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CLIPPINGS

JULY 1943

C-A
171

July 2

BAN ON JAPANESE HOTELS PROPOSED BY CITY COUNCIL

A city ban on Japanese-operated hotels was proposed by members of the city council at their meeting today.

Commissioner A. B. Colburn reported that 24 downtown hotels are now operated by Japanese. That, he said, is 24 too many.

Commissioner Arthur H. Meehan contended that it should be a permanent policy of the council to refuse all Japanese licenses for operating hotels.

The Japanese hotel question came to a head when A. A. Lewis, representing a Spokane real estate firm, requested the council to allow a Japanese-American a license to operate the Empire hotel. He explained the man's American wife will purchase the building if assured that a city license will be granted.

Came From Coast.

The party in question, Lewis said, is an evacuee from the Pacific coast and is willing to bring money into Spokane.

Commissioner Otto A. Dirkes commented:

"These people are moved from the Pacific coast for definite reasons. If they are not safe there, they are not safe in Spokane. We must look to the protection of our people, and we can not afford to assume the responsibility of allowing them free reign."

Dr. Ralph Hendricks said there is some justification for allowing Japanese who owned hotels here before the war to continue operating them, but that he did not believe newly arrived Japanese should have that concession.

"These Japs have been awfully quiet around here," Commissioner Colburn said. "Why aren't they here to show their credentials and show us that they are substantial citizens and willing to assume the obligations of American citizenship? They should spread their credentials on the table. The burden of proof is with them."

Mayor Frank Sutherlin suggested to Mr. Lewis that he arrange for a meeting between his client and the corporation counsel, and a decision will be made at a later date.

Spokane Daily Chronicle

WARREN HITS JAP RELEASE

Governor, Back From East, Renews Warning

EXAMINER BUREAU, SACRAMENTO, July 1.—Renewing his outspoken opposition to release of any Japanese from war relocation centers, Governor Warren returned to the capitol today after a two weeks' trip to the East and Middle West.

Warren declared that failure to keep the Japanese under strict confinement "would be laying the groundwork for another Pearl Harbor and we don't propose to have that if there is any legal way it can be prevented."

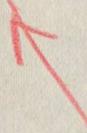
SYMPATHY WON.

The Governor repeated his disavowals given to newsmen at the National Governors' Conference at Columbus, Ohio, of any desire or intention to seek either the Republican Presidential or Vice Presidential nomination for 1944, or any receptiveness to a possible "draft" movement.

Reporting his observations on the Japanese situation, Warren said he found people from areas outside the Pacific coast sympathetic with California, but not fully aware of the facts.

PERIL TO SAFETY.

In fact, he said, "almost every one I talked to could see the wisdom of not releasing the interned Japs because of the threat of saboteurs among them." He said any countermanding of military and FBI concentration orders in his opinion would be "trifling with the safety of the country." He emphasized in this connection that he does not propose to "dump the Japs on other States," but rather to "keep them interned wherever they may be."



J.F. Examiner

July 2

Warren tells pro-Jap move

SACRAMENTO, July 2.—(UP)—Gov. Earl Warren today had declared he was convinced there was a "very determined program" on the part of some federal agencies to release as many interned Japanese as possible "without running too sharply into public opinion."

Warren returned to Sacramento yesterday from a conference of state governors at Columbus, Ohio.

He said he reiterated his opposition to release of Japanese in a speech at the conference, and although he found little knowledge of the Japanese among other chief executives he did find general support for his stand.

It would be trifling with national security, Warren said, to release the Japs.

"It is just laying the groundwork for another Pearl Harbor in California," he declared.

Warren said that he is informed only the criminal records of the Japs are checked by the FBI and not their potentialities as saboteurs.

The governor emphasized that he believed the Japs should be kept under close control for the duration only, and said he couldn't speculate on what will be done about the Jap problem after the war.

He also said he wanted to get over the idea that it would be just as dangerous to release Japs into other states as into California.

L.A. News



Warren Sees Grim Peril in Release of Japanese

Emptying Relocation Centers Might Lead to American Pearl Harbor, Governor Warns

SACRAMENTO, July 1. (AP)—Release of Japanese from relocation centers is "laying the foundation for another Pearl Harbor in this country," Governor Warren asserted at a press conference today.

The Governor made the declaration in narrating his impressions of the conference of Governors at Columbus, O., where he said, "I found that, very naturally, people of the East and Midwest have little knowledge about the Japanese situation as it relates to the Pacific Coast."

