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Dec. 19

Paradise Independent 12/19/43
**Report Troops Withdrawing
From Tule Lake's Jap Camp**

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 18. (TP) — A story published today by the San Francisco Call-Bulletin claimed that the Army is withdrawing control of the relocation center for disloyal Japanese at Tule Lake at the request of the State Department.

At headquarters of the Ninth Service Command at Salt Lake City, Army officials declined to

comment on the San Francisco report.

According to the Call-Bulletin account, the State Department asked the Army to move out of the Tule Lake center and restore the internment camp to civilian control because Japan had suspended further negotiations for the exchange

of American and Japanese nationals—presumably because of the controversy over the Tule Lake camp.

The Army took over at Tule Lake after a series of disturbances got out of hands of the War Relocation Authority that operates all the Japanese relocation centers in the United States.

*Paradise
Independent*

Dec. 20

U.S. AT WAR



U.S.-JAPANESE SOLDIERS AT MAIL CALL IN ITALY
Would they find California unhealthy?

George Rodger

RACES

Inquisition in Los Angeles

Recovering from malaria in a California Marine camp, 22-year-old Marine Pfc. Robert E. Borchers of Chicago one night wrote a letter to the American Legion:

"I am one of the fortunate Marines who have recently returned to this country after serving in the offensive against the Japanese on Guadalcanal. . . . We find . . . a condition behind our backs that stuns us. We find that our American citizens, those of Japanese ancestry, are being persecuted, yes, persecuted as though Adolf Hitler himself were in charge."

"We find that the California American Legion is promoting a racial purge. I'm putting it mildly when I say it makes our blood boil. . . . We shall fight this injustice, intolerance and un-Americanism at home! We will not break faith with those who died. . . . We have fought the Japanese and are recuperating to fight again. We can endure the hell of battle, but we are resolved not to be sold out at home."

Witches' Broth. Private Borchers' letter landed plop in the midst of the West's most violent racial hysteria since "Yellow Peril" pioneer days. The 112,000 U.S. Japanese evacuated from the West Coast had become the object of hatred more intense than the anti-German-American feeling of World War I. The U.S. mortally hates and fears the Jap; but the furiously boiling stew had many other ingredients. Professional patriots, dema-

gogues and sensational newspapers, led by the Hearst press, were vigorously stirring the witches' broth.

The mayor of Kent, Wash., truck-gardening town near Seattle, which had some 1,600 Japs before the war, had signs printed up: "We Don't Want the Japs Back Here Ever." The mother lodge (15,000 members) of the Fraternal Order of Eagles voted unanimously in Seattle to deport all U.S. Japanese after the war. So did the Portland Progressive Business Men's Club, and the Oregon State Legion. Hardly anyone ever bothered to distinguish between the alien Japanese, who are deportable, and U.S. citizens of Japanese ancestry. A battalion of U.S.-born Japs is fighting well in the front line in Italy; another 2,500 Japanese-Americans are elsewhere in the U.S. Army; hundreds serve in Military Intelligence in the South Pacific; 20,000, cleared by FBI, now live in the Midwest & East. But hate-mongers were not troubled by such facts.

Fair Play. The feeling is bitterest in California. A month ago 4,000 Japs, segregated at Tule Lake for disloyalty, rioted; the affair was clumsily handled by the fumbling War Relocation Authority. Pro-U.S. Japs suffered from the Tule trouble. Almost their only defender has been the Pacific Coast Committee on American Principles and Fair Play. Among its board members: the University of California's President Robert Gordon Sproul; Stanford's former President Dr. Ray Lyman Wilbur; the University of Oregon's President Donald Erb; Nobel Prizewinner Dr. Robert A. Millikan. But when the Fair Play Committee's Pasadena chapter distributed Private Borchers' letter to the Legion, it promptly got itself "investigated" last week.

The "investigation" was California's fourth recent legislative romp into U.S.-Jap baiting. It was headed by a ruddy-faced Sacramento attorney, Chester F. Gannon, Legionnaire and key Republican member of the State Assembly. Although Marine Borchers' letter had started the fury, Gannon did not summon him as a witness. Gannon had his own views: "We have been told it would be unhealthy for Japanese—even American-born—to be seen on California streets, and that returning Marines and soldiers would slit their throats."

Trial by Fury. Before Gannon's committee in Los Angeles trooped a succession of witnesses, outdoing each other in wild charges. Hearst's *Examiner* one day ran 62 inches of testimony, blazoning it high above the progress of the war in Russia, Teheran and Italy. Typical "evidence":

► Stories of nude bathing parties in a river near Fresno, of Japanese men & women "bare naked" cavorting in an outdoor tub.

► A missionary who said he had seen "Japs take the body of a Chinese, cut out the heart and liver and eat it."

When Investigator Gannon had piled up sufficient horror tales, he summoned white-Committeeman from Arizona, (white-be-N.Y., to assume his place as National way from his home at Port Washington, by pugnaeous Fictioneer Clarence Bud- The resolutions committee was headed tee, of which he was not made a member. meeting; he was balked. All he could do was submit it to the resolutions commit-

LONDON & INTERPRETER



Time Magazine

Dec. 20

U.S. AT WAR



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► A missionary who said he had seen "Japs take the body of a Chinese, cut out the heart and liver and eat it."

When Investigator Gannon had piled up sufficient horror tales, he summoned white-haired Mrs. Maynard Force Thayer, D.A.R. member and chairman of the offending Pasadena Fair Play Committee chapter. Sample testimony:

Gannon: "Do you want to champion the rights of a people where different sexes do nude bathing together? . . . Mrs. Thayer, have you ever smelled the odor of a Jap home? . . ."

Mrs. Thayer: "I have no interest in disloyal Japanese."

Gannon: ". . . The Bill of Rights is not such a sacred thing after all. Don't you know that at the time the Bill of Rights was written we had 150,000 slaves in the United States?"

Mrs. Thayer: "I think we've made some progress since then. . . . It is of greatest importance that in time of war we do not go off into race hatred."

Gannon: "Are you a Communist? . . . This sounds like their doctrine."

Mrs. Thayer: "I am registered as a Republican."

At the end of the hearing, Nobel Scientist Millikan telephoned a protest statement to the committee attorney. When the attorney began to read it aloud, Gannon interrupted:

"Tell us who Dr. Millikan is," he demanded. "I don't know."

The Gannon investigation was too much even for the Los Angeles *Times*, which until then had been close behind the *Examiner* in retailing the committee's doings.

Under a heading **LEGISLATIVE COMMITTEES SHOULD NOT BE BULLIES**, the *Times* sternly editorialized: "It is no proper function of a legislative committee . . . to turn itself into a prosecutor of what may currently be unpopular. . . . When they turn themselves into witch-burning agencies . . . they go far afield."

SACRAMENTO...DEC...20...The State Board of Agriculture today adopted a resolution which declared that the exclusion of persons of Japanese ancestry from California agricultural life and industry is a matter of military necessity solely.

The resolution was introduced by Dr. Paul Taylor, Professor of Economics, University of California, now on leave of absence. It was seconded by Stewart Meigs of Carpenteria, lemon grower. Voting for the resolution were Grace McDonald, of San Jose, and Meigs.

James Armstrong, of Los Angeles, opposed the resolution, and W.L. Smith of Buttonwillow did not vote.

In a statement supporting the resolution, Dr. Taylor said:

"Japanese Americans in the uniform of the United States army are now risking and giving their lives in Italy and in the Pacific areas. Their loyal participation in the war effort is saving the lives and blood of other American soldiers, and is assuring an earlier victory by our country than otherwise would be possible.

"They are entitled in view of this patriotic demonstration to a public recognition that the exclusion of people of their ancestry rests on no ground other than military necessity.

"In August the State Board of Agriculture went on record in favor of interracial commissions to ameliorate race relations in agriculture. The present resolution is no more than a logical application of that earlier declaration by the Board to a particular case.

"There is growing disposition in other parts of the United States to seccuse elements within California agriculture of introducing ulterior motives into the problem, specifically to seek to serve economic ends by exclusion of competitors who are regarded by these elements as

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injurious and unfair. Examination of current issues of reputable periodicals of national circulation reveals plainly that the rest of the United States views this problem with an increasingly critical eye.

"It will redound to the credit and enhance the good name of agriculture in California to declare now that we are unwilling to settle this problem on the basis of race prejudice and that we regard it as an issue of military necessity only."

WHEREAS, it will be the responsibility of military authorities to determine the duration of that period of military necessity on the ground of which they decided early in 1942 to evacuate persons of Japanese ancestry from the Pacific Coast

THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED that if and when the military authorities shall decide that military necessity no longer requires that persons of Japanese ancestry shall be excluded from this State, the California State Board of Agriculture in the light of that decision will use its influence to assure that race prejudice shall not jeopardize the lawful participation of this or any other group in the agricultural life and industry this State, and be it

FURTHER RESOLVED that copies of this resolution be transmitted to the President of the United States, the Secretary of State, the Secretary of War, the Governor of California, and the California Congressional delegation.

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Dec. 20

JAP RETURN TO FARMS FAVORED

State Agriculture Board Votes
Motion in Heated Session

The Government charges that the Chicago gangsters "moved in" on the union and forced Bluff and Browne to extort money from the Chicago underworld leader, and con-

is serving ten years. As prosecution witnesses, they "tailored their testimony to conform with a blueprint" said A. Bradley Eben of defense counsel. He referred to testimony about Frank Rio, deceased Chicago underworld leader, and continued:

"Why is that in here? Some- where in this Government blueprint, Bluff and Browne sought to inject Rio. But instead of finding Rio reaching for Bluff we find Bluff reaching for Rio. Scrutinize that testimony and then throw it down a sewer."

DEFENSE CHARGE.

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MYER ENTRAPS SELF IN TULE CAMP INQUIRY

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JAP RETURN TO FARMS FAVORED

State Agriculture Board Votes Motion in Heated Session

EXAMINER BUREAU, SACRAMENTO, Dec. 20.—After bitter controversy, the State board of agriculture today adopted a resolution declaring, in effect, that Japanese-Americans must not be excluded from agriculture in the State after the war's close. One board member heatedly attacked the measure, and two others did not vote. Three members were absent.

ATTACKS MEASURE.

James F. Armstrong, Los Angeles member of the board, attacking the measure, declared that if the resolution were passed "people will say it would be better if the Governor kicked out the board." He charged that the board was going far afield in interjecting itself into such a controversy, especially at this time.

W. L. Smith of Buttonwillow, Kern County, failed to vote on the resolution, and explained he did not feel that he knew enough about the situation. A. J. McFadden of Santa Ana, in Orange County, said that he did not vote because, as chairman of the board, it was not customary for him to vote unless there was a tie.

THREE ABSENT.

Three board members, W. B. Parker of Berkeley, John S. Watson of Petaluma and Don C. Bull of Marysville, were not in attendance. The resolution was presented by Paul S. Taylor, University of California professor and Berkeley member, and seconded by Stewart Meigs, Carpinteria member. In addition to these two, Mrs. Grace McDonald of San Jose voted for the measure.

"The California State Board of Agriculture," the resolution said, in part, "will use its influence to assure that racial prejudice shall not jeopardize the lawful participation of this group (persons of Japanese ancestry), or any other group in the agricultural life and industry of this State."

MYER ENTRAPS SELF IN TULE CAMP INQUIRY

WRA Head Offers Statements by Employees, but Evidence Contradicts His Testimony

By RAY RICHARDS

S. F. Examiner Washington Bureau

WASHINGTON, Dec. 19.—Recent testimony of Dillon S. Myer, director of the War Relocation Authority, has been contradicted in large and small particulars by sixty-nine statements taken from the agency's own employees at the disorderly Tule Lake camp for anti-American Japanese in California, it was announced today.

The discrepancies, showing that conditions at Tule Lake were much worse than Myer admitted in his late appearance before the Dies House Committee on Un-American activities, are to be a chief item of cross-examination when Ray Best, director of the camp, appears before the Costello subcommittee of the Dies group tomorrow.

DIGEST PREPARED.

Representative Clair Engle, Democrat, in whose district the Tule Lake hotbed of subversion is located, announced today he had prepared a digest of the sixty-nine statements, pointing out the instances in which the WRA employees unwittingly deny the testimony of Myer as to the seriousness of the situation in the camp for months before about 8,000 of the 15,000 Japanese there staged an uncontrolled insurrection for four days starting November 1.

The digest, Engle said, will be submitted to the subcommittee at the start of the hearing as a basis for the cross-examination of Best, who sought to pay a secret visit to Washington but who will be greeted by a subpoena when he arrives early tomorrow.

TRAPS HIMSELF.

The contradictions of Myers' testimony found in the sixty-nine statements form an instance in which Myer set a trap for himself.

Although the 8,000 Japanese were closely packed around the place of imprisonment, the administration building, and Japanese were stacking sacks of oil-soaked rags and cartons of excelsior around the walls of the wooden structure, Myer told the subcommittee he did not consider himself to be a prisoner at any time. Nor, he said, did he believe any of the other Caucasian officials and employees felt themselves to be prisoners.

He offered to have statements substantiating this sent to the committee from all the Caucasian employees. The subcommittee accepted the offer.

WORSE THAN REALIZED.

But nothing of substantiation for Myer's testimony was found in the statements when they arrived.

In fact, Engle said his digest showed, they proved that all the Caucasians held in the administration building knew they were prisoners, and in danger of incineration if a set of demands from the Japanese was not granted.

The statements, given by employees who obviously did not realize they were returning diametrical contradictions to their superior's testimony, are said to portray a state of affairs at Tule Lake much worse even than the shocking conditions revealed by the findings of Dies Committee investigators, or previous testimony before a California State Senate investigating committee or the Costello subcommittee in Washington.

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Warren Raps

Of course, if you're in a

ONTARIO, Dec. 21.—(U.P.)—Service station operator Court Hammel dashed for a telephone and called an ambulance when he saw a woman struck by an automobile in front of his driveway. Three hours later police called him back to the

CAIRO, Dec. 19.—(Delayed)—(AP)—Gen. Dwight D. Eisenhower, Allied commander-in-chief in the Mediterranean area, visited Bethlehem on his way home from the Tehran conference. It was disclosed today, and prayed in the grotto of the Nativity. He visited all holy sites in the town.

Eisenhower Visit To Bethlehem Bared

increases. they would press demands for wage city's clerical workers announced and other municipal workers, the week's strike by 4,500 police, firemen Shortly after settlement of last administrative departments. handle telephone calls to various strikers on duty was unable even to manned, but the handful of non-municipal administrative system, City Hall, heart of Montreal's

Oak Tribune

Tule Lake Japs Armed With Knives, Swords

House Group Told of Weapons, Fears New Outbreak if Army Leaves Camp

By RAY RICHARDS

San Francisco Examiner Washington Bureau.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 20.—Congressional concern was expressed here today that hundreds of violently anti-American Japanese in the Tule Lake, California are still armed with swords, weapons, awaiting the withdrawal of the army, fearing that might be more serious even than the one of early November.

The alarm was voiced by members of the Costello subcommittee of the Dies House Committee on un-American Activities, after they had heard still another confession of mismanagement by the War Relocation Authority (WRA), this one from Ray Best, director of the Tule Lake center.

ARMY QUIZ SET.

The chairman of the committee, Representative John M. Costello, California Democrat, announced that testimony will be taken as soon as possible for a War Department representative as to whether the soldiers have conducted a house to house search of the camp for the hundreds of knives known to have



NOT SO WEAK—
ruefully at Mrs. Lurena Jones, "weaker sex" who floor

SF Examiner

U. S. Orders Large Scale Release of Japs in Spring

SALT LAKE CITY, Dec. 21.—(AP)—Release of loyal Japanese-Americans from war relocation centers will be resumed on a large scale in the spring, Ottis Peterson, relocation supervisor for the Intermountain-Pacific region, said today.

Peterson explained that re-

lease is retarded now because of winter and overloaded transportation facilities.

There now are approximately 84,000 persons of Japanese ancestry in nine WRA camps in seven western States and 16,000 at Tule Lake, Calif., compared with a peak of 110,000, Peterson reported.

SF Examiner

Dec 21

Warren Raps Farm Board View on Japs

Resolution Urging Return Branded as Effort to Stir Strife

SACRAMENTO, Dec. 21.—(U.P.)—Gov. Earl Warren today denounced a resolution adopted by the State Board of Agriculture favoring return of Japanese to California as soon as military conditions permit as an attempt by holdover members of the board to cause strife in California.

The resolution, proposed by Dr. Paul Taylor, professor of economics at the University of California, was approved by three members of the board of five present. The board consists of nine members.

Asked his opinion of the resolution, Warren said:

"It was just a case of three holdovers on the board taking advantage of a skeletonized meeting to kick up some dust and try to cause some strife in California instead of helping in a war in which our boys are fighting and dying every day."

The resolution declared that the board "will use its influence to assure that race prejudice shall not jeopardize the lawful participation of this (the Japanese) or any other group in the agricultural life and industry of this State."

OLSON APPOINTEES

Return of the Japanese to California was made conditional on approval by Army officials in the resolution. It was supported by Grace McDonald of San Jose and Stewart Meigs of Carpinteria, as well as Taylor. All three were appointed by former Gov. Culbert Olson. James Armstrong of Los Angeles voted no and W. L. Smith of Buttonwillow did not vote.

Commenting of the board's action, Assemblyman Chester Gannon of Sacramento, head of a legislative interim committee on Japanese problems which recently held hearings in Los Angeles, said he believed if the Pacific War were "protracted" it would be a generation before the people of California would permit the return of even loyal Japanese.

However, if the war were to be short and American losses comparatively small, Gannon said, "we might forget all about it" and be willing to have loyal Japanese return.

URGES DEPORTATION

Gannon declared that 25 per cent of Japanese evacuees have sworn allegiance to the Japanese emperor, and advocated the immediate deportation of this group at the end of the war.

Taylor issued a statement in support of his resolution saying Japanese-Americans fighting in Italy are "entitled . . . to a public recognition that the exclusion of people of their ancestry rests on no ground other than military necessity."

He said that accusations have been made against California agricultural interests charging that demands for permanent exclusion of Japanese have been made for the purpose of excluding economic competitors.

Disloyal Japs' Children Would Lose Citizenship

The Native Sons of the Golden West will foster a movement for a constitutional amendment which would exclude from U.S. citizenship the children of aliens who are not eligible for naturalization.

This was disclosed last night by Wayne Millington, grand president of the order, who said that such an amendment would curb the "growing menace" of populating the Pacific Coast with non-assimilable races, particularly Japanese.

The amendment proposal, Millington declared in an address before members of the Native Sons Mount Diablo Parlor at Martinez, will be brought before the next Grand Parlor convention as one of the major orders of business.

"We propose also that as many as possible of our so-called loyal Japanese, such as those at Tule Lake, be sent back to Japan in exchange for our interned soldiers and businessmen," Millington asserted.

Millington said that the Native Sons have increased by more than 1400 members and that 11 new parlors have been instituted in the past six months. This, he said, can be attributed to a large extent to the order's stand on the Japanese question.

Meanwhile, the State Board of Agriculture pledged itself to "use its influence to assure that race prejudice shall not jeopardize the lawful participation" of Japanese-Americans in the agricultural life and industry of the State when military necessity no longer requires their exclusion.

The board's action was taken yesterday at Sacramento when a resolution presented by Prof. Paul S. Taylor of the University of California was passed despite heated opposition by James F. Armstrong, Los Angeles member of the board.

Stewart Meigs, Carpinteria member, seconded the motion. Mrs. Grace McDonald of San Jose also voted for the measure. Armstrong was the only opposition tally.

Tule Lake Japs Armed With Knives, Swords

House Group Told of Weapons, Fears New Outbreak if Army Leaves Camp

By RAY RICHARDS

San Francisco Examiner Washington Bureau.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 20.—Congressional concern was expressed here today that hundreds of violently anti-American Japanese in the Tule Lake confinement camp in California are still armed with short swords, dirks and other weapons, awiting the withdrawal of troops to stage another uprising that might be more serious even than the one of early November.

The alarm was voiced by members of the Costello subcommittee of the Dies House Committee on un-American Activities, after they had heard still another confession of mismanagement by the War Relocation Authority (WRA), this one from Ray Best, director of the Tule Lake center.

