohashi:

Please be advised that I received from Robert H. Robinson, District Director of the Chicago District, Immigration and Naturalization Service, a letter which states:

"In reply to your letter dated April 5, 1956, concerning Yasuhiko Ohashi and Asa Ohashi, you are informed that their case was referred to Congress on February 1, 1955, under the provisions of Section 19(c) of the Immigration and Nationality Act of 1917.

"You will be informed of the action of Congress in due time."

Very truly yours,

WMC:k

April 30, 1956

Mr. Wayne M. Collins
Attorney at Law
Mills Tower, 220 Bush Street
San Francisco 4, California

Dear Mr. Collins:

We received your letter dated April 17, 1956 in regards to our case and the reply which you had from Mr. Robert H. Robinson, District Director of the Chicago District, Immigration and Naturalization Service.

I wish to express our sincere gratitude for your concern and trouble of looking into our case. Again, we would like to extend our appreciation for your continual assistance on this matter.

Very sincerely,

Yasuhiko Ohashi