Hershey Coming West

However, he said, "most of the Governors I talked to could see the wisdom of not turning loose or returning the Japanese to the Coast at this time on account of the possibility there would be saboteurs among them."

He disclosed that the conference program was so heavy he did not get an opportunity to discuss the draft situation, as it affects California, with Selective Service Director, Maj. Gen. Lewis B. Hershey, except in a casual way. He learned, he said, that Hershey expects to come out to the Coast in the near future and "he seemed confident all these things will be ironed out eventually."

Asked regarding his published refusal to consider himself a candidate for President, Vice-President or any other office, Warren broadened his refusal. "Of course," he said, "every Repub-

lican Governor was asked if he was a candidate for President. My answer was and is that I am not a candidate for any office. I have a big job to do in California. My only interest is in doing that job as well as I can."

With respect to the Japanese problem. Warren said that in his opinion there is a move discernible in Federal circles "to release just as many Japanese as can be done without running into too sharp public criticism."

'Trifling With Safety'

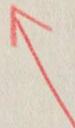
Yet, he said, "the Army, the Navy and the F.B.I. consider the Japanese a menace to our national security."

"I personally believe it is trifling with the safety of our nation to release them as they are being released. It is laying the groundwork for another Pearl Harbor in America."

"We certainly don't propose to have it in California if there is any legal way to prevent it."

He said with respect to Japanese residence in California after the war, "The State's program, of course, must depend to a considerable extent on whatever treaties may be in existence."

LA Times



July 3

Segregation of Disloyal Japs Urged by House Group

S. F. Examiner Washington Bureau.

WASHINGTON, July 3.

—By a favorable report on a resolution, the Senate Military Affairs Committee today demanded that the President order the segregation of disloyal west coast Japanese from loyal elements in the war relocation centers.

Segregation is a step the War Relocation Authority (WRA) has failed to take in the sixteen months the loyal elements admittedly have been exposed to pro-Japan arguments by both alien and American-born adherents of the Emperor.

The resolution was a substitute for one which would have placed the centers under the immediate direction of the Army.

The Army control resolution was opposed by the War Department at the committee's first hearings last winter, and Assistant Secretary of War John J. McCloy appeared again today, reportedly to testify that the Army did not want the task of controlling the Japanese.

Another witness was Dillon S. Myer, director of the WRA, who is to appear next week before the Dies House Committee on Subversive Activities to explain the agency's present policy of releasing 1,000 Japanese from the camps weekly without investigation of their loyalty records.

The resolution adopted today calls for a directive by the President, instructing the WRA to bring about the segregation at once. The WRA was created by executive order.

J.F. Examiner

Ban Freedom For Jap Girl

A ruling by Federal Judge Michael Roche on file today denied a petition for a writ of habeas corpus to Mitsuye Endo, 23, American-born Japanese now in the Tulelake relocation center.

Judge Roche held that Miss Endo had not availed herself of "other means" to leave the center

P. Enquirer

Japs at Large on Hawaii Held Ready to Sabotage Defenses

By RAY RICHARDS

S. F. Examiner Washington Bureau.

WASHINGTON, July 3.—J. A. Balch, head of the Radio Telegraph and Telephone System of Hawaii, today gave warning that Hawaii will have to deal with disastrous Japanese sabotage at the first sign of an enemy invasion attempt, and that the mainland west coast will face the same certain peril if evacuated Japanese are allowed to return there.

The Philippine Islands in the winter of 1941-42 provide the perfect object lesson, he declared.

Leaving for New York, Balch, a resident of Honolulu for 36 years, gave a report on conditions in Hawaii to Robert E. Stripling, chief of staff of the Dies Committee on Un-American Activities.

The report, Stripling said, contains non-military information which may be embodied in the public findings of the committee's present investigation of the Japanese resident problem on the mainland.

Complaining that, for economic reasons, Hawaii's 158,923 Japanese were not segregated as were the 107,000 members of that race on the west coast, Balch said public utilities of the territory were particularly susceptible to sabotage.

DANGER ZONE OPEN.

He said the one zone in the islands originally prohibited to Japanese recently had been reopened to them, and that it contains vital installations.

"Those who want to keep the Japanese at large in Hawaii," Balch said, "assert that not one act of sabotage has been proved.

"I doubt that claim is strictly true, but I concede that sabotage in Hawaii has been negligible, and a matter of individual impulse, not inspired by Tokio.

"I think I am supported by most of the Caucasian population of Hawaii in my argument that a carefully-built plan of Japan would collapse if she permitted her agents in Hawaii or on the mainland to indulge in serious acts of sabotage now.