ARMY QUIZ SET.

The chairman of the committee, Representative John M. Costello, California Democrat, announced that testimony will be taken as soon as possible for a War Department representative as to whether the soldiers have conducted a house to house search of the camp for the hundreds of knives known to have

been manufactured by Japanese in the camp's machine shops in the weeks preceding the November outbreak.

Best was candid in saying that the War Relocation Authority has never made an attempt to confiscate the knives or stop their manufacture, although officials of the camp knew well in advance of the insurrection that the Japanese not only were making blades long enough to be called swords, as well as many knives of hunting type size.

SEARCH "UN-AMERICAN."

Nothing was ever done to stop the manufacture or to confiscate the weapons, he said, and, for a reason, he referred back to Dies Committee testimony by his chief, WRA Director Dillon S. Myer, who said that the locating of contraband articles would have required a search of homes,

which he regarded as un-American.

One of his principal admissions was the fact that the WRA permits the subversive Japanese at Tule Lake to maintain the same kind of Japanese language schools which were a scandal of un-Americanism on the west coast for years preceding the war.

Best admitted the total Caucasian police force for the 15,000 Japanese at Tule Lake numbered six men.

"Did you think that sufficient before the uprising?" asked Stripling.

"Yes," Best answered.

"After the uprising, did you think it adequate?"

"No."

DISPUTES MYER.

The committee read to Best excerpts from sixty-nine statements of employees at Tule Lake regarding conditions in the camp before and during the uprising. The witness agreed they were truthful.

But in dozens of important particulars the statements disagreed

flatly with the testimony of Director Myer.

Best related that, while the Japanese were herding the white employes into the administration building, several Caucasian officials tried to flee the camp through a rear gate, only to find their way blocked by Japanese.

Although Myer had stated that only "a couple of hundred" Japanese took part in the violent features of the insurrection, Best said the leading spirits numbered at least 2,000, and that at least 6,000 other Japanese followed willingly.

SF. Examiner

Large Scale Japs in Spring

case is retarded now because of winter and overloaded transportation facilities.

There now are approximately 4,000 persons of Japanese ancestry in nine WRA camps in seven western States and 6,000 at Tule Lake, Calif., compared with a peak of 10,000, Peterson reported.

Examiner

Dec 21

lems; it expects positive help
course in the post-war world

All this is natural enough.
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matter how close good business
to the United States. They are
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S.F. Evans

Dec 21

Tulelake Director Tells Why He Called the Army

WASHINGTON, Dec. 20 (UP)—1 he had not heard that Japanese Director Ray Best of the Tulelake, employed in the machine shops were Calif., Japanese internment camp making knives and baseball bats, said today that he called the Army and that later he made no check to to take over the settlement November see how many had been made nor ber 4 because some 200 Japs "were for what purpose.
armed with clubs and were intent on using them."

Best, an official of the War Relocation Authority, told a House Dies subcommittee that until the night of November 4, it was his opinion that the internees were orderly and controllable, but that on November 4, a large group of them became "very menacing."

He described the Japs as orderly during the original November 1 disturbance when Dr. Reece Petticord, head of the colony's hospital, was beaten up. He said he saw no weapons on internees that day.

The November 4 disturbance arose, he said, after camp authorities had taken three truck loads of loyal Japanese to the farms.

The other Japs, he said, thought food was being taken from the warehouse to feed loyal Japs, and intended to prevent it. The three truckloads of Japanese already had left before the crowd gathered.

On that occasion, he said, they gathered at the motor pool and at Best's home in violation of an order issued after the November 1 disturbance that no such groups would be permitted to gather again.

In answer to questions, Best said that the Misses Stella Robbins and Lillie Roudabush, school teachers at the camp, were pacifists. They had civil service ratings, he said, and did not "openly discuss" their beliefs, so he had no right to fire them.

They are still employed at the center, he said.

Best said that prior to November

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San Francisco Examiner

December 22, 1943

Move For Jap Return Balked

Warren summarily dismissed agricultural board's resolve

EXAMINER BUREAU, SACRAMENTO, Dec 21.--Governor Warren today summarily dismissed as an action which will not "help fight the war" the recommendation of a minority group of the State Board of Agriculture that Japanese be permitted resume farming operations in California when the war is over.

"That was just a case of three holdovers on the Board taking advantage of a skeletonized meeting to kick up dust and start internal strife in California, rather than help fight the war we are now engaged in, and in which our boys are fighting and dying every day," the Governor told a press conference.

BOARD'S RESOLUTION

"Period," he added emphatically.

The board's resolution read, in part, as follows:

"If and when the military authorities shall decide that military necessity no longer requires that persons of Japanese ancestry shall be excluded from this State, the California board of agriculture in the light of that decision will use its influence to assure that race prejudice shall not jeopardize the lawful participation of this or any other group in the agricultural life and industry of this State."

THREE ABSENT

The resolution was approved officially as the position of the board although it was favored by only three of nine members. Introduced by Professor Paul S. Taylor of the University of California, it was supported in addition by Stewart Meigs, Carpinteria, and Mrs. Grace McDonald, Santa Clara, appointees of former Governor Olsen. James F. Armstrong, Los Angeles, voted against the measure, declaring if it passed "people will say it would be better if the Governor kicked this board out."

Chairman A.J. MacFadden, Santa Ana, and W.L. Smith, Buttonwillow, did not vote. The three other board members were absent.

Dec. 22

MOVE FOR JAP RETURN BALKED

'Fair Play' Body Wires Confidence In Dillon Myer

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 22. (U.P.)
—The Pacific Coast Committee on American Principles and Fair Play today wired President Roosevelt its confidence in Dillon S. Myer, director of the War Relocation Authority.

The committee, headed by Dr. R. Gordon Sproul, president of the University of California, sent a duplicate telegram to the chairman of the California congressional delegation.

Martinez Gazette

Peace to come!

live!

are not with you.

en years...

your hearts like the sun

Fight on!

are not forgotten men!

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O.F. Examiner

Dec. 22

MOVE FOR JAP RETURN BALKED

Warren Summarily Dismisses Agricultural Board's Resolve

EXAMINER BUREAU, SAC
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Martinez Gazette

WRA Chief Defended in Wire to FDR

A telegram expressing confidence in Dillon S. Myer as national director of the War Relocation Authority, was sent yesterday to President Roosevelt and the Chairman of the California Congressional Delegation, by the Pacific Coast Committee on American Principles and Fair Play.

Mrs. Ruth W. Kingman, executive secretary, announced yesterday that the committee opposes the requests of West Coast Congressmen that Myer resign. Their defense in the telegram was based on the following points:

"1. Excellent Relocation program of the WRA. 2. The Director's recognition of international complications involved in the WRA program. 3. The directors determination to administer this unprecedented program within the best possible American tradition of fairness. 4. Mr. Myer's courage in the face of prejudice and misrepresentation.

"We further recommend," the telegram read, "due to the complex problems confronting WRA in Tulelake segregation center, caused partially by difficulties in obtaining adequate personnel: 1. Addition of experienced personnel, necessitating (a) recognition of need by Bureau of the Budget, (b) recognition of higher priority by War Manpower Commission."

The telegram was signed by Mrs. Kingman as executive secretary. Among the members of the Committee are, Robert Gordon Sproul, honorary chairman; Maurice E. Harrison, chairman; General David P. Barrows, Bartley C. Crum, Henry F. Grady, Robert A. Millikan, Richard M. Neustadt, Chester H. Rowell, Ray Lyman Wilbur, August Vollmer, Alfred J. Lundberg, Paul S. Taylor, and A. J. McFadden.

S.F. Chronicle

Lea Reports Solid Front On Internees

Special to The Chronicle

SANTA ROSA, Dec. 22.—California's delegation in Congress is unanimous in opposing the return of any Japanese to this State for the duration of the war, Congressman Clarence F. Lea said today when he returned to his home here from Washington.

"We feel that the War Relocation Authority has been too lax in handling of Japanese in interment centers, particularly under conditions which were revealed by the Tulelake investigations," he stated.

Although no decision has been reached in regard to placing the Army in control of the centers, Lea said that in event military authorities do not assume control perhaps the Department of Justice will be given the job of handling the internees.

S.F. Chronicle

Committee Wires Support For Director of WRA

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 22. (AP)—The Pacific Coast Committee on American Principles and Fair Play today wired President Roosevelt its confidence in Dillon S. Myer, director of the War Relocation Authority.

The committee, headed by Dr. R. Gordon Sproul, president of the University of California, sent a duplicate telegram to the chairman of the California congressional delegation.

Members of the committee included: Maurice E. Harrison, former chairman of the state Democratic committee; Dr. Ray Lyman Wilbur, chancellor of Stanford university; A. J. McFadden, chairman of the California agricultural commission; Henry F. Grady, head of the State department economic commission to Italy; Gen. David P. Barrows, former president of the University of California.

Riverside Emileys

Lea Opposes Japs' Return

Delegation Will Fight
Move, Leader Says

SANTA ROSA, Dec. 22.—Assurance that the California congressional delegation is unalterably opposed to the return of the Japanese to the coast during wartime came yesterday from Representative Clarence F. Lea, of the First Congressional District, who arrived here today from Washington.

California Congressmen, he said, definitely feel that the War Relocation Authority (WRA) has been "too lax" in handling the camps, particularly Tule Lake, where rioting and other outbreaks precipitated an investigation of the WRA setup.

Whether the Army or civil authorities take over permanent control of the center, "firm control" should be exercised, Congressman Lea said. It is "understood," he continued, that if the Army does not remain in control, "it likely will be the FBI who will be given charge."

He pointed out that American civilian prisoners in Japan are under civil control, and said he had been told civil authority was "preferable" to the Jap army.

S.F. Exam

Dec. 25

Eastern Star Asks Removal Of Japanese

Enactment of legislation for "instant removal" from California of all Japanese, prohibiting their return and to "forever bar" the settlement of Japanese in California is asked of Congress in a resolution adopted by the Grand Chapter of the Order of the Eastern Star, according to announcement yesterday by Maud McWilliams Smith, grand secretary of the order.

The resolution was signed by Waldo F. Postel, San Francisco; Herbert D. Wise, Oakland, and Joseph M. Argabrite, Ventura; members of the Jurisprudence Committee.

PRIME OBJECTIVE

"The occupation of California has ever been the prime objective of the Japanese nation," says the resolution. "The settlement of Japanese in California is a part of the national Japanese program of ultimate territorial acquisition and conquest. Any present or future Japanese assault upon our Nation will be through the State of California. We firmly believe that the presence of Japanese in California constitutes a present and future menace to the welfare, security, happiness and prosperity of the United States."

Author of the resolution is Attorney Waldo F. Postel of San Francisco.

SENTIMENT

"I wrote it, drafted it, had it referred to my committee and passed it," said Postel. "We need to keep the pot boiling and keep the sentiment against the Japanese just as it was after Pearl Harbor—and I mean all the Japanese. When people have a different skin they can't be assimilated. I was a member of the Anti-Japanese Association 25 years ago and have been trying to keep the Japanese out of this State for all those years."

"Time heals everything and when this war is over men will want to do business as usual. It's just like Roosevelt's New Deal. Now when people are calling it a Bum Deal he wants to change it. People will want to forget about hating the Japs after the war."

J.F. Chronicle

Eastern Star Seen As Helping Tokyo

The anti-Japanese resolution of the Grand Chapter, Eastern Star, was protested yesterday by Herbert Resner, San Francisco liberal and labor attorney.

"The approach taken is too much of a race issue, which when carried to its conclusion would involve other races," said Resner.

"It will be right in the groove for Radio Tokyo to broadcast to other people. That radio station is already capitalizing on our recurrent Negro problems."

"The resolution doesn't differentiate between the governments which are misleading their peoples and the people themselves. The misguided people of Japan should be looked upon as human beings as should the misguided people of Germany."

"We should not give in to a program of extermination of peoples. Our purpose should be the extermination of their bad leadership."

J.F. Chronicle

Chaplain A. F. Wahlquist, a minister of the Southern California-Arizona Conference, writes us from Camp Tulelake where he is stationed. He declares that the recent trouble was caused by a group of Hawaiian-Japanese, who had been educated in Japan. However, he adds, "newspaper reports have been grossly exaggerated and often unfair." He ministers to the soldiers who are stationed at Tulelake, but also is showing a fine Christian attitude in helping provide toys for some 2000 little children of Japanese-American ancestry this Christmas time. He tells of the reports he has had from officers and others of the excellent accommodations made available in our Dormitory.

*Tower Tidings
(First Meth. Church of Hollywood)*

Engle Urges Party to Speed WRA Cleanup

Action by Democrats Demanded; Call For Resignations Advanced

By RAY RICHARDS

San Francisco Examiner Washington Bureau.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 24.—Democrats should seize the responsibility and the credit for an immediate cleanup of the War Relocation Authority (WRA) and not wait for Republicans to force it as a political coup, it was asserted in a statement today by Representative Clair Engle, California Democrat.

He pointed out that resistance of the New Deal wing of the Democratic Party to the "perfectly obvious" need of reforming WRA personnel and methods has made the situation an undeniable political issue.

DEMANDS RESIGNATIONS.

Engle, in whose district is located the rebellious Tule Lake Japanese segregation camp, advanced a demand for the resignation of Assistant WRA Director R. B. Cozzens, of San Francisco, as well as for that of Dillon S. Myer, the national WRA director.

The Congressman recalled that Cozzens' office made the original official attempt to deceive the public into believing that there were no disorders at Tule Lake while the pro-Japan insurrection was in progress there early in November, and that Cozzens has persisted in aiding Myer's attempts to suppress investigations of the WRA, on the ground that such inquiries react against the welfare of American prisoners in Japanese territory.

Myer, Cozzens and other WRA officials twist facts and statements in such a fashion that part of the public may even believe the exposure of conditions in the WRA, and not WRA misconduct itself, is responsible for the propaganda use and other advantages Japan is reaping from the situation, Engle's statement said.

MEETING DELAYED.

The Congressional holiday until January 10 has delayed a general meeting of the House delegations of the three west coast States to act on a resolution which calls on President Roosevelt to request the resignation of Myer, revamp the whole WRA and place the Tule Lake establishment under administration of the Department of Justice, in the same category as camps for dangerous enemy aliens.

Leaders have assured that the tri-State meeting will be called at once after Congress reconvenes.

A majority of the thirty-three Congressmen already have pledged signatures. Some of the others state that they will not be content with less than War Department administration of all the camps, which would mean the complete disbandment of the WRA. A few are reported to be reluctant to sign the resolution, despite the demand in their home districts, because of hidden commitments to the New Deal.

"Better control of the War Relocation centers, more caution in the release of Japanese from those centers, and prohibition of Japanese in the west coast zone of military operations, are matters on which the west coast voting population is determined," Engle declared.

Dec. 26

EASTERN STAR URGES JAP BAN

Memorial Urges Congress to Bar Nips Forever

A memorial addressed to all members of Congress, urging that all Japanese be "forever barred from California and prohibited from settlement" in the State, has been adopted by the Grand Chapter, State of California, Order of the Eastern Star, it was announced yesterday.

The memorial, now in process of being transmitted to Congress, sets forth that:

"Whereas, the occupation of California has ever been a prime objective of the Japanese nation, and whereas the settlement of Japanese in California is a part of the national Japanese program of ultimate territorial acquisition and conquest, and whereas it is the belief of the members of this Grand Chapter that any present or future Japanese assault upon our Nation will be through the State of California,

"Therefore, be it resolved that we, the Grand Chapter, State of California, Order of the Eastern Star, at this statewide convention held in the city of Long Beach, State of California, urge and request the Congress of the United States of America to enact suitable legislation not only for the instant removal from California of all Japanese now located therein,

"But also, that the Congress in the interest of national safety enact such legislation as will prohibit their return to California, and forever bar and prohibit the settlement of Japanese in California."

The order sets forth that it has approximately 100,000 members in the State.

J.F. Eyamner

Dec 27

Coast Congressmen Ask Removal of Dillon Myer

WASHINGTON, Dec. 26 (UP)—California, Washington and Oregon congressional representatives today voted without dissent to ask President Roosevelt to request the resignation of Dillon Myer, national director of the War Relocation Authority.

The tri-State delegation also unanimously approved a subcommittee's recommendations for transfer of the Tulelake, Cal., internment camp to the "supervision and direction" of the Department of Justice

and for future expatriation of disloyal Japs who are U. S. citizens.

Under the delegation's proposal Mr. Roosevelt would be directed to appoint a successor to Myer who would undertake a reorganization of nine other Japanese relocation centers in Western States now under the WRA.

"Any citizen who shall announce allegiance to a foreign country shall be deprived of his citizenship and his expatriation be ordered," the committee resolution said.

J.F. Chronicle

Dec. 28

SENATE TO ASK WRA REPORT ON RELEASED JAPS

Thorough Check Will Be Made
on Whereabouts of Disloyal,
Looking to Mass Deportation

By RAY RICHARDS

F. F. Examiner Washington Bureau.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 27.—Ac-
counting from the War Reloca-
tion Authority (WRA) of the
whereabouts and activities of
all the approximately 25,000 Jap-
anese released from the War Re-
location centers will be demanded
by a Senate sub-committee short-
ly after Congress convenes Jan-
uary 10.

The coming inquiry is shaping
up as the first over-all survey of

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is made for consulta-
is and how it works. No charge
exactly what Thomas treatment
in today and see for yourself
which you'll surely enjoy. Come
fresh, new, healthy feeling,
leaves your scalp tingling with a
exuvia or dandruff flakes. It
and relieves scalp itch caused by
removes your dandruff scales,
your careful consideration. It
past 20 years, and is worthy of
million other persons during the
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The reliable Thomas method
treatment.

such as afforded by Thomas
and call for proper hygienic care,
healthy appearance of your hair
Such conditions impair the
dust, dirt, heat, and dirt?
with itchy exuvia caused by im-
stringy? Is your scalp laden
this morning? Or was it oily and
dry when you brushed it

AS your hair lusterless and

FF. Examiner

Jap Evacuation Problem Faces Coast Legislators

BY WARREN B. FRANCIS

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BARBARA PEPPER • DONALD KIRKE
Staged by IAN KEITH

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Exclusively at the
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by Franklin • Directed by Mervyn LeRoy
e Book "Madame Curie" by Eve Curie
by Paul Osborn and Paul H. Rameau
Owen • Van Johnson • Margaret
ne May Whitty

L. A. Times

SENATE TO ASK WRA REPORT ON RELEASED JAPS

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on Whereabouts of Disloyal,
Looking to Mass Deportation

By RAY RICHARDS

S. F. Examiner Washington Bureau.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 27.—Accounting from the War Relocation Authority (WRA) of the whereabouts and activities of all the approximately 25,000 Japanese released from the War Relocation centers will be demanded by a Senate sub-committee shortly after Congress convenes January 10.

The coming inquiry is shaping up as the first over-all survey of the wartime Japanese resident problem. It looks to firmer immediate restrictions on disloyal Japanese, and their wholesale deportation to Japan at the earliest opportunity.

THOROUGH CHECK.

That it will contain the first thorough check yet made on the release and subsequent movements of Japanese of dubious reliability was announced today by Senator Ernest W. McFarland, Arizona Democrat, author of a bill for the future deportations.

"The fact that the WRA turned these Japanese loose without investigation and certification of the harmlessness of each one of them is one of the most menacing aspects of the whole bad situation," Senator McFarland said.

"What some of them may be up to now makes such occurrences as the recent uprising of open and avowed subversive Japanese at the Tule Lake segregation camp in California appear unimportant in the internal security picture."

CLEVER ELEMENT.

The Senator pointed out that a check on any given number of the former west coast Japanese shows that the rate of avowed disloyalty, among Japanese-Americans and Japanese aliens alike, is about 25 per cent.

"Apparently," he commented, "the War Relocation Authority and the uninformed sentimental elements of the country are the only ones who believe that this ratio of disloyalty, or worse, does not prevail among the Japanese who have been released from the centers on their own mere word that they are faithful to the United States."