SABOTEURS WAITING.

"Sabotage is being held in reserve until it can be of real and gigantic use to Japan—in other words, until Japan's invasion offensive is under way.

"The Pearl Harbor raid was not an invasion attempt. Japanese documents and maps show that even the Aleutian landings and the unsuccessful attack on Midway were not invasion attempts. No, the invasion attempt is yet to come, in what may be called the third and climactic phase of Japan's master plan of war.

"There will be no Hawaiian or west coast sabotage until the invasion phase is set in motion—and then there will be plenty, just as there was in the Philippines."

J.F. Exam

July 7

S. F. Supervisors Call on U. S. to Prevent All Japanese From Returning to Coast

Internment of all Japanese for duration of the war, "irrespective of birth and nominal American citizenship," was demanded yesterday by San Francisco's Board of Supervisors.

In a resolution introduced by Supervisor Uhl and unanimously adopted, the board asserted:

"The citizens of the west

coast of America are strictly and unequivocally opposed to the infiltration of Japanese into their communities. By actual survey it has been ascertained that 80 per cent of the internees would by their own admission fight for Japan if given the opportunity and the attitude of

the remaining 20 per cent is an unknown quantity."

Copies of the resolution will be sent to President Roosevelt, Vice President Wallace, Secretary of War Stimson and the California delegation in Congress.

(For further details of yesterday's session of the board of supervisors, see page 13, column 1.)

S.F. Eyam -

July 7

The Supervisors

Board Declares West Coast Wants Japanese Kept in Camps

The Board of Supervisors yesterday went on record as opposed to the release of any Japanese from relocation camps.

The opposition was voiced in the unanimous adoption of a resolution submitted by Supervisor Adolph Uhl. The resolution declared that "certain elements now are endeavoring to have Japanese return to the West Coast," and added that the differences in race, religion, color and thought of the Japanese prohibit them from becoming loyal American citizens.

Uhl's resolution further declared the citizens of the West Coast are opposed to the release of any Japanese from the camps. It asked that a copy of the resolution be sent to President Roosevelt and Secretary of War Henry L. Stimson.

The 1943-44 assessment role also was presented to the Board yesterday in 44 volumes. The Supervisors will start sitting as a Board of Equalization at 10 a. m. Monday to review complaints.

A move to increase city officials' travel expenses from \$15 a day to \$20 introduced by Supervisors Dewey Mead was defeated. Mead declared officials "in these trying times" should be allowed more money to represent the city properly.

However, Board President Jesse Colman, from the chair, offered his opinion that \$15 was ample. The measure was defeated with Supervisors Gartland, Mead, Green and Shannon voting for the increase and Supervisors Colman, Gallagher, MacPhee, Meyer, Roncovieri and Uhl voting against it.

The Board moved to alleviate the manpower shortage on the Municipal Railway by appropriating \$540,-

600 for salaries of women operators. The appropriation created 250 additional positions for women operators.

Two ordinances under which the Market Street Railway would substitute buses for cars on certain streets and remove the tracks jointly with the city at a cost of \$90,000 were referred back to the committee.

Controller Harold J. Boyd was voted \$1750 with which to employ outside counsel as a result of the suit to enjoin Boyd from paying increased salaries to Municipal Railway platform men and women.

The Board adopted a resolution calling upon the county agricultural commission to take all steps necessary to destroy pests which have been damaging the victory gardens.

J.F. Exam.

SENATE ASKS SEGREGATION OF DISLOYAL JAPS

WASHINGTON, July 6. (U.P.)—The Senate tonight adopted a resolution requesting President Roosevelt to order segregation of Japanese of "questionable loyalty" to the United States from loyal Japanese in war relocation camps. It now goes to the House.

Senators McKellar (D.) Tenn., and Revercomb (R.) W.Va., asserted the entire internment administration should be transferred from the War Relocation Authority to the Army and suggested that the Military Affairs Committee sponsor such legislation. (Story of Dies committee hearing on relocation camps will be found on Page 8, Part I.)

L.A. Times

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S.F. Exam

July 8

Myer Explains Jap Civilians in Southland

By a Times Staff Correspondent
WASHINGTON, July 7.—Any civilians of Japanese ancestry seen in Los Angeles recently are there with Army permission or under civilian guard, War Relocation Director Dillon S. Myer declared today in reply to questions by Representative Costello of California.