"By all the dictates of common sense, it must be assumed that the percentage of disloyalists is high among the released Japanese and that this type is much more dangerous than those confined at Tule Lake, because they had an object in leaving the centers and were clever enough to conceal their real feelings in order to do so."

EARN NOTHING.

"The hair-raising revelations of enemy espionage in the United States in the past, and the clever lengths to which spies have gone to transmit information, have taught the WRA nothing."

Senator McFarland said that immediately on the reconvening of Congress he will ask Senator Frederick Van Nuys, Indiana Democrat, chairman of the Senate Judiciary committee, for a subcommittee to consider the McFarland deportation bill. Extensive hearings would follow.

"Not only Japanese, but all other disloyalists of enemy national extraction, would be covered by the measure," Senator McFarland said.

Jap Evacuation Problem Faces Coast Legislators

BY WARREN B. FRANCIS

Times Staff Correspondent

WASHINGTON, Dec. 27.—

New differences of opinion between West Coast members of Congress over handling of evacuated Japs today threatened to result in a possibly embarrassing showdown on the part of House legislators from California, Oregon and Washington.

A formal request to President Roosevelt for removal of Director Dillon S. Myer and housecleaning of the War Relocation Authority is due for discussion after the Congressional recess ends two weeks hence, but the conflicting attitudes of three separate factions of Representatives stirred doubt whether the State groups can agree on tactics to be followed in obtaining more strict control over disloyal Jap aliens and American-born citizens now under military supervision at Tule Lake.

Committee Reserved

Two of the 15-man special committee named to draft a plan of action have signed, with reservations, a double-barreled resolution urging the President to put the Justice Department in charge of the Tule Lake center and to overhaul the W.R.A. A third member has registered dissatisfaction, commenting the proposal "does not go far enough by any means" and will be "a waste of time."

Reps. Outland (D.) of Santa Barbara and Magnuson (D.) Wash., dissented from the action

Jap Girl Awarded Vacation Wages

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec.

27. (AP)—Miss Misao Shiratsuki, of Japanese ancestry, former California civil service stenographer, must be paid for an annual vacation which should could not take because the Army ordered her and all others of her ancestry evacuated from this area. The ruling was given today by Atty. Gen. Robert W. Kenny, to Dr. Wilton L. Halverson, State Director of Public Health, in whose department Miss Shiratsuki was a stenographer.

of eight colleagues in condemning Myer and his W.R.A. staff, who are charged with having coddled the evacuees. Rep. Carter (R.) Oakland, doubted President Roosevelt will heed the appeals from the Pacific Coast legislators.

Conduct Changes Seen

A leading advocate of sterner policies, Rep. Engle (D.) of Red Bluff, said, however, he feels there may be "changes" in conduct of the relocation program "shortly after the first of the year."

Shift of responsibility for the Tule Lake camp to the Justice Department is very likely, especially after President Roosevelt learns details of a secret report by Federal Bureau of Investigation agents on events leading up to early-November riots, he suggested.

The resolution urging President Roosevelt to take action is "the only practical approach at this state," Engle said in explaining why he temporarily has given up his crusade to have all relocation camps turned over to military authorities.

W.R.A. Executive Orders

"The W.R.A. was created under executive orders and Congress cannot do anything without amending the Second War Powers Act," Engle commented. "There are lots of obstacles in the way of any bill along these lines. While we might hit at the W.R.A. by putting restrictions on an appropriation bill, that wouldn't provide any alternative. What is needed is overhauling of the W.R.A. and Justice Department operation of Tule Lake, and both of those must be done by Presidential orders."

A middle-of-the-road group, comprising both Republicans and Democrats, will oppose any move to put the Army in charge of all evacuees regardless of citizenship—an idea which Carter favors and several other Pacific Coast members have advocated at various times.

Dec 29

State Shelves Action on Status Of Jap Jobs for Duration

Decision on Position of 82 Halted by Mutual Agreement

EXAMINER BUREAU, SAC-RAMENTO, Dec. 29.—The State Personnel Board today abandoned for the duration of the war its efforts to determine the employment status of eighty-two Japanese-Americans fighting dismissal from State Governmental jobs they held prior to removal to wartime relocation centers.

The board voted four to one to continue the cases indefinitely in line with a stipulation entered by attorneys for the Japanese. This stipulation agreed the Japanese would waive all salary rights "as of November 30, 1943" until the time a hearing may be held after the war.

DECLARED FAIR.

Deputy Attorney General Wilmer Morse informed the board he regarded the stipulation as the "only fair proposition available and one necessary to protect the State's financial interests."

Board member Archibald Tinning of Martinez moved to accept the stipulation and to seek until January 28 next year to locate five additional Japanese who are fighting dismissal, but who have not entered the stipulation nor otherwise acted to protect their jobs. The board sustained dismissal of three additional Japanese who were discharged by their department heads while still serving probationary periods.

DISMISSAL URGED.

Declaring "I don't think we owe these Japanese any rights at all," board member Arthur Brown of San Bernardino offered

a motion to summon the defendants to appear immediately before the board, with summary dismissal as the penalty for failure to appear. The motion died for lack of a second. Brown opposed Tinning's motion.

Morse said salaries of the Japanese involved would aggregate approximately \$10,000 monthly. He explained, however, that a 1943 legislative act prescribes that the money they earn in relocation centers may be deducted from accrued State salaries, in addition to deductions of amounts spent by the Federal Government for their maintenance.

J.F. Exam.

Jap Location Plan Balked

Iowa Citizens Protest on Resettlement Project

OMAHA, Dec. 29.—(AP)—War Relocation Officer Walter N. Parmeter said today he has decided not to recommend settlement of three Japanese-American families from California on a 612 acre tract south of Hamburg, Ia., because of the opposition of the residents in the vicinity.

"It is unfortunate that the residents of Hamburg and the vicinity did not accept this project because it is a war program and it is part of every one's duty to help this relocation program," Parmeter said.

Parmeter declared that the Japanese-Americans "are American citizens and should have every right as citizens."

A citizens committee from Hamburg protested.

J.F. Exam

Dec. 29

Spain Probe O.K.'s Jap Camps

Its ingenious new constr

HASTI

FROM

CALIFORNIA

WITH THE

Whites, solid colors, multi-
bold or harmonizing stripes

SHIRTS

ARROW

WITH



SF. Examiner

Dec. 29

Spain Probe O.K.'s Jap Camps

Neutral Report Upon Internees Sent Tokio

Assurance that Japanese interned in the United States are being given civilized treatment is now en route to the Imperial Government in Tokio, The Examiner learned last night.

The official report, it was learned, is being cleared through the Spanish Embassy in Washington, D. C., and is based on an investigation of Japanese relocation centers in this country.

The investigation, extending over a period of several months, was under the direction of representatives of the Spanish Government, acting in behalf and at the request of the Japanese Government.

TULE LAKE REPORT.

Included in the investigation was the once-turbulent segregation center at Tule Lake, where 16,000 disloyal Japanese rioted on November 1. Three days later, at the request of the War Relocation Authority (WRA) officials there, the Army moved in and took control. The Army has been in control since that time.

The report to the Japanese Government, The Examiner learned, declares in clear, precise terms that the Japanese at Tule Lake and four other relocation centers for Japanese are receiving a generous sufficiency of food; that sanitation facilities, including light and recreation, are "excellent"; that, in effect, all five camps are characterized by "favorable" conditions.

FAVORABLE TREATMENT.

The report further points out that the Army has been giving the same "favorable" treatment to the Japanese at Tule Lake which the Japanese received from the WRA, with the qualification that the Army is not "tougher," but is "firmer" than was the WRA.

The Army, the report declares, has the threat of tanks and machine guns whereas the WRA attempted to accomplish the same purpose with unarmed internal security officers.

In the same manner that the Switzerland Government acts for the United States in Japan, the Spanish Government's representatives in this country made the



By Quincy Lee

Dec. 29

Tonight, however, he spoke out against "armchair statesmen" who would condemn the entire Japanese nation permanently.

Spain's Report on Internees Being Sent to Tokio

(Continued from Page One)

investigation for Japan—with the full co-operation of the Army and officials of the WRA.

PROBE REQUESTED.

At the height of the Tule Lake disorders, Radio Tokio announced that it had requested the Spanish Government to make a full and complete report of the situation there.

While the investigation was in progress, Japan reportedly notified the United States that it would not permit the repatriation of any more American nationals of the Far East until the Spanish authorities completed their inquiry.

That move by Japan, it was reported at the time, brought to a virtual standstill the negotiations which were under way for a further exchange of nationals between the two countries.

Possibility also was seen, at the time, that Japanese nationals who recently returned home in the last exchange may have made exaggerated or false statements concerning conditions in the American detention camps.

EXCELLENT FACILITIES.

The Spanish Government's report to Tokio, at the completion of its investigation, points out in detail the excellent housing facilities of the Japanese in the various detention camps, and stresses "favorably" the food and sanitary conditions.

It was these same conditions which the disloyal Japanese at Tule Lake Center had protested, climaxing their protests with several outbursts of rioting. Meanwhile, a State senate investigating committee, meeting on the scene, brought out testimony which disclosed that the Japanese actually had been "coddled" under the WRA.

It was expected the official report to Tokio might stimulate a resumption of plans for renewed negotiations pointing toward future exchanges of nationals in the United States and Japan.

Dec. 30

Post-War Jap Pay Hearings Set

SACRAMENTO, Dec. 30.—(P)—Hearings will be held after the war on the cases of 82 Japanese formerly employed by the State of California and who, though living in war relocation camps, want their State salaries paid from May 1 to November 30 of this year and their civil service rights preserved.

This was decided by a 4-1 vote of the State Personnel Board, the dissenter being Arthur H. Brown, of San Bernardino, who said: "I don't think we owe them any rights at all." He made a motion to order immediate hearings and, if the Japanese could not appear, dismiss them from State service. The motion was lost for want of a second.

If the post war hearings decide that the salaries from May 1 to November 30 should be paid, earnings and maintenance of the Japanese in the camps during that period would be deducted.

Archibald Tinning, Martinez board member, moved for the post-war hearings and was seconded by Ford Chatters, of Tulare County.

Tinning also argued that five Japanese employees who were not represented by counsel at previous hearings were entitled to another opportunity of presentation instead of summary dismissal, as asked by Wilmer Morse, deputy State attorney general.

The board granted Tinning's motion, upon provision that the five have until January 28 to notify the board they want their cases considered.

J.F. Chronicle

Dec. 31

Disloyal Japs Drive Target

Organization Formed in
L. A. to Oust Group

LOS ANGELES, Dec. 31.—(INS)—Articles of incorporation of the American Foundation for Expulsion of Japanese, an organization aimed at those of that race who have admitted their disloyalty for the United States, were filed today with the Los Angeles county clerk.

Marshall Johnson, president of the organization, and John C. Porter, former Los Angeles mayor, vice president, announced that headquarters for the foundation will be opened next week.

"We do not intend to breed race hatred, nor demand the exclusion of Japanese-Americans whose loyalty is unquestioned," explained Johnson when the articles were filed. "Our purpose is to build up sentiment to oust from this country the treacherous members of a race which has stabbed us in the back."

J.F. Examine

Anti-Japs

Form Group for Ouster
Of Disloyal Nips

Articles of incorporation of the American Foundation for the Expulsion of Japanese, an organization aimed at those of that race who have admitted their disloyalty for the United States, were filed today with the county clerk.

Marshall Johnson, president of the organization, and John C. Porter, former Los Angeles mayor, vice president, announced that headquarters for the foundation will be opened next week at 221 H. W. Hellman Building, Fourth and Spring streets.

"We do not intend to breed race hatred, nor demand the exclusion of Japanese-Americans whose loyalty is unquestioned," explained Johnson when the articles were filed. "Our purpose is to build up sentiment to oust from this country the treacherous members of a race which has stabbed us in the back."

J.F. Chronicle

Dec. 31

REPATRIATION TO CONTINUE

Spain Denies Japs Asked Probe
Of Tule Lake Camp

By RAY RICHARDS

S. F. Examiner Washington Bureau.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30.—

A high official of the Spanish Embassy, which represents Japanese rights in the United States, said today that no obstacle whatsoever has arisen at any time to interfere with another exchange of civilian prisoners with Japan at the scheduled period, next August.

The statement, coupled with explanatory comment from the State Department, blew away completely the claim of the War Relocation Authority that investigations and publicity attending the November outbreak of disloyal Japanese in the Tule Lake segregation camp in California has halted indefinitely all negotiations for the next prisoner exchange.

ROUTINE REPORT.

Negotiations have proceeded uninterrupted despite any public misconception, the State Department said, and the Spanish Embassy spokesman declared that Japan has not even asked a report on the Tule Lake riots.

The Embassy, said the spokesman, recently has forwarded to Madrid a routine report, one of a number made at regular intervals, and not occasioned in any degree by the Tule Lake affair, saying that conditions in all United States camps for Japanese are "exceptionally good."

At the same time the Embassy and the State Department were clarifying public confusion regarding the prospects of a prisoner exchange in the normal course of events, the Dies House Committee on un-American Activities revealed the newest peccadillo of the War Relocation Authority (WRA) in the handling of the dangerous Japanese resident situation.

GLORIFYING JAPS.

The WRA, according to translations obtained by the Dies committee, is spending the public's money to permit Japanese evacuees in Ohio to publish writings in the Japanese language, boldly attempting to glorify the Japanese race.

The proof was drawn from the Japanese language section of the same issue of the WRA's "Midwest Frontiers" which, in English, advises the West coast Japanese to enter the Middle West and teach American farmers to bathe more frequently.

"Midwest Frontiers," Japanese language section included, is intended for circulation in all the WRA centers for the evacuated west coast Japanese, despite the pro-Japan propaganda history of the Japanese sections of vernacular newspapers in peace time, and warnings by experts that the Japanese language itself idiomatically to the transmission of hidden meanings.

REFUSAL DENIED.

The original impression created by the WRA and its New Deal defenders was that Japan had refused to proceed further with the next prisoner exchange pending a complete and special report on the Tule Lake uprising from the Spanish Embassy.

Today's statements made it plain that Japan has not attempted to make the Tule Lake uprising an excuse for retarding the return of American civilians held prisoner in the Far East.

"We had no occasion to make a special inquiry into the Tule Lake incident because none was asked," the Spanish Embassy spokesman said.

3RD LEAD GRIPSHOLM (BELLAIRE)

JERSEY CITY, N.J., DEC. 1--(UP)--THE UNITED STATES MUST MAINTAIN

1ST LEAD TULE LAKE (ROBERTS)

WASHINGTON, DEC. 1--(UP)--THREE CONGRESSMEN CLASHED HEATEDLY AT
A DIES SUBCOMMITTEE HEARING TODAY ON THE ISSUE

3RD LEAD GRIPSHOLM (BELLAIRE)

JERSEY CITY, N.J., DEC. 1---(UP)---THE UNITED STATES MUST MAINTAIN PERPETUALLY ARMED FORCES SO STRONG THAT JAPAN NEVER WILL BE ABLE TO REPEAT PEARL HARBOR, CLAUDE A. BUSS, 39, OF SUNBURY, PA., EXECUTIVE ASSISTANT TO THE U.S. HIGH COMMISSIONER TO THE PHILIPPINES, WHO ARRIVED TODAY ABOARD THE EXCHANGE LINER GRIPSHOLM, BELIEVES.

"I DON'T BELIEVE WE WILL EVER HAVE PEACE," BUSS SAID IN A SHIPBOARD INTERVIEW WITH BERNARD COVIT, UNITED PRESS STAFF CORRESPONDENT, WHO WAS AMONG THE REPATRIATES. "I HATE THE JAPANESE AND ALWAYS WILL. OUR ARMED FORCES MUST BE ALWAYS KEPT SO STRONG THAT THEY WILL NEVER BE ABLE TO ATTACK US AGAIN."

BUSS WAS AMONG THE 1,500 AMERICAN AND CANADIAN CITIZENS WHO ARRIVED TODAY ON THE BIG LINER, SINGING "GOD BLESS AMERICA" AS IT PASSED THE STATUE OF LIBERTY IN NEW YORK HARBOR.

FBI AGENTS REMOVED AN UNDISCLOSED NUMBER OF PASSENGERS FROM THE SHIP AND TOOK THEM TO ELLIS ISLAND, WHERE THEY WILL REMAIN UNTIL THEIR STATUS HAS BEEN CLEARED.

BUSS SAID, HOWEVER, THAT "WE WILL HAVE TO LEARN TO GET ALONG WITH JAPAN AND THEY WITH US.

"WE SHOULD NOT DOMINATE THEM, BECAUSE THEY WILL TRY TO COME FORWARD AGAIN," HE SAID. "NOBODY LIKES TO BE SUPPRESSED. WE MUST COME TO SOME FRIENDLY BASIS WITH THEM AND ALLOW THEM TO KEEP THEIR EMPEROR, WHO IS THE BASIS OF THEIR NATIONAL LIFE AND RELIGION.

"NO OTHER FORM OF GOVERNMENT WOULD BE ACCEPTABLE TO THEM."

PASSENGERS, WITHIN AN HOUR AND 20 MINUTES AFTER THE LINER HAD DOCKED, WERE BEGINNING TO LEAVE THE SHIP AND THE NAVY ESTIMATED THEY WOULD BE CLEARED AT THE RATE OF 100 PERSONS PER HOUR. LIEUT. JAMES KAHN, OF NAVY PUBLIC RELATIONS, WHO BOARDED THE SHIP AT QUARANTINE LAST NIGHT AND RODE WITH IT TO ITS PIER, TOLD OF THE SPONTANEOUS GATHERING ON THE AFT PROMENADE DECK AS THE STATUE OF LIBERTY LOOMED OUT OF THE MURKY-FOG-BOUND HARBOR.

3RD LEAD GRIPSHOLM (BELLAIRE)

JERSEY CITY, N.J., DEC. 1--(UP)--THE UNITED STATES MUST MAINTAIN

1ST LEAD TULE LAKE (ROBERTS)

WASHINGTON, DEC. 1--(UP)--THREE CONGRESSMEN CLASHED HEATEDLY AT A DIES SUBCOMMITTEE HEARING TODAY ON THE ISSUE OF "CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS" OF JAPANESE INTERNEES VS. "SECURITY OF THE NATION."

IN THE MIDST OF THE ARGUMENT, REP. J. PARNELL THOMAS, R., N.J., TOSSED IN THE ASSERTION THAT THE WAR RELOCATION AUTHORITY "IS A JOKE AND A RACKET" AND THAT "THE SOONER WE GET RID OF DIRECTOR DILON MYER THE BETTER."

THE FLAREUP OCCURRED WHILE REP. HERMAN EBERHARTER, D., PA., MEMBER OF THE SUBCOMMITTEE, WAS CROSS-EXAMINING A WITNESS, REP. CLAIR ENGLE, D., CALIF., IN WHOSE DISTRICT ARE SITUATED TWO WRA CAMPS WHERE RIOTS HAVE OCCURRED--TULE LAKE AND MANZANAR. THE COMMITTEE IS INVESTIGATING THE DISORDERS.

"ISN'T IT TRUE THAT THE PEOPLE OF CALIFORNIA DISLIKE THE JAPANESE, AND THAT THIS DISLIKE AMOUNTS TO A PREJUDICE?" EBERHARTER ASKED.

BEFORE ENGLE COULD REPLY, EBERHARTER'S COMMITTEE COLLEAGUE, THOMAS, CUT IN WITH:

"DOESN'T THE GENTLEMAN FEEL THE PEOPLE OF THE ENTIRE NATION DISLIKE THE JAPANESE? I TRUST THE GENTLEMAN IS NOT DEFENDING THE JAPANESE."

3RD LEAD GRIPSHOLM (BELLAIRE)

JERSEY CITY, N.J., DEC. 1--(UP)--THE UNITED STATES MUST MAINTAIN

ADD 1ST LEAD TULE LAKE WASHN (ROBERTS) XXX JAPANESE."

ENGLE ACKNOWLEDGED THAT CALIFORNIANS "DISLIKE AND ARE SUSPICIOUS OF JAPANESE, AND WITH GOOD REASON."

"BUT DON'T YOU THINK THE CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS OF THESE PEOPLE -- MANY OF WHOM ARE AMERICAN CITIZENS -- ARE INVOLVED?" EBERHARTER ASKED.

"AND DON'T YOU THINK THE SECURITY OF THE NATION IS ALSO INVOLVED?" THOMAS SNAPPED.

ENGLE SAID HIS CONSTITUENTS QUESTIONED THE ADVISABILITY OF LOCATING A WRA CAMP AT TULE LAKE BECAUSE OF ITS PROXIMITY TO WAR INDUSTRIES AND A KEY NORTH-SOUTH RAILROAD "WHICH IS PARTICULARLY VULNERABLE TO SABOTAGE."

EBERHARTER INSISTED THAT JAPS WERE NOT PERMITTED OUT OF THE CAMP WITHOUT MILITARY AUTHORIZATION.

"I DON'T KNOW HOW THEY GET OUT," ENGLE RETORTED, "BUT THEY GET OUT. PEACE OFFICERS HAVE TOLD ME INTERNEES HAVE BEEN SEEN REPEATEDLY AS FAR AS SEVEN OR EIGHT MILES FROM CAMP."

SUBCOMMITTEE CHAIRMAN JOHN M. COSTELLO, D., CALIF., SAID THERE WAS EVIDENCE THAT THE JAPANESE GOVERNMENT MAY HAVE "INSPIRED" THE TULE LAKE RIOTS AND TOUCHED THEM OFF WITH SHORTWAVE MESSAGES FROM TOKYO "TO MAKE THE AMERICAN GOVERNMENT LOOK BAD."

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(PICKUP AT 3RD PGH: HE SAID)

AP SPECIAL ADVANCE FOR AMS OF FRIDAY, DEC. 3

---WITH THE AEF---

JAPANESE-AMERICAN SOLDIER (650)

BY KENNETH L. DIXON

B7C

AP REGIONAL SERVICE

WASHINGTON, DEC. 1-(AP)-REP. THOMAS (R-MJ) SUGGESTED

AP SPECIAL ADVANCE FOR AMS OF FRIDAY, DEC.3

---WITH THE AEF---

JAPANESE-AMERICAN SOLDIER (650)

BY KENNETH L. DIXON

(ADVANCE) WITH THE AEF IN ITALY, NOV.24-(DELAYED)-(AP)-NOW FILLING A GAP IN THE AMERICAN LINES BECAUSE OF A FUNNY MILITARY FLUKE IS AN OUTFIT OF MEN WHO LOOK AS THOUGH THEY SHOULD BE ON THE OTHER SIDE OF THE WORLD AND THE OTHER SIDE OF THE FRONT.

THEY HAIL FROM HAWAII AND THEY'RE OF JAPANESE DESCENT, BUT THEY CALL THEMSELVES HAWAIIANS, OR JUST PLAIN AMERICANS, AND ACROSS THE COLD MUD AND ROCKS AND HILLS OF THIS BLEAK ITALIAN FRONT THE DOUGHBOYS WILL TELL YOU THAT THEY'VE EARNED THE RIGHT TO CALL THEMSELVES ANYTHING THEY DAMN WELL PLEASE."

"THEY'RE GREEN, BUT THEY'RE GAME AND GOOD FIGHTERS," SAY THE VETERANS OF THEIR INFANTRY REGIMENT.

"THEY'RE GOOD SOLDIERS ALL," SAID THEIR COMMANDING OFFICER, MAJOR JAMES GILLESPIE OF DESMOINES, IOWA.

THEY FIRST CAME IN TO REPLACE A ROUGH TOUGH BATTALION WHICH WAS REMOVED FROM THE DIVISION BEFORE THE NORTH AFRICAN INVASION.

THE DIVISION, SO THE BOYS SAY, FOUGHT THROUGH THE NORTH AFRICAN CAMPAIGN MINUS ONE BATTALION, AND IT WAS TO FILL THIS GAP THAT THE BOYS OF JAPANESE DESCENT JOINED THEM.

THEY BROUGHT THEIR OWN REPLACEMENTS AND CLOTHES AND EQUIPMENT, FOR THEY ARE SHORT OF BODY AND LEG AND LONG OF ARM AND THE ORDINARY GI OUTFIT WOULD FIT THEM LIKE A SADDLE ON A COW.

THEY MOVED INTO THE LINES WHILE THE DOUGHBOYS LOOKED AT THEM AND RESERVED JUDGEMENT. WHEN THEY WERE AT THE FRONT UNDER CONSTANT FIRE DAY IN AND DAY OUT, BATTLING MUD AND RAIN AND TERRIFIC TERRAIN.

"IT WAS TOUGH GOING," ADMITS PRIVATE MASKICHI GUSHI BUINENE OF MAUI, HAWAII, WHICH AS A MASTERPIECE OF UNDERSTATEMENT WILL DO UNTIL SOMETHING BETTER COMES ALONG. THEY CAME FACE TO FACE WITH JERRY AND ALL THAT HE COULD THROW AT THEM.

"I'VE WORKED WITH THEM A LONG TIME AT THE FRONT SINCE THEN AND NO BAD FEELING HAS EVER COME UP," SAID PFC. JOHN M. MASEKI OF HONOLULU. HE IS VERY PROUD OF THE WAY THEY HAVE BEEN ACCEPTED BY THE OTHER OUTFIT. BUT THE GERMANS STILL DON'T GET IT.

THE JERRY PRISONERS WERE PRETTY SURPRISED WHEN THEY SAW US, AND THEY COULDN'T UNDERSTAND IT," SAYS PRIVATE BUINENE "THEY LOOKED AT US AS IF WE WERE TRAITORS. BUT WE TOLD THEM WE WERE GOOD AMERICANS."

NEXT TO THE ACTUAL FIGHTING, THE WEATHER IS THE BIGGEST WORRY OF THOSE BROWN SKINNED BOYS FROM A WARMER, SUNNIER CLIME. PVT. GEORGE YASSO OF HONOLULU SAID HE EXPECTED THE FRONT "TO BE MUCH WORSE THAN IT IS," BUT WITH THE WEATHER IT'S A DIFFERENT STORY.

"WE ARE FIGHTING THE WEATHER MUCH MORE THAN WE ARE FIGHTING THE GERMANS AT PRESENT," HE SAYS, LOOKING RUEFULLY DOWN AT HIS MUDDY CLOTHES AND THE MIRE IN WHICH HE STANDS. "AND OLD MAN WEATHER CAN BE A TOUGH OPPONENT, BUT WE'LL LOCK HIM LIKE WE'RE GOING TO LICK JERRY."

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TO WHICH PFC BILL NAGASHIMA OF PAIA, MAUI, A GRINNING LITTLE GUY WITH AN IMPISH GLEAM IN HIS EYE ASKS:

"YES, BUT IT WOULD BE BETTER IF I WAS USED TO THE COLD. EVERY DAY I WONDER WHO THOUGHT OF THAT GAG 'SUNNY ITALY'. ALSO I'D LIKE TO KNOW WHO THOUGHT UP THE ONE ABOUT THE GERMAN 'SUPERMAN', WE HAVEN'T FOUND IT THAT WAY." THE GLEAM GETS MORE IMPISH AS HE CONCLUDES:

"SURE, I LIKE THE FRONT ALRIGHT--BUT I'D RATHER BE HOME FOR CHRISTMAS."

WHAT ABOUT FIGHTING THE JAPANESE ON THE OTHER SIDE OF THE WORLD? PFC MASEKI ANSWERED THAT ONE INDIRECTLY.

"THE UNIT WE'RE ATTACHED TO IS THE BEST OUTFIT IN THE ARMY. I THINK I SPEAK FOR THE REST OF OUR JAPANESE (THIS TIME HE EMPHASISES THE USUALLY UNPOPULAR NAME) OUTFIT WHEN I SAY WE'D GO ANYWHERE WITH THEM."

BUT THAT'S A BRIDGE TO BE CROSSED AFTER THE GERMANS HAVE BEEN LICKED.

SGT. CONRAD S. TSUKAYAMA OF LANIKAI, OAHU, HOPES IT WON'T BE TOO LONG. HE THINKS THE SECTION HE LEADS IS "AS CALM A BUNCH OF FIGHTING MEN AS WE'LL EVER ROUND UP WITH. RARE SPIRIT AND COURAGE AND WITH THE COOPERATION OF THE FINE UNIT WITH US WE'LL TAKE THE GERMANS SOONER OR LATER."

"JERRIES CAN'T WHIP US YANKS," SAYS SGT. TSUKAYAMA.

--(END AP SPECIAL ADVANCE FOR AMS OF FRIDAY, DEC.3, SENT DEC.1)--

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AP SPECIAL ADVANCE FOR AMS OF FRIDAY, DEC. 3

---WITH THE AEF---

JAPANESE-AMERICAN SOLDIER (650)

BY KENNETH L. DIXON

B7C

AP REGIONAL SERVICE

WASHINGTON, DEC. 1-(AP)-REP. THOMAS (R-MJ) SUGGESTED TODAY THAT DILLON S. MYER BE RELEASED FROM HIS POSITION AS WAR RELOCATION DIRECTOR.

HE VOICED HIS VIEW AT A DIES SUBCOMMITTEE HEARING INTO RECENT DISTURBANCES AT THE TULELAKE, CALIF., JAPANESE CENTER. OTHER SUBCOMMITTEE MEMBERS DIFFERED SHARPLY ON CONSTITUTIONALITY OF JAPANESE RELOCATION CAMPS ON THE BASIS OF DENIAL OF FREEDOM OF MOVEMENT TO AMERICAN CITIZENS IN SUCH CENTERS.

CITING THE RECENT HABEAS CORPUS CONTROVERSY IN HAWAII IN WHICH TWO GERMANS HELD INCOMMUNICADO BY THE ARMY WERE LATER RELEASED ON THE MAINLAND, REP. EBERHARTER (D-PA) SAID HE FEARED ANY MOVEMENT WHICH MIGHT PRECIPITATE SUCH A CASE ON THE MAINLAND WOULD INCREASE THE DANGER TO THIS COUNTRY'S INTERNAL SECURITY. SOME TEST CASES, EBERHARTER SAID, COULD BE BROUGHT WHICH MIGHT RESULT IN JAPANESE BEING RELEASED.

OTHER MEMBERS EXPRESSED THE BELIEF RELOCATION CAMPS HAD BEEN ESTABLISHED UNDER THE SPECIAL WAR POWERS OF THE PRESIDENT AND THUS WERE CONSTITUTIONAL.

THOMAS SAID HE WAS "AMAZED" THAT EBERHARTER SHOULD "DEFEND" THE JAPANESE TO WHICH THE PENNSYLVANIAN REPLIED:

"I AM CERTAINLY NOT DEFENDING THE IMPERIAL JAPANESE GOVERNMENT. MY FIRST INTEREST IS IN THE INTERNAL SECURITY OF THIS COUNTRY. WE SHOULD GO SLOWLY IN ADOPTING EMOTIONAL OR IRRATIONAL METHODS IN HANDLING A DELICATE PROBLEM."

SAID THOMAS:

"THERE HAS BEEN ONE INVESTIGATION AFTER ANOTHER X X X WE WANT TO GET RID OF THIS FELLOW DILLON MYER JUST AS QUICKLY AS WE POSSIBLY CAN. I THINK THE WHOLE THING IS JUST A JOKE AND A RACKET."

THE DIFFERENCES AMONG SUBCOMMITTEE MEMBERS DEVELOPED DURING CROSS QUESTIONING BY EBERHARTER OF REP. ENGLE (D-CALIF) CONCERNING HIS PERSONAL INVESTIGATION OF THE TULELAKE CENTER, LOCATED IN HIS CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

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LOS ANGELES, DEC. 6--(AP)--THE LOS ANGELES TIMES POLLED ITS

NO. 320

WAS LITIGATED IN THE COURT OF THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES, CALIF.

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LOS ANGELES, DEC. 6.--(UP)--BY A 14 TO 1 RATIO, SOUTHERN

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SACRAMENTO, DEC. 7--(UP)--ASSEMBLYMAN CHESTER GANNON, HEAD OF AN

ES13LA

LOS ANGELES, DEC 6-(AP)-THE LOS ANGELES TIMES POLLED ITS READERS ON THE QUESTION: DO YOU THINK THE WAR RELOCATION AUTHORITY HAS CAPABLY HANDLED THE PROBLEM OF JAPANESE IN THE UNITED STATES? THE ANSWERS:

YES, 639; NO, 10,773.

THIS AND OTHER QUESTIONS ON JAPANESE PROBLEMS WERE PUBLISHED ON THE PAPER'S EDITORIAL PAGE NOV. 22. TOTALS FOR REPLIES BY 11,621 READERS WERE PRINTED TODAY, THE MAJORITY FAVORING MORE STRINGENT CONTROL OF JAPANESE IN THIS COUNTRY AND URGING THEIR PERMANENT EXCLUSION FROM PACIFIC COAST STATES.

OTHER QUESTIONS:

DO YOU FAVOR ARMY CONTROL OF JAPANESE IN THIS COUNTRY FOR THE DURATION? YES, 11,203; NO, 372.

DO YOU APPROVE OF THE POLICY OF FREEING AVOWEDLY LOYAL JAPANESE TO TAKE JOBS IN THE MIDWEST? YES, 1,139; NO, 9,750.

WOULD YOU FAVOR "TRADING" JAPANESE NOW HERE FOR AMERICAN WAR PRISONERS HELD IN JAPAN, IF IT COULD BE ARRANGED? YES, 11,249; NO, 256.

DO YOU FAVOR A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AFTER THE WAR FOR THE DEPORTATION OF ALL JAPANESE FROM THIS COUNTRY, AND FORBIDDING FURTHER IMMIGRATION? YES, 10,598; NO, 732.

WOULD YOU EXCEPT AMERICAN-BORN JAPANESE IF SUCH A PLAN AS THE ABOVE WERE ADOPTED? YES, 1,883; NO, 9,018.

WOULD YOU PERMANENTLY EXCLUDE ALL JAPANESE FROM THE PACIFIC COAST STATES, INCLUDING CALIFORNIA? YES, 9,855; NO, 999.

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LOS ANGELES, DEC. 6--(AP)--THE LOS ANGELES TIMES POLLED ITS

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LOS ANGELES, DEC. 6.--(UP)--BY A 14 TO 1 RATIO, SOUTHERN CALIFORNIANS IN A POLL CONDUCTED BY THE LOS ANGELES TIMES, TODAY FAVORED DEPORTATION OF ALL JAPANESE FROM THE UNITED STATES AND A BAN UPON FURTHER NIPPONESE IMMIGRATION.

BY APPROXIMATELY THE SAME MARGIN, THE NEWSPAPER'S READERS BLAMED THE WAR RELOCATION AUTHORITY FOR MISHANDLING THE JAPANESE PROBLEM IN THIS COUNTRY. AN EVEN GREATER NUMBER--11,203 OUT OF 11,575--FAVORED ARMY CONTROL OF JAPANESE IN THE UNITED STATES FOR THE DURATION.

THERE WAS PRACTICALLY NO OPPOSITION TO THE PROPOSAL OF "TRADING" JAPANESE IN THIS COUNTRY FOR AMERICAN WAR PRISONERS HELD IN JAPAN IF IT COULD BE ARRANGED.

BY PROPORTIONATELY THE SAME MARGIN, THE TIMES' VOTERS DISAPPROVED FREEING AVOWEDLY LOYAL JAPANESE TO TAKE JOBS IN THE MIDWEST, BUT APPROVED PERMANENTLY EXCLUDING ALL JAPANESE FROM THE PACIFIC COAST STATES.

ACCOMPANYING THE TABULATION OF VOTES WERE SEVERAL LETTERS PRINTED ON THE EDITORIAL PAGE, THE MAJORITY OF WHICH WERE BITTER IN THEIR OPPOSITION TO THE JAPANESE, WHETHER ALIENS OR AMERICAN-BORN.

THE TIMES EXPLAINED THE POLL WAS TAKEN SOON AFTER THE TULE LAKE DISTURBANCES TO GAUGE PUBLIC FEELING IN SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA TOWARD THE JAPANESE PROBLEM.

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LOS ANGELES, DEC. 6-(AP)--THE LOS ANGELES TIMES POLLED ITS

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LOS ANGELES, DEC. 6.--(UP)--BY A 14 TO 1 RATIO, SOUTHERN

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SACRAMENTO, DEC. 7--(UP)--ASSEMBLYMAN CHESTER GANNON, HEAD OF AN ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE ON JAPANESE PROBLEMS, TODAY ANNOUNCED THE COMMITTEE WILL OPEN HEARINGS IN LOS ANGELES TOMORROW CONCERNING TWO GROUPS HE SAYS HAVE ATTACKED THE AMERICAN LEGION, THE NATIVE SONS OF THE GOLDEN WEST AND THE EAGLES LODGE.

THE ORGANIZATIONS TO BE STUDIED, GANNON SAID, ARE THE FELLOWSHIP OF RECONCILIATION, WITH HEADQUARTERS IN NEW YORK, AND THE PACIFIC COAST COMMITTEE ON AMERICAN PRINCIPLES AND FAIR PLAY.

ROBERT GORDON SPROUL, PRESIDENT OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, AND DR. RAY LYMAN WILBUR, FORMER PRESIDENT OF STANFORD UNIVERSITY, ARE LISTED AS HONORARY MEMBERS OF THE ADVISORY COMMITTEE OF THE LATTER ORGANIZATION, GANNON SAID.

HE DECLARED HIS COMMITTEE WANTED TO FIND "WHETHER THESE PROMINENT CITIZENS ARE ACQUAINTED WITH THE CHARACTER OF THE LITERATURE WHICH THE ORGANIZATION IS CIRCULATING."

WASHINGTON, DEC. 6--(UP)--DIRECTOR DILLON S. MYER OF THE WAR

LOS ANGELES, DEC. 7--(UP)--SEEKING A POSSIBLE TIE-UP BETWEEN RETAIL LIQUOR SALES IN TULE LAKE AND RECENT DISTURBANCES IN THE JAPANESE RELOCATION CAMP THERE, OPA OFFICIALS TODAY CHECKED SALES IN THE CAMP TOWN AND RETAINED IN A HOLLYWOOD WAREHOUSE 450 CASES OF BLENDED WHISKEY, ORIGINALLY ORDERED BY A TULE LAKE CAFE.

"WE WANT TO KNOW HOW MUCH LIQUOR HAS BEEN SOLD UP THERE AND WHO IS BUYING IT," JEWELL SAID. "WE UNDERSTAND 15 BARRELS OF WHISKEY WERE DELIVERED TO ONE CAFE SIX MONTHS AGO."

AUGUST TURNER, OWNER OF THE TULE LAKE HOMESTEAD CAFE, SAID HE SOLD 15 BARRELS OF LIQUOR TO ALFRED HART, DISTILLERY HEAD, ON CONDITION HE BE ALLOWED TO BUY BACK 450 CASES OF BLEND.

WASHINGTON, DEC. 6--(UP)--DIRECTOR DILLON S. MYER OF THE WAR RELOCATION AUTHORITY TOLD A DIES SUBCOMMITTEE TODAY THAT A MAJOR PROBLEM IN GETTING JAPANESE-AMERICAN INTERNEES TO TAKE JOBS IN THE MIDDLE WEST IS--"BELIEVE IT OR NOT--A SHORTAGE OF BATHING FACILITIES IN SOME PLACES."

MYER, REFERRING TO AN APPEAL BY A WRA PUBLICATION TO JAPANESE-AMERICANS TO BECOME MISSIONARIES OF SANITATION IN THE MIDDLE WEST, SAID THE AUTHOR OF THE ARTICLE HAD BEEN "SOMEWHAT INDISCREET." BUT HE ADDED THAT HE DID NOT THINK IT HAD CAUSED SERIOUS TROUBLE.

"THE JAPANESE-AMERICAN EVACUEES ARE DAILY BATHERS AND INSIST ON A BATH EVERY DAY, ALTHOUGH IT MAY NOT BE THE TYPE OF BATH TO WHICH YOU AND I ARE ACCUSTOMED," MYER TOLD THE COMMITTEE.