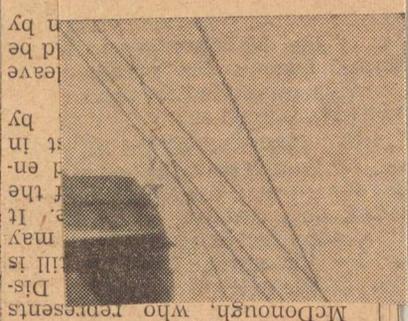
Costello said he has received many reports that "Japanese people have been seen in and around Southern California, particularly Los Angeles."

"There were a few of mixed marriages allowed to return to the Coast, about 350," Myer said, "and there have been particular cases because of individual hardship. As far as our policy is concerned, we have no authority to allow any Japanese to return to Southern California without the permission of Gen. DeWitt."

A number of Japanese still are in hospitals and other institutions in Southern California, Myer added, because they can get better care than at relocation camps. He estimated the number at about 550.

L.A. Times

Disloyal Japs on Base



McDonough Asks Army Job

In rural sections would be only \$63.450 per mile but that in urban and other areas with high real property values the cost would average \$1,158,400 per mile.
Begun under the direction of Col. William J. Fox, now on leave from his post as chief engineer for the commission and in active service in the United States Marine Corps, the book is dedicated to him.
Formal presentation of the volume to the Supervisors will be made Tuesday evening at a banquet in the Sky Room of the Lockheed Air Terminal.

L.A. Times

Anti-Japanese Law Held Invalid

PHOENIX, July 7. (U.P)—A law prohibiting business transactions with Japanese without publication of notice was ruled unconstitutional today. The law also applied to "other persons whose movements are restricted."

Superior Judge M. T. Phelps, who handed down the ruling in a suit brought by Tsutomu Ikeda, a Japanese, denied a motion of the Attorney General's office to dismiss the complaint.

L.A. Times

Quiz Urged on Jap Camera

Probe of Leniency Over Contraband Sought

SEATTLE, July 7. — (AP) — Representative Warren G. Magnuson, Democrat of Washington, said today he would ask the Dies Committee to investigate the recent case of three Japanese-American soldiers from Washington State who were apprehended after digging up a buried camera at a pre-evacuation home of one of them near Sumner.

"I'm particularly interested," the Congressman told a Post-Intelligencer reporter, "in why the War Department at Washington, D. C., let them go after local military authorities had them in custody, particularly when local authorities were prepared to discipline them."

"They ought to be dismissed from the service and returned to their former War Relocation Center."

S.F. Exam

Immigrants Force Chinese Park Camp Cops Called

TUCSON (Ariz.), July 7.—Federal Judge Albert M. Ames has denied an application for citizenship for five years to a Chinese immigrant, because he was found guilty of selling a pair of silk stockings above the OPA ceiling price.

Simon, born in Syria, entered the United States in 1926 from Mexico, where he had been a citizen.

S.F. Exam

PAGE 23
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L.A. Times

Disloyal Japs Soon to Be Segregated

Policy Often Urged by Californians to Start About Sept. 1

BY WARREN B. FRANCIS
Times Staff Correspondent

WASHINGTON, July 7.—Segregation of disloyal Japanese evacuees, demanded repeatedly by California members of Congress and many civic and patriotic organizations, will get under way within two months, War Relocation Director Dillon S. Myer told the House un-Americanism committee today.

Myer indicated that several thousand persons will be moved to a special center and kept in custody for the duration of the war. The W.R.A. has "definitely determined on a segregation program," he asserted.

Turmoil Feared

Myer, subject to more sharp attacks from committee members, asked that some information about the program be suppressed because of fear "we'll have tremendous emotional turmoil" among persons of Japanese ancestry. He indicated that persons who have requested repatriation to Japan, those who gave negative replies to questions about loyalty to the United States and individuals who are considered suspicious will be placed in the new segregation camp.

Myer told the committee "about 10 per cent" of the approximately 73,000 persons over 17 required to fill out personal history questionnaires refused to swear loyalty to the United States.

The W.R.A. hopes to start the transfer about Sept. 1, and complete it by Oct. 20. Myer did not tell the location of the segregation camp, but said no new center will be constructed. The cost of the transfer will be about \$1,000,000 and the Army has been asked to supervise the operations.

Mistakes Admitted

As the House committee neared the end of public hearings, Myer admitted "some mistakes" have been made in carrying out the relocation program but generally defended administration of the 10 camps and insisted vigorous Americanization activities are carried on among the evacuees. He again protested the conduct of the House investigation, complaining particularly that the special committee has not furnished W.R.A. with names of asserted potential saboteurs and spies among the evacuees.