"ONE PROBLEM IN BRINGING THEM TO THE MIDDLE WEST IS--BELIEVE IT OR NOT--THAT THERE ARE NO BATHING FACILITIES IN SOME PLACES."

REFERRING TO THE ARTICLE IN THE "MID-WEST FRONTIER," WRA PUBLICATION, WRITTEN BY EVERETT L. DAKAN, COLUMBUS, O., (CORRECT), MYER SAID "DAKAN WAS TRYING TO IMPRESS THE EVACUEES WITH THE WRA PROGRAM IN OHIO."

"SUCH PUBLICATIONS ARE REVIEWED BY MY OFFICE BEFORE BEING SENT OUT," MYER SAID, "BUT FOR SOME REASON THIS ONE WENT OUT WITHOUT HAVING BEEN CHECKED.

"I WOULD NOT HAVE ALLOWED THIS ARTICLE TO APPEAR WITH A FEW OF THE SENTENCES IN IT.

"I DON'T THINK, HOWEVER, THAT THIS IS AS SERIOUS HAS BEEN BROUGHT OUT HERE."

MYER SAID THAT 5,000 COPIES OF MIDWEST FRONTIER WERE CIRCULATED AND THAT SINCE THE ARTICLE WAS BROUGHT TO HIS ATTENTION HE HAS ORDERED THE COPIES RECOVERED AND DESTROYED.

15 BARRELS OF LIQUOR TO ALFRED HART, DISTILLERY HEAD, ON CONDITION HE BE ALLOWED TO BUY BACK 450 CASES OF BLEND.

UNITED PRESS STAFF CORRESPONDENT.

WASHINGTON, DEC. 6.--(UP)--THE WAR RELOCATION AUTHORITY, ALREADY UNDER CRITICISM BECAUSE OF RIOTS AT ITS JAPANESE RELOCATION CAMPS, WAS CAUGHT TODAY IN A BLISTERING NEW CONGRESSIONAL ATTACK FOR PUBLISHING AN APPEAL TO JAPANESE INTERNEES TO GO TO THE MIDWEST AS MISSIONARIES OF SANITATION AND EFFICIENCY AMONG OHIO AND MICHIGAN FARMERS.

REP. JOHN M. COSTELLO, D., CALIF., CHAIRMAN OF A HOUSE COMMITTEE INVESTIGATING RECENT OUTBREAKS AT WAR'S CAMP AT TULE LAKE, CALIF., SAID HE WOULD ASK WRA DIRECTOR DILLON S. MYER FOR A FULL EXPLANATION OF THE ARTICLE AT HEARINGS TODAY. MYER HAS DECLINED COMMENT THUS FAR.

THE NEW WRA CONTROVERSY, WHICH THREW CONGRESS INTO ONE OF THE MOST HEATED CONTROVERSIES IN MONTHS, BEGAN YESTERDAY WHEN THE WASHINGTON TIMES-HERALD REVEALED IN A COPYRIGHTED STORY THAT THE APPEAL TO THE JAPANESE HAD BEEN MADE IN A WRA PUBLICATION CALLED "MIDWEST FRONTIERS." ISSUED BY WRA'S CLEVELAND OFFICE, IT WAS WRITTEN BY EVERETT L. DAKAN, WRA OFFICER IN COLUMBUS, O.

THE ARTICLE PRESUMABLY WAS INTENDED ONLY FOR JAPANESE INTERNEES WHOSE LOYALTY TO THE UNITED STATES HAD BEEN ESTABLISHED RATHER THAN THOSE AT TULE LAKE, MOST OF WHOM ARE PRO-JAPANESE.

SAID THE APPEAL:

"BELIEVE IT OR NOT, SOME FEW TENANTS AND SEASONAL WORKERS DO NOT BATHE! THEY THINK IT IS UNHEALTHY. WE NEED YOU PEOPLE TO CHANGE OUR IDEAS ABOUT THIS. YOU HAVE A LESSON TO TEACH OHIO AND MICHIGAN FARMERS IN SANITATION. IT IS A CONTRIBUTION YOU CAN MAKE TO OUR WAY OF LIVING. . . .

K "WE NEED YOUR RAITHFULNESS TO YOUR TASK, YOUR WILLINGNESS TO W AND YOUR APPRECIATION OF A JOB WELL DONE. THERE ARE A LOT OF WORKERS IN THE MIDDLE WEST, IN OHIO AND MICHIGAN, WHO ARE NOT CAREFUL, PAINSTAKING AND ACCURATE. THIS YOU CAN TEACH THEM. YOU WILL DO MUCH FOR YOUR FELLOWMEN AND MUCH FOR OUR SENSE OF THE ART OF AGRICULTURE AS WELL AS THE SCIENCE."

REACTION AMONG CONGRESSMEN WAS IMMEDIATE AND VIOLENT, NOT ONLY AMONG THE OHIO AND MICHIGAN DELEGATIONS BUT IN THE RANKS OF REPUBLICANS AND DEMOCRATS FROM OTHER PARTS OF THE COUNTRY.

AND WHILE WASHINGTON ECHOED WITH CHARGES THAT WRA WAS SEEKING TO MAKE "THE JAPS APPEAR SUPERIOR TO U. S. CITIZENS," THAT THE ARTICLE WAS A MALICIOUS FABRICATION AND THE RESULT OF "NEW DEAL BLUNDERING," THESE DEVELOPMENTS TOOK PLACE:

1--HARRY WEISS, EDITOR OF "MIDWEST FRONTIERS," DECLARED IN CLEVELAND THAT CRITICISM OF THE ARTICLE WAS "VICIOUS DISTORTION," AND THAT AN ISSUE WAS BEING BUILT AROUND A "COUPLE OF PARAGRAPHS THAT, OUT OF CONTEXT, LAY THEMSELVES OPEN TO WIDE DISTORTION AND WHICH CAN HARDLY BE MISTAKEN FOR ANYTHING AS VICIOUS AS IT HAS BEEN MADE. THE TIMES-HERALD QUOTED WEISS AS SAYING HE "WASN'T AFRAID TO SAY THAT WE CAN LEARN THINGS FROM THE JAPS." THERE WERE REPORTS WEISS HAD BEEN ORDERED TO STOP FURTHER DISTRIBUTION OF THE CONTROVERSIAL ISSUE.

2--DAKAN SAID IN COLUMBUS, O., THAT HIS ARTICLE HAD NOT BEEN INTENDED TO DISPARAGE MIDWESTERN FARMERS; THAT IT WAS MEANT ONLY TO ATTRACT JAPANESE WORKERS TO LABOR SHORTAGE AREAS; THAT IT POINTED TO ONLY A "FEW" TENANT AND SEASONAL WORKERS AS FAILING TO TAKE BATHS; AND THAT IT "SAID A GREAT MANY FAVORABLE THINGS ABOUT MIDWESTERN FARMERS." DAKAN ASSERTED JAPANESE WERE RELUCTANT TO GO WHERE SANITATION FACILITIES WERE LACKING AEAW NTVE HAD POINTED OUT IN THE ARTICLE THAT THEY COULD BUILD OUTHOUSES IN THE MIDWEST JUST AS THEY DO ON THE WEST COAST.

3--INMICHIGAN, FARM LEADERS REACTED IN VARIOUS WAYS. SOME SAID THE ONLY WAY THEY WANTED TO SEE JAPANESE WAS IN "PIECES." OTHERS LAUGHED T OFF. DEAN E. L. ANTHONY OF THE MICHIGAN STATE COLLEGE AGRICULTURAL SCHOOL SAID THE ARTICLE WAS A "SLAP" AT THE MIDWEST. STATE GRANGE MASTER W. G. ARMSTRONG SAID MICHIGAN PREFERRED TO "MUDDLE THROUGH" WITH AVAILABLE LABOR RATHER THAN IMPORT JAPANESE. EDITOR E. E. UNGREN OF THE MICHIGAN FARM NEWS SAID A FEW JAPANESE EMPLOYED IN THE STATE HAD CREATED "QUITE FAVORABLE IMPRESSIONS" BUT THAT GENERALLY THEY WERE NOT WANTED.

BLASTING WRA FOR TRYING TO MAKE THE JAPANESE INTERNEES APPEAR SUPERIOR TO MICHIGAN FARMERS, SEN. HOMER FERGUSON, R., MICH., DECLARED THE PEOPLE OF HIS STATE NEEDED "NO SIMULATION FROM THE JAPANESE MODE OF LIFE."

"WE NEED NO ADVICE FROM THEM," HE SAID. "SANITATION IN MICHIGAN IS GOOD. WE DO NOT NEED THEIR HELP ON THAT OR ANY OTHER QUESTION."

COSTELLO NOTED THAT MYER WAS FROM OHIO AND REMARKED: "HE SHOULD KNOW WHETHER FARMERS OUT THERE TAKE BATHS. I IMAGINE SOME OF THEM DON'T. BUT WHY BRAG ABOUT IT." HE DESCRIBED THE WRA ARTICLE AS SENSELESS AND SAID THE WRITER APPARENTLY LACKED ACCURATE INFORMATION.

"HE PROBABLY NEVER HAS BEEN TO CALIFORNIA AND HE CERTAINLY NEVER SAW HOW THE JAPS PACK FRUITS," COSTELLO SAID. "IF HE HAD, HE WOULD REALIZE THAT INSTEAD OF TEACHING MIDWESTERN FARMERS TO PACK STRAWBERRIES PRETTILY, THEY MIGHT TEACH THEM HOW TO PUT THE BAD ONES ON THE BOTTOM."

SEN. ROBERT A. TAFT, R., O., SAID IT MUST HAVE BEEN A REVELATION TO MIDWESTERN FARMERS TO LEARN THEY WERE NEITHER CLEAN NOR EFFICIENT. HE SAID WHAT AMERICAN FARMERS NEEDED WAS NOT JAPANESE ADVICE "BUT A NEW DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE IN WASHINGTON."

EZRA T. BENSON OF THE NATIONAL COUNCIL OF FARMERS COOPERATIVES MINIMIZED THE AFFAIR AS UNIMPORTANT, BUT ALBERT S. GOSS, MASTER OF THE NATIONAL GRANGE, DENOUNCED THE ARTICLE AS "ANOTHER INDICATION OF GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES SHOOTING OFF THEIR HEADS BEFORE THEY KNOW WHAT THEY ARE TALKING ABOUT."

THE TIMES-HERALD SAID REP. ROY O. WOODRUFF, R., MICH., WOULD ASK THE BYRD JOINT CONGRESSIONAL ECONOMY COMMITTEE TO LOOK INTO THE MATTER TO SEE IF SOMETHING CAN BE DONE "TO STOP THIS WASTE OF THE TAXPAYER'S MONEY."

COLUMBUS, OHIO--1ST ADD JAPS BATHING (A89) XXX OF HOUSES.
IN WASHINGTON, MIDWESTERN CONGRESSMEN DENOUNCED DAKAN'S
SUGGESTION.

"THE STATEMENT IS ASSININE," COMMENTED SENATOR VAN NUYS (D-
IND). "PEOPLE WHO HAVE SPENT YEARS IN JAPAN TELL ME ONE OF THE
PRINCIPAL PHYSICAL WEAKNESSES THERE IS LACK OF SANITATION. WE
DON'T WANT THEM IN INDIANA."

"I THINK ITS MORE IMPORTANT TO PLEASE THE AMERICANS THAN THE
JAPANESE." REPRESENTATIVE FRANCES BOLTON (R-OHIO) SAID. "AS
FAR AS I KNOW, THE PEOPLE OF OHIO HAVE NEVER BEEN ASKED WHETHER
THEY WANT THE ASSISTANCE OF THE INTERNEES."

REPRESENTATIVE CLEVINGER (R-OHIO), CONTENDED THAT THE
ARTICLE'S APPEAL TO THE INTERNEES THAT "WE NEED YOUR FAITHFULNESS
TO YOUR TASK AND YOUR WILLINGNESS TO WORK" IMPLIED THOSE QUALITIES
WERE LACKING IN MIDWESTERN FARMERS.

REPRESENTATIVE WOODRUFF (R-MICH) TERMED THE ARTICLE "AN
INSULT TO EVERY FARMER IN THE UNITED STATES AND OF A CHARACTER TO
NAUSEATE EVERY PERSON IN THE COUNTRY WITH THE POWER TO THINK."

"I WOULD SUGGEST THAT BEFORE HE TOOK STEPS TO BRING THOUSANDS OF
JAPANESE INTO OHIO AND MICHIGAN HE GO OUT AND CONSULT THE PEOPLE
OF THOSE STATES," WOODRUFF ADDED.

"THE FARMERS OF OHIO AND PEOPLE GENERALLY RESENT THE SUGGESTION
MADE BY EVERETT DAKAN," SAID REPRESENTATIVE JENKINS (R-OHIO).

"I NEVER HEARD OF HIM BEFORE, BUT I AM SURE WE CAN RUN OUR BUSINESS
IN OHIO WITHOUT HIM AND WITHOUT THE JAPS."

FIRST LEAD

COLUMBUS, O., DEC. 6-(AAP)-THE WAR RELOCATION AUTHORITY'S AREA SUPERVISOR TODAY STOPPED DISTRIBUTION OF A FOUR-PAGE BULLETIN IN

LA 7A

AP REGIONAL SERVICE

AP REGIONAL SERVICE

WASHINGTON, DEC. 6-(AP)-DILLON MYER, DIRECTOR OF THE WAR RELOCATION AUTHORITY, SAID TODAY THE JAPANESE DETENTION CAMP AT LEUPP, ARIZ., WOULD BE ABANDONED AND THE INMATES TRANSFERRED TO THE TULELAKE, CALIF., RELOCATION CENTER.

HE SAID THE AGENCY HAD FOUND THAT USE OF THE ARIZONA FACILITY NO LONGER WAS NECESSARY AND THAT THERE WAS AMPLE SPACE AT TULELAKE.

FIRST LEAD

COLUMBUS, O., DEC. 6-(AAP)-THE WAR RELOCATION AUTHORITY'S AREA SUPERVISOR TODAY STOPPED DISTRIBUTION OF A FOUR-PAGE BULLETIN IN WHICH JAPANESE-AMERICANS WERE TOLD THEY COULD TEACH OHIO AND MICHIGAN TENANT FARMERS AND SEASONAL WORKERS THE BENEFIT OF BATHING DAILY.

THE ARTICLE, WHICH DREW CRITICISM FROM CONGRESSMEN, WAS WRITTEN BY EVERETT L. DAKAN, COLUMBUS OFFICER FOR THE WRA AND NOW ON LEAVE FROM OHIO STATE UNIVERSITY'S AGRICULTURAL EXTENSION SERVICE. HE DESCRIBED IT ONLY AS A "SALES TALK" TO JAPANESE-AMERICANS HELD IN RELOCATION CENTERS TO GET THEM TO COME TO THE TWO STATES TO HELP SOLVE A FARM LABOR PROBLEM.

HAROLD S. FISTERE, WRA SUPERVISOR AT CLEVELAND, ORDERED DISTRIBUTION STOPPED AND HARRY WEISS, EDITOR OF THE BULLETIN, CALLED "MIDWEST FRONTIER," SAID CRITICISM OF THE ARTICLE WAS "UNFAIR BECAUSE IT LIFTED A FEW SENTENCES FROM A COLUMN AND A HALF OF CONTEXT." WEISS SAID THE BULLETIN WAS MAILED ONLY TO RELOCATION CENTERS IN WHICH WEST COAST JAPANESE WERE HELD.

DAKAN'S ARTICLE SAID:

"YOU WILL DISCOVER THAT "MANY OF OUR HOUSES WERE BUILT IN PIONEER DAYS. THE RURAL ELECTRIFICATION IS MOSTLY A NEW THING. THAT MANY TENANT HOUSES DO NOT HAVE BATH ROOMS BECAUSE THEY WERE BUILT BEFORE BATH ROOMS CAME INTO STYLE. THEY HAVE NOT BEEN REMODELLED BECAUSE THE WAR HAS MADE IT IMPOSSIBLE TO GET MATERIAL. THEN BELIEVE IT OR NOT, YOU HAVE SOME FEW TENANTS AND SEASONAL WORKERS WHO DO NOT BATHE! THEY THINK IT IS UNHEALTHY. WE NEED YOU PEOPLE TO CHANGE OUR IDEAS ABOUT THIS. YOU HAVE A LESSON TO TEACH OHIO AND MICHIGAN FARMERS IN SANITATION. IT IS A CONTRIBUTION YOU CAN MAKE TO OUR WAY OF LIVING."

HOWEVER, DAKAN, ETC., FIFTH GRAPH.

FIRST LEAD

COLUMBUS, O., DEC. 6-(AAP)-THE WAR RELOCATION AUTHORITY'S AREA SUPERVISOR TODAY STOPPED DISTRIBUTION OF A FOUR-PAGE BULLETIN IN

LA 7A

AP REGIONAL SERVICE

FIRST LEAD TULALAKE

WASHINGTON, DEC. 6-(AP)-DIRECTOR DILLON MYER TOLD A DIES INVESTIGATING SUBCOMMITTEE TODAY THAT THE WAR RELOCATION AUTHORITY (WRA) RECOGNIZED A DANGEROUS SITUATION AT THE TULELAKE, CALIF., JAPANESE RELOCATION CENTER PRIOR TO RECENT TROUBLE AND MET IT IN A MANNER JUSTIFIED BY EVENTS.

SAYING THERE WAS NO BASIS FOR CONTENTIONS THAT THERE WAS A LACK OF FIRMFESS IN HANDLING JAPANESE, MYER TESTIFIED WRA OFFICIALS DECIDED AGAINST USING FORCE AND PROBABLY PREVENTED A SERIOUS OUTBREAK THROUGH CONSULTATIONS WITH JAPANESE SPOKESMEN.

THERE WAS, HE SAID, A DANGEROUS SITUATION WHICH COULD HAVE RESULTED IN INJURY AND LOSS OF LIFE. CONTENDING THAT THE AGENCY'S HANDLING OF THE PROBLEM PROVED TO BE SOUND, MYER SAID TROOPS WERE AVAILABLE OUTSIDE THE CAMP IF THE SITUATION GOT OUT OF HAND.

REPRESENATIVE STOCKMAN, ETC., 1ST GRAF PREV. ELIMINATING LAST GRAF "MYER WAS EXPECTED" ETC.

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WASHINGTON, DEC. 8.--(UP)--WAR DEPARTMENT OFFICIALS WILL BE

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1ST LEAD TULE LAKE

WASHINGTON, DEC. 8.--(UP)--DIRECTOR DILLON S. MYER OF THE WAR

WASHINGTON, DEC. 8.--(UP)--WAR DEPARTMENT OFFICIALS WILL BE BROUGHT BEFORE A DIES SUBCOMMITTEE TO ANSWER CHARGES THAT "HUNDREDS" OF JAPANESE-AMERICANS AND ALIEN JAPANESE ARE BEING PERMITTED TO RETURN TO THE WEST COAST, CHAIRMAN JOHN M. COSTELLO, D., CALIF., ANNOUNCED TODAY.

HE SAID HIS SUBCOMMITTEE, INVESTIGATING RECENT RIOTS AT THE WAR RELOCATION CENTER FOR JAPANESE AT TULE LAKE, CALIF., HAD RECEIVED "NUMEROUS AND DISTURBING REPORTS" CONCERNING MASS MOVEMENT OF JAPANESE BACK INTO THE "FORBIDDEN" WEST COAST ZONE.

COSTELLO SAID ARMY CONSENT WAS REQUIRED FOR ANY JAPANESE TO RETURN TO THE WEST COAST. WRA DIRECTOR DILLON MYER TOLD COSTELLOS' GROUP YESTERDAY HE HAD "NO INFORMATION" ON THE REPORTED RETURN OF JAPANESE.

COSTELLO SAID THE WEST COAST SITUATION WAS "POTENTIALLY VERY SERIOUS."

"PUBLIC FEELING AGAINST JAPANESE IS AT FEVER PITCH OUT THERE," HE SAID. "IF THE WAR DEPARTMENT HAS PERMITTED ANY SUBSTANTIAL NUMBER OF EVACUEES TO RETURN, THERE MOST CERTAINLY IS A DANGER OF AN OUTBREAK OF RACE TROUBLE."

WASHINGTON, DEC. 8.--(UP)--WAR DEPARTMENT OFFICIALS WILL BE

1ST LEAD TULE LAKE

WASHINGTON, DEC. 8.--(UP)--DIRECTOR DILLON S. MYER OF THE WAR RELOCATION AUTHORITY TODAY DENIED THAT WRA HAD ACCEDDED TO DEMANDS OF RIOTING JAPS AT THE TULE LAKE, CALIF., WRA CAMP BUT ADMITTED WHITE PERSONNEL OF THE HOSPITAL STAFF WERE IMMEDIATELY WITHDRAWN.

MYER SAID THE COMMITTEE REPRESENTING THE INTERNEES HAD TOLD HIM THEY COULD "NOT BE RESPONSIBLE" FOR THE SAFETY OF WHITE DOCTORS AND NURSES IF THEY WERE NOT IMMEDIATELY WITHDRAWN FROM THE HOSPITAL.

MYER SAID HE SUBSEQUENTLY DECIDED TO WITHDRAW THE STAFF BECAUSE THEY HAD BEEN THROUGH "AN EXHAUSTING EXPERIENCE" IN WHICH ONE DOCTOR WAS BEATEN BY JAPS. HE ALSO SAID HE FELT THE INTERNEE COMMITTEE WOULD "LOSE FACE" IF SOMETHING WAS NOT DONE.

"HOW ABOUT WRA LOSING FACE BY ACCEDING TO THEIR DEMANDS," ASKED REP. KARL MUNDT, R., S.D. MYER INSISTED THE ACTION WAS NOT TAKEN IN RESPONSE TO DEMANDS, AND THAT THE WHITE STAFF SUBSEQUENTLY RETURNED.

HE ADMITTED THEY DID NOT RETURN UNTIL AFTER THE ARMY TOOK OVER ADMINISTRATION OF THE CAMP.

QUESTIONED CONCERNING DISCHARGE OF EMPLOYEES "THE JAPS DIDN'T LIKE" MYERS SAID THE INTERNEES HAD DEMANDED DISCHARGE OF ONE EMPLOYE WHOSE RESIGNATION WAS SUBSEQUENTLY REQUESTED. HE INSISTED THE DECISION HAD BEEN MADE BEFORE THE DEMAND WAS PRESENTED.

MYER OUTLINED A CONFERENCE HELD BETWEEN WRA OFFICIALS AND THE JAPANESE "COMMITTEE OF 17" IN THE ADMINISTRATION BUILDING AT TULE LAKE NOV. 1, WHILE A CROWD OF SEVERAL THOUSAND INTERNEES SURROUNDED THE BUILDING.

HE SAID THAT AFTER REFUSING DEMANDS OF THE COMMITTEE, HE WAS INTRODUCED TO THE CROWD BY THE COMMITTEE CHAIRMAN, GEORGE KURATOMI, AND MADE A BRIEF SPEECH WHICH RECEIVED A "PRETTY GOOD HAND."

HE SAID KURATOMI ALSO SPOKE IN "CONCILIATORY" FASHION, BUT THAT S. KAI, A PROFESSED BUDDHIST PRIEST "WHOM WE SUSPECT OF BEING A SHINTOIST," SPOKE IN "A RABBLE ROUSING FASHION."

HE SAID THAT AS THE MEETING BROKE UP, KAI ORDERED THE INTERNEES TO BOW, BUT INSISTED IT WAS NOT A PATRIOTIC OBEISANCE TO EMPEROR HIROHITO BUT MERELY "AN ORDINARY CUSTOM."

CHAIRMAN JOHN M. COSTELLO, D., CALIF., SAID ARMY OFFICIALS WOULD BE QUESTIONED ABOUT RETURN OF SOME JAPANESE TO THE WEST COAST.

1ST LEAD TULE LAKE (ROBERTS)

WASHINGTON, DEC. 7--(UP)--WAR RELOCATION AUTHORITY DIRECTOR DILLON MYER TOLD A DIES SUBCOMMITTEE TODAY THAT THE WRA HAD "INVESTIGATED" THOROUGHLY THE JAPANESE RIOTING AT THE TULE LAKE, CAL., CAMP DURING THE THREE DAYS THAT ELAPSED BEFORE THE ARMY MOVED IN NOV. 4, BUT ADMITTED THAT NO ARRESTS OR PUNITIVE ACTION OCCURRED.

THE ARMY SINCE HAS "TAKEN PROPER ACTION," MYER ADDED.

THE SUBCOMMITTEE PLACED IN THE RECORD AN AFFIDAVIT BY RALPH E. PECK, STEWARD OF THE CAMP, WHO CHARTED THAT WRA "LACKED POLICY," THAT THIEVERY WAS UNCHECKED AMONG THE INTERNEES, AND THAT AN INTERNEE WHO FORCED HIS WAY INTO A WHITE WOMAN'S APARTMENT WAS NOT PUNISHED.

PECK ALSO SWORE HE HAD PERSONAL KNOWLEDGE OF ONE WRA WHITE SCHOOL TEACHER WHO TOLD INTERNEES THAT THE BOMBING OF PEARL HARBOR WAS JUSTIFIED, AND ADVOCATED "INTERMINGLING OF THE RACES."

MYER HAD TOLD THE SUBCOMMITTEE BEFORE THE AFFIDAVIT WAS READ THAT PECK HAD BEEN A SATISFACTORY EMPLOYEE. AFTERWARD HE SAID PECK'S RESIGNATION HAD BEEN REQUESTED BECAUSE HE WAS ALLEGEDLY INTOXICATED. PECK'S CHARGES WERE "GENERALIZED" AND TYPICAL OF VAGUE ACCUSATIONS AGAINST WRA, MYER SAID.

MYER WAS ASKED IF PECK'S RESIGNATION HAD NOT BEEN "DEMANDED BY THE JAPS."

"AS A MATTER OF FACT IT WAS," MYER REPLIED, "BUT THAT CAME AFTER WE HAD ALREADY DECIDED TO ASK HIM TO RESIGN."

THE AFFIDAVIT SAID THAT AT LEAST TWO INTERNEES WERE CAUGHT STEALING "SEVEN TO EIGHT POUND BEEF ROASTS" AT THE CAMP, BUT THAT NO ACTION WAS TAKEN AGAINST THEM EVEN AFTER WRITTEN CONFESSIONS WERE SECURED; THAT IN A TWO-MONTH PERIOD 950 POUNDS OF SUGAR WAS STOLEN AND SECRETED IN VARIOUS PLACES; THAT PECK'S SUPERUORS HAD ADVISED HIM TO "FORGET" ABOUT THE STEALING; AND THAT SOME TEACHERS ON THE WRA PAYROLL WERE "JAP-LOVERS" AND ENTERTAINED INTERNEES IN THEIR HOMES NIGHTLY.

REP. CLAIR ENGLE, D., CAL.--IN WHOSE DISTRICT THE CAMP IS LOCATED--SAID PECK HAD "AN EXCELLENT RECORD" PRIOR TO HIS RESIGNATION ON NOV. 6.

MYER SAID THE CROWD OF SEVERAL THOUSAND JAPANESE WHO SURROUNDED THE ADMINISTRATIVE BUILDINGS AT THE CAMP ON NOV. 1 HAD BEEN DESCRIBED VARIOUSLY AS FRIENDLY, PARTIALLY HOSTILE, SHEEPLIKE AND AS EXHIBITING A HOLIDAY SPIRIT.

HE POINTED TO THE PRESENCE OF CHILDREN IN THE CROWD AS INDICATIVE THAT NO VIOLENCE WAS PLANNED. HOWEVER, HE ADMITTED THE CROWD WAS RINGE AND DIRECTED BY A "GOON SQUAD" OF FROM 200 TO 300 MEN, WHO PREVENTED INTERNEES FROM RETURNING TO THEIR HOMES.

MYER ATTACKED STATEMENTS CONDEMNING WRA MADE BY DR. JOHN T. MASON, A FORMER ATTACHE AT THE CAMP HOSPITAL WHO RESIGNED AFTER THE RIOT. HE SAID MASON WAS "A BADLY FRIGHTENED MAN" AND "HE DIDN'T SEE THINGS AS THEY WERE."

HE PRAISED THE OBJECTIVITY OF DR. REECE PEDDICORD, ANOTHER CAMP PHYSICIAN WHO WAS BADLY BEATEN IN THE RIOTING.

CHAIRMAN JOHN M. COSTELLO, D., CAL., REMARKED THAT PEDDICORD, HOWEVER, HAD BEEN "UNABLE TO IDENTIFY A SINGLE ONE OF HIS ASSAULTS." MYER SAID THERE WAS "NOTHING UNUSUAL IN THAT."

COSTELLO MEANWHILE REVEALED THAT A CALIFORNIA STATE SENATE INVESTIGATING COMMITTEE HAD MADE AVAILABLE TESTIMONY THAT AT LEAST TWO WRA EMPLOYEES AT THE CAMP WERE DISCHARGED BECAUSE THEY WERE NOT POPULAR AMONG THE INTERNEES.

(PICK UP AT 3RD PGH: COSTELLO'S SUBCOMMITTEE)

1ST LEAD TULE LAKE (ROBERTS)

WASHINGTON, DEC 7

ADD 1ST LEAD TULE LAKE WASHINGTON (ROBERTS) XX INTERNEES.

MYER CRITICIZED STATEMENTS OF OTHER WRA EMPLOYEES WHO APPEARED BEFORE THE COMMITTEE AS "LACKING OBJECTIVITY" AND COMMENTED "THAT SIMPLY TAKING THE TESTIMONY OF FORMER EMPLOYEES IS NOT A SOUND METHOD OF INVESTIGATION." MYER DESCRIBED DR. JOHN T. MASON JR., WHO TESTIFIED SEVERAL DAYS AGO, AS "VERY CONFUSED" DURING INTERVIEWS ON NOV. 1, WHEN THE OUTBREAKS OCCURRED. MYER ATTRIBUTED THIS TO MASON'S BEING "JUST PLAIN SCARED."

CHAIRMAN COSTELLO THEN ENTERED INTO THE RECORD A MESSAGE TO A WRA OFFICIAL FROM UNITED AIRCRAFT CORPORATION, STATING THAT "RE YOUR TELEGRAM, HAVE NO POLICE RECORD ON MASON."

FROM THE PHRASING COSTELLO SAID HE BELIEVED THE ORIGINAL WIRE TO UNITED AIRCRAFT, WHERE MASON HAD APPLIED FOR A POSITION, CONSTITUTED "DAMAGING AND REPRHENSIBLE CONDUCT IN AN ATTEMPT TO DESTROY THE CHARACTER OF A MAN."

CLIFFORD KALLAM, A FARM SUPERVISOR AND ANOTHER WITNESS, WAS DESCRIBED BY MYER AS A "VERY CONFUSED" MAN.

PROCUREMENT OFFICER B.F. GERRY, MYER THOUGHT "WAS HYSTERICAL" AND "NOT OBJECTIVE." SENIOR SUPPLY OFFICER JOHN STUBBS HE SAID WAS "A VERY SICK MAN" WHO "LACKED AN OBJECTIVE APPROACH."

H.B. TOWNSEND, A FORMER EMPLOYEE WHO HAD TOLD THE COMMITTEE WRA STATEMENTS WERE "FALSE AND PERJURED" WAS DESCRIBED BY MYER AS "UNRELIABLE." TESTIMONY OF ERNEST RHODES, THE CAMPFIRE SUPERVISOR WHO REPORTED OIL-SOAKED WASTE NEAR BUILDINGS, WAS "VERY BAD" AND "NOT OBJECTIVE," MYER SAID.

"ALL REPORTS OF OIL AND INCENDIARY MATERIALS BEING PLACED NEAR BUILDINGS HAVE BEEN PROVED TO BE FIGMENTS OF THE IMAGINATION," MYER SAID.

REP. KARL MUNDT, R., S.D., COMMENTED AT THIS POINT THAT "IT SEEMS TO ME FROM YOUR TESTIMONY THAT IN ITS FUTURE HIRING IT MIGHT BE A GOOD IDEA FOR WRA TO HAVE AN OBJECTIVITY TEST."

"I AGREE WITH YOU," MYER SAID. "I HEARTILY AGREE."

1ST LEAD TULE LAKE

WASHINGTON, DEC. 6--(UP)--DIRECTOR DILLON S. MYER OF THE WAR
RELOCATION AUTHORITY TOLD A DIES SUBCOMMITTEE TODAY THAT DESPITE THE

X FIRST LEAD JAP HEARING

LOS ANGELES DEC 9-(AP)-A STATE ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE INVESTI-
GATING JAPANESE PROBLEMS HAS TOLD

1ST LEAD TULE LAKE

WASHINGTON, DEC. 6--(UP)--DIRECTOR DILLON S. MYER OF THE WAR RELOCATION AUTHORITY TOLD A DIES SUBCOMMITTEE TODAY THAT DESPITE THE RIOTS AT THE TULE LAKE, CAL., INTERNMENT CAMP HE SAW NO REASON FOR NOT USING INTERNEES TO POLICE THEIR OWN PART OF THE COLONY IN THE FUTURE.

ASKED BY REP. KARL E. MUNDT, R., S.D., "ISN'T THAT LIKE HIRING ARSONISTS FOR THE FIRE DEPARTMENT," MYER REPLIED:

"WE ALSO WILL POLICE THAT PART OF THE COLONY."

HE SAID THAT ON NOV. 1, THE DAY OF THE FIRST RIOT AT THE CAMP FOR DISLOYAL JAPANESE-AMERICANS, THERE WERE SIX CAUCASIAN POLICE AND THAT THE CAMP DIRECTOR NOW HAS BEEN AUTHORIZED TO HIRE 66 MORE.

HE DENIED THAT EITHER CAMP DIRECTOR RAYMOND R. BEST OR HE HAD YIELDED TO DEMANDS OF A SELF-APPOINTED INTERNEE COMMITTEE. WHEN IT PRESENTED DEMANDS, HE SAID, BEST REPLIED THAT HE DID NOT OPERATE THE CAMP ON A BASIS OF DEMANDS.

"THANK GOD," HE TOLD THE SUBCOMMITTEE, "MOST OF OUR STAFF ACTED IN SUCH A WAY THAT IT DID NOT TOUCH OFF TROUBLE."

MYER THEN SAID HE BELIEVED THE COMMITTEE OF 17 INTERNEES "WAS NOT ANXIOUS TO SET OFF PHYSICAL BIOLENCE THAT DAY," BUT THAT THEIR LEADER, GEORGE KURATOMI, "TRIED TO IMPRESS US WITH THE CROWD THAT HAD GATHERED.

MYERS SAID THE INTERNEE COMMITTEE OPERATED WITH "STRONG ARM, GANGSTER METHODS" AND THAT HE DID NOT BELIEVE IT REPRESENTED MOST OF THE INTERNEES.

DEMANDS PRESENTED BY THE COMMITTEE WERE "UNREASONABLE," HE SAID. THE MAIN REASON FOR INTERNEES REFUSING TO HARVEST CROPS, HE SAID, WAS THAT SOME OF THEM WERE TO GO TO OTHER INTERNMENT AREAS AND THE COMMITTEE SAID THEY "REFUSED TO HARVEST ANY CROP THAT WOULD GO TO LOYAL JAPANESE.

ANOTHER UNREASONABLE COMPLAINT, HE SAID, WAS THE BLAMING OF THE ADMINISTRATION FOR AN ACCIDENT WHEN A TRUCK DRIVEN BY A JAPANESE INTERNEE TURNED OVER, KILLING ONE EVACUEE AND INJURING 28 OTHERS. THIS, HE SAID, CAUSED A STRIKE BY THE FARM LABOR FOR 10 DAYS.

MYER SAID THE ARMY--WHICH WAS CALLED INTO THE CAMP AFTER THE RIOTS, ALWAYS HAD BEEN RESPONSIBLE FOR MAINTAINING ORDER OUTSIDE OF THE CAMP BOUNDARIES, PROTECTING THE OUTSIDE COMMUNITIES FROM THE EVACUEES AND THE EVACUEES FROM THE RESIDENTS OUTSIDE.

HE SAID THE CAMP AUTHORITIES HAD AUTHORITY TO "CALL THE MILITARY IF NEEDED," AND THAT THE ARMY HAD AUTHORITY TO "GO IN ON ITS OWN VOLITION BUT DID NOT DO THAT (ON NOV. 1) FOR WHICH I AM GLAD." THE SITUATION ON NOV. 1 WAS "REASONABLY TENSE, AND ANY MOVE MIGHT HAVE CAUSED THE LOSS OF LIFE TO A NUMBER OF PEOPLE, INCLUDING OUR OWN STAFF," HE ADDED.

EARLIER, REP. LOWELL STOCKMAN, R., ORE., TOLD THE SUBCOMMITTEE THAT IT HAD BEEN "DERELICT IN ITS DUTY" FOR FAILING TO MAKE AN ON-THE-SCENE INVESTIGATION OF THE DISTURBANCES AT TULE LAKE.

TESTIFYING BEFORE THE SUBCOMMITTEE INVESTIGATING THE TULE LAKE RELOCATION CAMP TROUBLES, STOCKMAN SAID THE PROBLEM WAS "SERIOUS WITH INTERNATIONAL IMPLICATIONS, AND SOMETHING MORE THAN STATE LEGISLATIVE COMMITTEES OR COUNTY AND STATE OFFICERS CAN COPE WITH."

STOCKMAN URGED "REALISTIC INSTEAD OF SOCIALISTIC" HANDLING OF THE JAPANESE INTERNEES, IN CRITICIZING THE WAR RELOCATION AUTHORITY.

STOCKMAN READ THE COMMITTEE A LETTER WRITTEN TO HIM BY WILBUR YEOMAN, KLAMATH FALLS, ORE., CARPENTER, IN WHICH YEOMAN CHARGED THAT AT TULE LAKE "SOLDIERS ARE SUBJECT TO THE VILEST ABUSE FROM THE JAPANESE. JAPS SPIT IN THEIR FACES AND THROW ROCKS THROUGH WINDOWS OF CABS SOMETIMES INJURING THE DRIVERS." THE LETTER ALSO SAID THAT "THE JAPS ARE GETTING BETTER FOOD THAN THE AMERICANS" AND "THE JAPS AT TULE LAKE HAVE A RADIO SENDING STATION AND SOMETIMES JAM THE AIR."

REP. HERMAN P. EBERHARTER, D., PA., THEN ASKED THAT THE COMMITTEE REQUEST A REPORT ON THE CONDUCT OF JAPANESE TOWARD AMERICAN SOLDIERS FROM THE COMMANDING OFFICER OF THE ARMY DETACHMENT STATIONED NEAR KLAMATH FALLS.

REP. NORRIS PULSON, R., CAL., TESTIFIED THAT "THE TULE LAKE INCIDENT WOULD NOT HAVE HAPPENED IF THE WRA HAD BEEN JUST AND FIRM" IN HANDLING THE JAPANESE.

"THEY HAVE SHOWN THAT THEY KNOW NOTHING ABOUT HANDLING THE JAPANESE," HE SAID.

POULSON TOLD EBERHARTER, WHO HAS DEFENDED THE WRA THAT "YOU ARE APPROACHING THIS MATTER AS SOMEONE WHO IS NOT FAMILIARY WITH THE SITUATION IN REGARD TO HANDLING JAPANESE. YOU HAVE NEVER LIVED WITH THEM. YOU WANT TO PROTECT THE ADMINISTRATION AND THE WRA. I HAVE DEALT WITH JAPANESE FOR YEARS AND THE ONLY WAY TO DEAL WITH THEM IS TO BE FIRM."

EBERHARTER SAID HE AGREED THAT THE MATTER IS "VERY SERIOUS" AND THAT THE INVESTIGATION BE THOROUGH.

POULSON SAID HE BELIEVED THERE ARE "SOME LOYAL JAPANESE," AND THAT THEY COULD BE RELEASED BUT THAT THEY SHOULD NOT BE SENT TO CALIFORNIA.

HE SAID THE JAPANESE ARE ALL RIGHT IF PERMITTED TO RESIDE IN "SMALL GROUPS," BUT THAT THEY SHOULD NOT BE ALLOWED TO FORM LARGE COMMUNITIES.

IF THEY WERE PERMITTED TO GO BACK TO CALIFORNIA NOW, HE SAID, THERE PROBABLY WOULD BE RIOTS AND BLOODSHED.

DILLON S. MYER, WAR RELOCATION AUTHORITY DIRECTOR, TOLD THE SUBCOMMITTEE THAT THE RINGLEADERS AND OTHER TROUBLE MAKERS AT TULE LAKE NOW HAVE BEEN SEGREGATED "IN A COMPOUND NEAR THE MILITARY POLICE HEADQUARTERS" AT THE CAMP.

HE ALSO SAID THAT APPEALS BOARDS, MADE UP OF PERSONS NOT CONNECTED WITH WRA WERE BEING ESTABLISHED TO CONDUCT HEARINGS IN CASES WHERE RELEASES FROM SEGREGATION ARE REQUESTED.

HE SAID THIS WOULD BE PARTICULARLY IMPORTANT IN CASES OF JAPANESE-AMERICAN CITIZENS BY PROVIDING A HEARING "BEFORE ANY COURT ACTION" THAT MIGHT BE INSTITUTED.

"WE HAVE TO BE VERY CAREFUL IN THE CASE OF CITIZENS TO MAKE SURE THAT THEY ARE LEGALLY CONFINED, PARTICULARLY IN VIEW OF ANY COURT ACTION THAT MIGHT ARISE," MYER SAID.

1ST LEAD TULE LAKE

WASHINGTON, DEC. 6--(UP)--DIRECTOR DILLON S. MYER OF THE WAR RELOCATION AUTHORITY TOLD A DIES SUBCOMMITTEE TODAY THAT DESPITE THE

X FIRST LEAD JAP HEARING

LOS ANGELES DEC 9-(AP)--A STATE ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE INVESTIGATING JAPANESE PROBLEMS WAS TOLD TODAY BY A REPRESENTATIVE OF THE FELLOWSHIP OF RECONCILIATION (CAP F, R) THAT HE WOULD NOT EMPLOY FORCE EVEN TO REPULSE A JAPANESE INVASION.

THE BASIC PRINCIPLE OF THE ORGANIZATION, DR. ALLEN A. HUNTER, ITS SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA CHAIRMAN AND PASTOR OF THE MT. HOLLYWOOD CHURCH, DECLARED, IS "TO FOLLOW CHRIST IN DEALING WITH ALL MEN." HE SAID HE WAS OPPOSED TO PREPARATION FOR WAR AND THAT HE BELIEVED HE WAS DOING THE RIGHT THING BY MEN IN THE ARMED SERVICES IN TAKING THAT ATTITUDE.

ASKED BY ASSEMBLYMAN CHESTER F. GANNON, CHAIRMAN OF THE COMMITTEE, IF HE COULD "MEET THEM WITH A BIBLE AND A SPEECH" IN CASE THE JAPANESE INVADIED THE UNITED STATES, DR. HUNTER REPLIED: "WELL, I SUPPOSE I WOULD HAVE TO DIE."

THE FELLOWSHIP OF RECONCILIATION WAS NAMED BY DR. JOHN F. B. CARRUTHERS, FORMER CHAPLAIN OF THE BATTLESHIP OKLAHOMA, SUNK BY THE JAPS AT PEARL HARBOR, AS THE OUTSTANDING ORGANIZATION IN SUPPORT OF JAPANESE INTERNEES IN THIS COUNTRY.

DR. CARRUTHERS, SPOKESMAN FOR THE PACIFIC COAST JAPANESE PROBLEMS LEAGUE, SAID THE PRINCIPAL DIFFICULTY AT TULE LAKE, WHERE VIOLENCE AMONG JAPANESE EVACUEES RECENTLY WAS PUT DOWN BY THE ARMY, WAS LACK OF JURISDICTION TO PROSECUTE LAW VIOLATORS. HE DECLARED IT NEVER HAS BEEN ESTABLISHED WHETHER THE ARMY, THE WAR RELOCATION AUTHORITY, THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE OR THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA HAS THE RESPONSIBILITY TO PUNISH CRIMINALS.

THE COMMITTEE EARLIER HEARD A RETURNED MISSIONARY TESTIFY THAT JAPANESE SOLDIERS SHOT 50,000 YOUNG CHINESE FROM A REFUGEE CAMP WHICH HE AND HIS WIFE ONCE HELPED OPERATE OUTSIDE NANKING.

DR. RALPH PHILLIPS, ETC., SECOND GRAF PREVIOUS.

RH157PPW

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HE SAID HE REGARDED THE FELLOWSHIP AS A BODY OF CONSCIENTIOUS MEN WHOM HE CONSIDERED "UNWISE AND UNPATRIOTIC." "MY OWN BROTHER IS ONE OF THEM," HE ADDED.

DR. CARRUTHERS, SPOKESMAN FOR THE PACIFIC COAST JAPANESE PROBLEMS LEAGUE, SAID THE PRINCIPAL DIFFICULTY AT TULE LAKE, WHERE VIOLENCE AMONG JAPANESE EVACUEES RECENTLY WAS PUT DOWN BY THE ARMY, WAS LACK OF JURISDICTION TO PROSECUTE LAW VIOLATORS. HE DECLARED IT NEVER HAS BEEN ESTABLISHED WHETHER THE ARMY THE WAR RELOCATION AUTHORITY, THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE OR THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA HAS THE RESPONSIBILITY TO PUNISH CRIMINALS.

HE URGED THAT SENATE AND ASSEMBLY COMMITTEES ON JAPANESE MATTERS BE COMBINED IN A PERMANENT RESEARCH BODY UNDER APPOINTMENT BY THE GOVERNOR AND EMPOWERED TO SEEK A PERMANENT SOLUTION OF JAPANESE PROBLEMS IN WESTERN STATES.

BY EDWARD V. ROBERTS

UNITED PRESS STAFF CORRESPONDENT

WASHINGTON, DEC 7--(UP)--A DIES SUBCOMMITTEE INVESTIGATING RECENT

LOS ANGELES, DEC 9--(AP)--SEVERAL JAPANESE WOMEN, MOST OF THEM MARRIED TO AMERICAN MEN AND THEMSELVES AMERICAN-BORN, HAVE BEEN PERMITTED TO RETURN TO THE WEST COAST UNDER PERMITS ISSUED BY THE WESTERN DEFENSE COMMAND, SAYS RICHARD B. HOOD, FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION AGENT IN CHARGE HERE.

OF SEVERAL CASES INVESTIGATED BY HIS OFFICE, HOOD ADDED, ALL WOMEN HAD THE PERMITS.

CAPT. GEORGE CONTRERAS OF THE SHERIFF'S ANTI-SUBVERSIVE DETAIL REPORTED THAT ABOUT 20 AMERICAN-BORN JAPANESE WOMEN HAVE BEEN RESIDING IN THIS AREA FOR SOME TIME, ONE OF THEM FOR MORE THAN EIGHT MONTHS.

WASHINGTON, DEC. 9--(UP)--JAPANESE TREATMENT OF ENEMY ALLIES HAS BEEN

BY EDWARD V. ROBERTS

UNITED PRESS STAFF CORRESPONDENT

WASHINGTON, DEC 7--(UP)--A DIES SUBCOMMITTEE INVESTIGATING RECENT RIOTS AT THE TULE LAKE, CALIF., CAMP OF THE WAR RELOCATION AUTHORITY WILL ASK WRA DIRECTOR DILLON S. MYER TODAY TO EXPLAIN CHARGES THAT TWO WORKERS AT THE CAMP WERE FIRED "BECAUSE THE JAPS DIDN'T LIKE THEM."

CHAIRMAN JOHN M. COSTELLO, D., CALIF., SAID AN INVESTIGATING UNIT OF THE CALIFORNIA STATE SENATE HAD PRESENTED HIS GROUP WITH TESTIMONY THAT "AT LEAST TWO" WRA EMPLOYEES WERE DISCHARGED BECAUSE OF THEIR UNPOPULARITY AMONG TULE LAKE INTERNEES.

COSTELLO'S SUBCOMMITTEE ALSO WAS UNDERSTOOD TO BE STUDYING REPORTS THAT WRA HAD BLACKLISTED ONE OF THE DISCHARGED EMPLOYEES WHO CRITICIZED ITS POLICIES BY REPORTING UNFAVORABLY ON HIM TO A PROSPECTIVE EMPLOYER.

MEANWHILE, CONGRESSIONAL TEMPERS APPEARED TO BE COOLING OFF IN THE CONTROVERSY STARTED BY A WRA PUBLICATION THAT ADVISED JAPANESE INTERNEES THAT CERTAIN MIDWESTERN FARM HANDS WERE AVERSE TO TAKING BATHS. MYER TOLD THE COSTELLO GROUP THE ARTICLE WAS "ILL ADVISED" AND THAT IT HAD BEEN WITHDRAWN FROM CIRCULATION.

MYER SAID, HOWEVER, THAT SCARCITY OF BATHING FACILITIES DEFINITELY WAS A HANDICAP IN PERSUADING INTERNEES TO ACCEPT FARM JOBS IN THE MIDWEST. BUT BOTH IN AND OUT OF CONGRESS, DIFFERENT REPORTS ON THE SANITATION STANDARDS OF THE JAPANESE WERE FORTHCOMING.

REP. NORIS PULSON, R., CALIF., SAID JAPANESE-AMERICAN FARMERS FREQUENTLY LIVED "IN FILTHY HOVELS WITH TWO OR THREE FAMILIES IN A ROOM." AND THAT THE NATIONAL FARM BUREAU FEDERATION IN HICAGO, GEORGE WILSON, A SACRAMENTO, CALIF., FARMER, SAID JAPANESE BATHE DAILY, BUT THAT ALL MEMBERS OF THE FAMILY USE THE SAME TUB WITHOUT CHANGING THE WATER.

THE CONTROVERSY RENEWED DEMANDS FOR MYER'S OUSTER. REP. CLAIR ENGLE, D., CALIF., IN WHOSE DISTRICT THE TULE LAKE CAMP IS LOCATED, SAID HE WOULD CIRCULATE A PETITION AMONG CONGRESSMEN DEMANDING MYER'S IMMEDIATE RESIGNATION.

"THE WRA NEEDS A HOUSE CLEANING FROM MYER DOWN," HE SAID, CHARGING THAT THE PUBLISHED ARTICLE "PROVES THAT THE RELOCATION AUTHORITY IS MADE UP OF APPEASERS, CODDLERS AND JAP-LOVERS."

REP. KARL MUNDT, R., S. D., A MEMBER OF THE SUBCOMMITTEE, SAID HE DID NOT FAVOR SUMMONING THE AUTHOR OF THE WRA ARTICLE BEFORE A CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEE--AS URGED BY REP. ED ROWE, R., O.--BECAUSE "HIS ACTION WAS NOT UN-AMERICAN, IT WAS JUST PLAIN STUPID."

SUBCOMMITTEE MEMBERS ALSO WERE INTERESTED IN REPORTS OF FOOD WASTE AT WRA CAMPS--PARTICULARLY STORIES THAT FRESH LETTUCE, CABBAGE AND MEAT HAD BEEN THROWN TO HOGS AFTER THE INTERNEES HAD REFUSED TO EAT IT. COSTELLO ACKNOWLEDGED RECEIVING REPORTS THAT "THEY THREW PERFECTLY GOOD HAM TO HOGS."

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2ND LEAD TULE LAKE (ROBERTS)

WASHINGTON, DEC. 9--(UP)--JAPANESE TREATMENT OF ENEMY ALIENS HAS BEEN FAIR EVEN IF THE DISCIPLINE HAS BEEN STRICT, ATTORNEY-GENERAL FRANCIS BIDDLE TOLD CONGRESS TODAY IN OPPOSING PERMANENT ARMY CONTROL OF THE TULE LAKE, CAL., RELOCATION CAMP.

SUCH CONTROL, HE SAID, WOULD BE LIKELY TO HAVE "BAD" RESULTS FOR AMERICANS STILL IN JAPANESE HANDS.

BIDDLE, TESTIFYING BEFORE A HOUSE DIES SUBCOMMITTEE, SAID REPATRIATED AMERICANS WHO RETURNED ON THE GRIPSHOLM REVEALED THAT JAPAN HAS "MORE THAN LIVED UP TO PROVISIONS OF THE GENEVA CONFERENCE" GOVERNING WARTIME TREATMENT OF ENEMY ALIENS.

"THEIR TREATMENT HAS BEEN FAIR--STRICT DISCIPLINE BUT FAIR," BIDDLE SAID. HE ADDED THAT TOKYO RADIO REPORTS INDICATE JAPAN IS WATCHING AMERICAN HANDLING OF THE TULE LAKE DISTURBANCES "WITH GREAT CONCERN."

HE WARNED THAT IF THE ARMY WAS PLACED IN PERMANENT CHARGE OF THE TULE LAKE CAMP, JAPAN MIGHT ACT SIMILARLY "AND THAT WOULD BE BAD."

BIDDLE PROPOSED THAT CONGRESS CONSIDER LEGISLATION REVOKING THE CITIZENSHIP OF AMERICAN-BORN CITIZENS OF JAPANESE DESCENT WHO HAVE PROFESSED LOYALTY TO JAPAN. SUCH LEGISLATION, HE SAID, "MIGHT POSSIBLY BE THE SOLUTION TO THE WHOLE PROBLEM OF AMERICAN CITIZENS WHO ARE LOYAL TO JAPAN."

"DO YOU MEAN IT WOULD BE CONSTITUTIONAL TO REVOKE THE CITIZENSHIP OF A PERSON BORN IN THIS COUNTRY?" ASKED REP. HERMAN EBERHARTER, D., PA.

"OH, ABSOLUTELY," BIDDLE REPLIED. "THERE WOULD BE NO QUESTION OF THE CONSTITUTIONALITY."

BIDDLE SAID THE PROBLEM OF THE 110,000 JAPANESE-AMERICANS AND JAPANESE EXCLUDED FROM THE PACIFIC COAST WAS ONE OF "DEFENSE AND LAW."

HE SAID HE BELIEVED THERE WAS NO QUESTION OF THE LEGALITY OF THE ORDER EXCLUDING JAPANESE FROM THE WEST COAST, BUT ADDED THERE WAS "GRAVE DOUBT" OF THE CONSTITUTIONALITY OF INTERNING AMERICAN CITIZENS AFTER THEY WERE ONCE REMOVED FROM THE COASTAL AREA.

BIDDLE SAID THAT HOWEVER "THERE IS NO DOUBT OF OUR RIGHT TO INTERN ENEMY ALIENS."

IF THE CITIZENSHIP OF THE JAPANESE-AMERICANS WHO ADMIT THEIR LOYALTY TO THE ENEMY WERE REVOKED THEY COULD THEN BE INTERNED IMMEDIATELY AS ENEMY ALIENS, HE POINTED OUT.

BIDDLE SAID WRA HAD NO RIGHT TO INTERN A JAPANESE-AMERICAN, AND THAT BELIEF THAT THE AGENCY HAD SUCH AUTHORITY WAS A "COMMON MISUNDERSTANDING."

"IT WAS SET UP MERELY TO ASSIST THESE PEOPLE IN RELOCATING THEMSELVES ELSEWHERE IN THE NATION," HE SAID. HE ADDED THAT WRA HAD SUCCEEDED IN SETTLING 20,000 JAPANESE-AMERICANS THROUGHOUT THE NATION, BUT THAT MANY CHOSE TO REMAIN IN THE WAR RELOCATION CENTERS BECAUSE THEY FEARED TO GO ELSEWHERE.

OF THE 15,000 JAPANESE-AMERICANS AT THE TULE LAKE CAMP, WHERE RIOTING BROKE OUT NOV. 1, ONLY 2,000, HE SAID, WERE OF THE DISLOYAL CLASS--BORN IN THIS COUNTRY BUT EDUCATED IN JAPAN AND GIVING THEIR FIRST LOYALTY TO JAPAN.

MEANWHILE, COMMITTEE MEMBERS APPEARED BENT ON FINDING OUT THE TRUTH TO REPORTS THAT INTERNEES PLAYED POLO ASTRIDE GOVERNMENT-OWNED TRACTORS.

ANOTHER STORY THAT REMAINED IN AN UNSETTLED STATE AS A DIES SUBCOMMITTEE BEGAN TAPERING OFF HEARINGS ON RECENT DISTURBANCES AT TULE LAKE WAS ONE ASSERTING THE INTERNEES, SOME OF THEM ANYWAY, MADE A PRACTICE OF CHASING GEESE ACROSS FIELDS IN CARS AND TRUCKS--ALSO GOVERNMENT OWNED.

WRA DIRECTOR DILLON MYER TOLD THE SUBCOMMITTEE YESTERDAY HE FELT THE POLO STORY WAS A FALSEHOOD--OR AT MOST AN EXAGGERATION OF A TRACTOR COLLISION INVOLVING TWO "IRRESPONSIBLE" YOUNGSTERS AT THE CAMP LAST SEPTEMBER, AN EVENT IN WHICH ONE YOUTH LOST TWO TOES, SEVERAL CRATES OF GARLIC WERE UPSET AND A FEW ROWS OF ONION SPROUTS DAMAGED. HE DID NOT COMMENT UPON THE GOOSE-CHASING STORY.

HE SAID HE WAS SIMILARLY SKEPTICAL OF CHARGES OF LARGE SCALE FOOD WASTAGE AT THE CAMP. THESE ASSERTIONS, AND THE TESTIMONY THAT INTERNEES WORKING IN THE CAMP SLAUGHTER HOUSE THREW AWAY HUNDREDS OF HOG CARCASSES FOR NO PARTICULAR REASON, WERE CHARACTERIZED BY MYER AS "FAR BEYOND THE FACTS."

HE REACTED WITH A BIT OF ASPERITY TO SUGGESTIONS BY MEMBERS OF THE SUBCOMMITTEE AS TO THE PROCEDURE HE SHOULD HAVE FOLLOWED AFTER RIOTING IN THE CAMP BROKE OUT NOV. 1.

"IT IS MUCH EASIER FOR KIBITZERS TO CALL THEIR SHOTS AFTER IT IS ALL OVER," HE TOLD REP. KARL MUNDT, R., S.D. HE SAID HE WAS "GETTING TIRED OF GENERALITIES ABOUT OUR LACK OF FIRMNESS AND OUR SOCIAL-MINDEDNESS."

"ARE YOU STILL USING THE TAXPAYERS MONEY TO TEACH THOSE JAPS JUDO?" MUNDT ASKED. MYER SAID JUDO WAS PART OF THE CAMP ATHLETIC PROGRAM "LIKE BASEBALL AND BASKETBALL."

AP REGIONAL SERVICE

WASHINGTON, DEC. 2-AP-1944, FORMER EMPLOYEE OF THE WAR RELOCATION

WASHINGTON-1ST ADD TULELAKE X X X OF OBJECTIONS.

FIRST LEAD TULELAKE

WASHINGTON, DEC. 9-(AP)-ATTORNEY GENERAL FRANCIS BIDDLE TODAY

AP REGIONAL SERVICE

WASHINGTON, DEC. 7-(AP)-A FORMER EMPLOYEE OF THE WAR RELOCATION CAMP AT TULELAKE TODAY INFORMED A DIES SUBCOMMITTEE OF THE HOUSE THAT THE WRA HAD BEEN GUILTY OF "CRIMINAL NEGLIGENCE" IN ITS ADMINISTRATION PROGRAM AND HAD "GROSSLY MISHANDLED" PUBLIC FUNDS.

IN A SIGNED STATEMENT READ BY THE COMMITTEE'S INVESTIGATOR, ROBERT STRIPLING, RALPH E. PECK, FORMERLY CHIEF STEWARD AT THE TULELAKE CENTER, SAID THEFT OF GOVERNMENT-STAMPED FOOD HAD GONE UNPUNISHED BY WRA OFFICIALS, THAT A SCHOOL TEACHER ON THE WRA PAYROLL HAD NOT BEEN REPRIMANDED FOR ASSERTING THAT THE JAPANESE BOMBING OF PEARL HARBOR WAS JUSTIFIED, AND THAT THERE WERE SOME WRA EMPLOYEES WHO COULD BE TERMED "JAP LOVERS" AND WHO HAD ENTERTAINED JAPANESE AT THE CAMP IN THEIR APARTMENTS AT NIGHT.

QUESTIONING THE "OBJECTIVITY" OF PECK'S STATEMENT, WRA ADMINISTRATOR DILLON MYER TOLD THE SUBCOMMITTEE PECK HAD BEEN A "PRETTY GOOD EMPLOYEE" AT FIRST BUT LATER HAD BEEN FOUND INTOXICATED ON THE PROJECT IN A GOVERNMENT CAR.

MYER ALSO ASSERTED PECK HAD DIFFICULTY IN MAINTAINING GOOD RELATIONS WITH OTHER PERSONNEL.

PECK, WHO RESIGNED FOLLOWING THE RECENT RIOTS AT THE CAMP, SAID HE HAD CONSTANTLY FOUGHT AGAINST FOOD THEFTS THERE BY THE JAPANESE BUT WAS ADVISED BY HIS SUPERIORS IN THE WRA TO CONFINE HIS EFFORTS TO HIS DUTIES AND LEAVE THE THEFT QUESTION TO THE CAMP'S INTERNAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION.

MYER TOLD THE SUBCOMMITTEE HE ALSO QUESTIONED THE "OBJECTIVITY" OF OTHER WITNESSES WHO HAD TESTIFIED ADVERSELY CONCERNING WRA ACTIVITIES, INCLUDING DR. J. T. MASON, WHO LAST WEEK DESCRIBED WHAT HE SAID WERE CONDITIONS AT THE TULELAKE CENTER DURING THE NOVEMBER RIOTS.

THE WRA DIRECTOR'S STATEMENT WAS MADE AFTER REPRESENTATIVE COSTELLO (D-CALIF), CHAIRMAN OF THE SUBCOMMITTEE, CONTENDED THAT EVERY TIME ANY ADVERSE TESTIMONY WAS GIVEN REGARDING WRA ACTIVITIES IT WAS CRITICIZED BY THE AGENCY'S OFFICIALS AS EVIDENCING LACK OF OBJECTIVITY.

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AP REGIONAL SERVICE

WASHINGTON, DEC. 24 (AP) — FORMER EMPLOYE OF THE WAR RELOCATION

WASHINGTON-1ST ADD TULELAKE X X X OF OBJECTIONS.

MAINTAINING THE TULELAKE DISTURBANCES WERE BEING USED AS "RED HERRINGS" BY THE DIES AND OTHER INVESTIGATING COMMITTEES, MYER SAID PERSONS CALLED TO TESTIFY BEFORE THE CALIFORNIA SENATE COMMITTEE HAD BEEN LARGELY EX-EMPLOYEES OF THE WRA. TESTIMONY OF SUCH WITNESSES, HE CONTENDED DID NOT REPRESENT A "CROSS SECTION" OF OPINION.

TO THIS COSTELLO COMMENTED THAT FORMER WRA EMPLOYEES COULD SPEAK MORE FREELY BECAUSE THEY WERE NOT DEPENDENT ON A PAYCHECK FROM WRA.

"THE FACT THAT MANY WITNESSES CALLED BY THE STATE COMMITTEE HAPPENED TO BE FORMER EMPLOYEES IS NO REPUDIATION OF THEIR TESTIMONY, COSTELLO STATED, ADDING THE CALIFORNIA COMMITTEE COULD NOT BE ACCUSED OF "MUD-THROWING."

REFERRING TO ALLEGATIONS THAT JAPANESE HAD SOAKED STRAW WITH OIL PREPARATORY TO STARTING FIRES AT THE TULELAKE ADMINISTRATION BUILDING, MYER SAID HE BELIEVED THIS WAS A "FIGMENT OF PEOPLE'S IMAGINATION." HE ATTRIBUTED THEFTS OF FOOD BY THE JAPANESE TO FEAR THAT THERE WOULD BE FOOD SHORTAGES AND CONTENDED HIS AGENCY HAD NOT CONDONED SUCH ACTIVITIES.

THE DIRECTOR ALSO CONTESTED PECK'S ASSERTIONS THAT THE AGENCY HAD "GROSSLY MISHANDLED" FUNDS."

WASHINGTON-1ST ADD TULELAKE X X X OF OBJECTIONS.

FIRST LEAD TULELAKE

WASHINGTON, DEC. 9-(AP)--ATTORNEY GENERAL FRANCIS BIDDLE TODAY TOLD A DIES SUBCOMMITTEE INVESTIGATING WAR RELOCATION AUTHORITY (WRA) ACTIVITIES THAT HE HAD THE "GRAVEST DOUBT" CONCERNING THE CONSTITUTIONALITY OF ACTION REMOVING AMERICAN CITIZENS FROM THEIR HOMES BECAUSE OF THEIR RACE.

AT A CONTINUATION OF HEARINGS INTO DISTURBANCES LAST MONTH AT THE TULELAKE, CALIF., JAPANESE RELOCATION CENTER, BIDDLE ASSERTED "THE WRA HAS NO LEGAL TECHNICAL RIGHT OF INTERNING ANY AMERICAN CITIZEN. X X X THEY (THE CENTERS) WERE SET UP TO AFFORD THESE PEOPLE A PLACE THEY COULD GO BEFORE THEY FOUND SOME PLACE TO LIVE."

"I KNOW OF NO AUTHORITY IN ANY EXECUTIVE ORDER," THE ATTORNEY GENERAL STATED, "TO HOLD A CITIZEN IN A CENTER."

HE SUGGESTED THAT ONE WAY TO END PRESENT DIFFICULTIES WITH AMERICAN CITIZENS OF JAPANESE ANCESTRY WHO HAVE DECLARED LOYALTY TO JAPAN WOULD BE TO DEPRIVE THEM OF THE UNITED STATES CITIZENSHIP.

"THERE IS NO REASON WHY A JAPANESE WHO HAS DECLARED HIS LOYALTY TO JAPAN COULD NOT BE DEPRIVED OF CITIZENSHIP," HE CONTINUED.

ON A SUGGESTION THAT THE TULELAKE CENTER BE TRANSFERRED PERMANENTLY TO ARMY SUPERVISION, BIDDLE WARNED IT MIGHT BRING RETALIATION BY JAPAN BY PLACEMENT OF AMERICAN CITIZENS IN THE FAR EAST UNDER JAPANESE ARMY RATHER THAN THE MILITARY POLICE WHICH NOW SUPERVISES THEM.

BIDDLE TOLD THE COMMITTEE THAT NO WRITS OF HABEAS CORPUS HAD BEEN BROUGHT BY JAPANESE IN THE CENTERS TO TEST THE AUTHORITY OF WRA TO HOLD THEM BECAUSE THEY WERE AFRAID TO DO SO.

THE ESSENCE OF THE WRA PROGRAM, HE SAID, WAS A "SOCIAL SERVICE" TO THE JAPANESE, WHICH HE MAINTAINED THAT AGENCY WAS PERFORMING.

EXPANDING HIS VIEWS CONCERNING POSSIBLE INTERNATIONAL REPERCUSSION FROM THE PRESENT INVESTIGATION OF THE TULELAKE CENTER, BIDDLE SAID THERE WAS "NO DOUBT" THAT THE JAPANESE WERE WATCHING AMERICAN ACTIONS CLOSELY AND WOULD MODEL THEIR TREATMENT OF AMERICAN INTERNEES ACCORDINGLY.

JAPANESE TREATMENT OF AMERICAN CITIZENS ABROAD, HE SAID, HAD BEEN "GOOD." HE SAID HE BASED THIS STATEMENT ON CONVERSATIONS WITH REPATRIATES WHO LANDED RECENTLY ON THE EXCHANGE SHIP GRIPSHOLM.

JAPAN, HE SAID

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JAPAN, HE SAID, GAVE ITS AMERICAN PRISONERS ADEQUATE FOOD AND HOUSING AND WAS FOLLOWING TERMS OF THE GENEVA TREATY WHICH SETS FORTH POLICIES FOR INTERNATIONAL HANDLING OF PRISONERS.

MOST TROUBLE IN THIS COUNTRY WITH JAPANESE IN RELOCATION CENTERS, THE ATTORNEY GENERAL SAID, WAS WITH THOSE AMERICAN CITIZENS WHO HAD BEEN SENT TO JAPAN TO BE EDUCATED AND HAD BEEN INCULCATED WITH JAPANESE IDEOLOGY.

HE MAINTAINED IT WAS POSSIBLE TO SCREEN LOYAL FROM DISLOYAL JAPAN AND TOLD THE SUBCOMMITTEE IT SHOULD ACT ON THE QUESTION OF JAPANESE

WASHINGTON, DEC. 20.--(UP)--DIRECTOR RAY BEST OF THE TULE LAKE, CALIF., JAPANESE INTERNMENT CAMP SAID TODAY THAT HE CALLED THE ARMY TO TAKE OVER THE SETTLEMENT NOV. 4 BECAUSE SOME 200 JAPS "WERE ARMED WITH CLUBS AND WERE INTENT ON USING THEM."

BEST, AN OFFICIAL OF THE WAR RELOCATION AUTHORITY, TOLD A HOUSE DIES SUBCOMMITTEE THAT UNTIL THE NIGHT OF NOV. 4, IT WAS HIS OPINION THAT THE INTERNEES WERE ORDERLY AND CONTROLLABLE, BUT THAT ON NOV. 4, A LARGE GROUP OF THEM BECAME "VERY MENACING."

HE DESCRIBED THE JAPS AS ORDERLY DURING THE ORIGINAL NOV. 1 DISTURBANCE WHEN DR. REECE PETTICORD, HEAD OF THE COLONY'S HOSPITAL, WAS BEATEN UP. HE SAID HE SAW NO WEAPONS ON INTERNEES THAT DAY.

THE NOV. 4 DISTURBANCE AROSE, HE SAID, AFTER CAMP AUTHORITIES HAD TAKEN THREE TRUCK LOADS OF LOYAL JAPANESE TO THE FARMS.

THE OTHER JAPS, HE SAID, THOUGHT FOOD WAS BEING TAKEN FROM THE WAREHOUSE TO FEED LOYAL JAPS, AND INTENDED TO PREVENT IT. THE THREE TRUCKLOADS OF JAPANESE ALREADY HAD LEFT BEFORE THE CROWD GATHERED.

ON THAT OCCASION, HE SAID THEY GATHERED AT THE MOTOR POOL AND AT BEST'S HOME IN VIOLATION OF AN ORDER ISSUED AFTER THE NOV. 1 DISTURBANCE THAT NO SUCH GROUPS WOULD BE PERMITTED TO GATHER AGAIN.

IN ANSWER TO QUESTIONS, BEST SAID THAT THE MISSES STELLA ROBBINS AND LILLIE ROUDABUSH, SCHOOL TEACHERS AT THE CAMP, WERE PACIFISTS. THEY HAD CIVIL SERVICE RATINGS, HE SAID AND DID NOT "OPENLY DISCUSS" THEIR BELIEFS, SO HE HAD NO RIGHT TO FIRE THEM.

THEY ARE STILL EMPLOYED AT THE CENTER, HE SAID.

BEST SAID THAT PRIOR TO NOV. 1 HE HAD NOT HEARD THAT JAPANESE EMPLOYED IN THE MACHINE SHOPS WERE MAKING KNIVES AND BASEBALL BATS, AND THAT LATER HE MADE NO CHECK TO SEE HOW MANY HAD BEEN MADE NOR FOR WHAT PURPOSE.

BEST SAID A COMPLAINT MADE BY RALPH PECK, A CAMP EMPLOYEE, THAT A JAPANESE ATTEMPTED TO BREAK INTO A WHITE WOMAN'S APARTMENT, BUT WAS NOT PUNISHED WAS DUE TO THE FACT THAT PECK WAS UNABLE TO IDENTIFY THE INTRUDER. NO ONE ELSE WAS ABLE TO LEARN HIS IDENTITY EITHER, BEST SAID.

SAN FRANCISCO, DEC 22--(UP)--THE PACIFIC COAST COMMITTEE ON AMERICAN

SB48LA

LOS ANGELES DEC 22-(AP)-MARSHALL S. JOHNSON, LOS ANGELES

HX42

WASHINGTON, DEC. 21--(UP)--REP. JOHN M. COSTELLO, D., CALIF., SAID

SAN FRANCISCO, DEC 22--(UP)--THE PACIFIC COAST COMMITTEE ON AMERICAN PRINCIPLES AND FAIR PLAY TODAY WIRED PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT ITS CONFIDENCE IN DILLON S. MYER, DIRECTOR OF THE WAR RELOCATION AUTHORITY.

THE COMMITTEE, HEADED BY DR. R. GORDON SPROUL, PRESIDENT OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, SENT A DUPLICATE TELEGRAM TO THE CHAIRMAN OF THE CALIFORNIA CONGRESSIONAL DELEGATION.

THE WIRES LISTED FIVE REASONS FOR THE COMMITTEE'S OPPOSITION TO WEST COAST CONGRESSMEN'S REQUESTS FOR MYER'S RESIGNATION BECAUSE OF DISTURBANCES AMONG JAPANESE INTERNEES AT THE TULE LAKE RELOCATION CENTER:

1. "EXCELLENT RELOCATION PROGRAM OF THE WRA.
2. "THE DIRECTOR'S RECOGNITION OF INTERNATIONAL COMPLICATIONS INVOLVED IN WRA PROGRAMS.
3. "THE DIRECTOR'S DETERMINATION TO ADMINISTER THIS UNPRECEDENTED PROGRAM WITHIN THE BEST POSSIBLE AMERICAN TRADITION OF FAIRNESS.
4. "THE DIRECTOR'S RECOGNITION OF THE CIVIL RIGHTS OF LAW ABIDING PERSONS.
5. "MYER'S COURAGE IN THE FACE OF PREJUDICE AND MISREPRESENTATION."

THE COMMITTEE SAID THE NOVEMBER DISTURBANCES AMONG JAPANESE INTERNEES AT THE TULE LAKE RELOCATION CENTER WERE PARTIALLY CAUSED BY DIFFICULTIES IN OBTAINING ADEQUATE PERSONEL. THE TELEGRAM RECOMMENDED RECOGNITION OF THE NEED FOR ADDITIONAL EXPERIENCED PERSONEL BY THE BUREAU OF BUDGET AND RECOGNITION OF HIGHER PRIORITIES BY THE WAR MAN-POWER COMMISSION.

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ADD WRA SAN FRANCISCO, X X X COMMISSION.

MEMBERS OF THE COMMITTEE INCLUDED: MAURICE E. HARRISON, FORMER CHAIRMAN OF THE STATE DEMOCRATIC COMMITTEE; DR. RAY LYMAN WILBUR, CHANCELLOR OF STANFORD UNIVERSITY; A. J. MCFADDEN, CHAIRMAN OF THE CALIFORNIA AGRICULTURAL COMMISSION; HENRY F. GRADY, HEAD OF THE STATE DEPARTMENT ECONOMIC COMMISSION TO ITALY; GEN. DAVID P. BARROWS, FORMER PRESIDENT OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA.

SAN FRANCISCO, DEC 22--(UP)--THE PACIFIC COAST COMMITTEE ON AMERICAN

SB48LA

LOS ANGELES DEC 22-(AP)-MARSHALL S. JOHNSON, LOS ANGELES ADVERTISING MAN WHO SUCCESSFULLY ADVOCATED A BILL BEFORE THE LAST LEGISLATURE FOR ADMISSION OF MEN LESS THAN FIVE FEET IN HEIGHT INTO THE STATE GUARD, SAID TODAY HE HAD BEEN CHOSEN AS PRESIDENT OF THE AMERICAN FOUNDATION FOR EXPULSION OF JAPANESE, WHICH FILED INCORPORATION PAPERS LAST WEEK.

HE SAID JOHN C. PORTER, FORMER MAYOR OF LOS ANGELES, WOULD BE VICE-PRESIDENT AND WILLEDD ANDREWS WOULD BE ATTORNEY FOR THE ORGANIZATION.

A PUBLIC MEETING IS TO BE HELD SOON, JOHNSON SAID, TO LAUNCH THE ORGANIZATION'S PROGRAM FOR KEEPING ALL JAPANESE, NATIVE BORN AS WELL AS ALIENS, FROM RETURNING TO CALIFORNIA.

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SAN FRANCISCO, DEC 22--(UP)--THE PACIFIC COAST COMMITTEE ON AMERICAN

SB48LA

LOS ANGELES DEC 22-(AP)--MARSHALL S. JOHNSON, LOS ANGELES

HX42

WASHINGTON, DEC. 21--(UP)--REP. JOHN M. COSTELLO, D., CALIF., SAID TODAY THAT TESTIMONY PRESENTED BEFORE A SPECIAL HOUSE DIES INVESTIGATING SUBCOMMITTEE, SHOWED THAT THE WAR RELOCATION AUTHORITY HAD NO CONTROL OVER JAPANESE-AMERICAN INTERNEES AT ITS TULE LAKE, CALIF., CAMP.

COSTELLO, CHAIRMAN OF THE INVESTIGATING COMMITTEE, MADE THE STATEMENT FOLLOWING TESTIMONY LATE YESTERDAY BY RAY BEST, DIRECTOR OF THE TULE LAKE CENTER.

BEST SAID HE DID NOT CALL IN THE ARMY DURING A DISTURBANCE AT THE CENTER NOV. 1 BECAUSE THE INTERNEES, CONTRARY TO SOME REPORTS, WERE NOT THEN OUT OF CONTROL. BUT HE SAID, HE CALLED FOR TROOPS THREE DAYS LATER WHEN SOME 200 INTERNEES, ARMED WITH CLUBS, SURROUNDED HIS HOUSE.

HE ESTIMATED THAT ABOUT 2,000 TULE LAKE INTERNEES WERE TROUBLE MAKERS. OF THAT NUMBER HE SAID THAT APPROXIMATELY 300 WERE INTELLIGENT AND DESCRIBED THE REMAINDER AS "MUSCLE MEN."

COSTELLO SAID THE COMMITTEE HAD COMPLETED HEARINGS UNLESS IT DECIDES TO ASK MAJ. GEN. M. G. WHITE, ASSISTANT ARMY CHIEF OF STAFF FOR PERSONNEL, TO EXPLAIN WHY MORE JAPANESE ARE BEING SENT BACK INTO CALIFORNIA.

WASHINGTON, DEC. 26--(UP)--CALIFORNIA, WASHINGTON AND OREGON CONGRESSIONAL REPRESENTATIVES TODAY VOTED WITHOUT DISSENT TO ASK PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT TO REQUEST THE RESIGNATION OF DILLON MYER, NATIONAL DIRECTOR OF THE WAR RELOCATION AUTHORITY.

THE TRI-STATE DELEGATION ALSO UNANIMOUSLY APPROVED A SUBCOMMITTEE'S RECOMMENDATIONS FOR TRANSFER OF THE TULE LAKE, CALIF., INTERNMENT CAMP TO THE "SUPERVISION AND DIRECTION" OF THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE AND FOR FUTURE EXPATRIATION OF DISLOYAL JAPS WHO ARE U.S. CITIZENS.

UNDER THE DELEGATION'S PROPOSAL MR. ROOSEVELT WOULD BE DIRECTED TO APPOINT A SUCCESSOR TO MYER WHO WOULD UNDERTAKE A REORGANIZATION OF NINE OTHER JAPANESE RELOCATION CENTERS IN WESTERN STATES NOW UNDER THE WRA.

"ANY CITIZEN WHO SHALL ANNOUNCE ALLEGIANCE TO A FOREIGN COUNTRY SHALL BE DEPRIVED OF HIS CITIZENSHIP AND HIS EXPATRIATION BE ORDERED," THE COMMITTEE RESOLUTION SAID.

REP. CLARENCE F. LEA, D., CALIF., DELEGATION CHAIRMAN, DIRECTED THAT THE RESOLUTION BE OFFERED TO ALL MEMBERS FOR SIGNATURE AS QUICKLY AS POSSIBLE, "TO THE END THAT PRESIDENTIAL ACTION MAY BE IMMINENT."