Representative Thomas (R.) N.J., denounced the W.R.A. program as a "silly social experiment" and upbraided Myer for never consulting the special committee. Representatives Costello (D.) Cal., subcommittee chairman, and Mundt (R.) S.D., again criticized the policies under which evacuees are released from relocation centers.

Army Control Sought

"It is only recently that you thought well enough of this committee that you saw fit to ask us for any information," Thomas said. "You didn't get in touch with us until you began to get adverse publicity. I can understand why. You're just like any other New Dealer."

Thomas announced that he would introduce a bill providing

Turn to Page 2, Column 3

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L.A. Times

Anti-Japanese Law

SEGREGATION DECIDED ON FOR DISLOYAL JAPANESE

Continued from First Page
for the transfer of relocation center administration to the Army.

Much of the six-hour session was devoted to discussion of the system by which W.R.A. checks the evacuees applying for release to accept private employment. Both Costello and Mundt reflected continued dissatisfaction, with the Hollywood legislator once remarking "the investigation by the Department of Justice is just a cursory one; actually no investigation is made into the background or prior activities of any evacuees."

Legal Obstacles Cited

In discussing the release policy, Myer presented a memorandum citing constitutional obstacles and voiced fear that Japanese-Americans might upset the program by trying to gain freedom through habeas corpus proceedings. The memorandum said the leave regulations "are essential to the legal validity of the evacuation and relocation program" and described detention within the relocation centers as only "a temporary stage in the process of relocating the evacuees into new homes and jobs." Myer denied furnishing confi-

dential documents to representatives of the Japanese-American Citizens' League, but admitted conferring approximately once a week with League officers.

During discussion of the program for finding private employment for evacuees, the committee learned that Attorney General Biddle once requested a houseman for his sister, Miss Constance Biddle of Bryn Mawr, Pa.

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L.A. Times

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S.F. Exam

Japs Menace Chinese In Sharp Park Camp Row; Troops Called

Placard for '7-7 Day' Fete Torn Down

S.F. Exam

Japanese enemy aliens threatened to riot yesterday at the Sharp Park Detention Camp and succeeded not only in breaking up a celebration among Chinese nationals, but actually caused the Chinese to be placed behind bars in the old Alameda County Jail.

A platoon of soldiers, armed with tommy guns, roared up in twenty-five Army jeeps at the height of the threatened riot, but no blows were struck and the soldiers were used only to truck the Chinese off to jail.

PLACARD TORN DOWN.

The trouble started when the camp's forty-seven Chinese, virtually all seamen awaiting deportation, put up a placard and the Chinese flag in honor of "Seven-Seven Day"—the day Japan invaded China.

The placard, which bore the legend "Seven Years of Victory," then was torn down by one of the 172 Japanese enemy aliens in the camp.

July 9

REP. COSTELLO URGES CURB ON JAP ESPIONAGE

Congress Action Demanded to
Counteract Release of Many
Disloyal Aliens From Camps

By RAY RICHARDS.

S. F. Examiner Washington Bureau.

WASHINGTON, July 8.—Virtual certainty that the United States is exposing itself to Japanese espionage was held up officially today as the reason Congress must move to curb the policies of the War Relocation Authority.

Congress must act, said Representative John M. Costello, California Democrat, because WRA Director Dillon S. Myer, former Middle West county farm agent, defiantly has told the Dies House Committee on Un-American Ac-



NEW YORK, July 8.—(AP)—Julius Pruever, 69, conductor of the famed Berlin Philharmonic Orchestra until the Nazis came into power in Germany, died at a nursing home here today.

Leader of Berlin Philharmonic Dies

its authority in rare and unusual cases where critical war production cannot otherwise be obtained, "to approve increases not in excess of the minimum of the going rates for the most nearly comparable work."

J.F. Exam

Sentence of Jap Violator Delayed

PORTLAND (Ore.), July 8.—(AP)—Federal Judge James A. Fee postponed today resentencing of Minoru Yasui, but ordered into the record a supreme court decision upholding the 27 year old American born Japanese's conviction of violating the Western Defense Command alien curfew.

Yasui was sentenced to one year in prison and a \$5,000 fine by Fee, who held Yasui was an alien. The high tribunal recently upheld Yasui's conviction but said his citizenship was not an issue. It ordered him resentenced.

J.F. Exam

July 9

REP. COSTELLO URGES CURB ON JAP ESPIONAGE

Congress Action Demanded to
Counteract Release of Many
Disloyal Aliens From Camps

By RAY RICHARDS.

S. F. Examiner Washington Bureau.

WASHINGTON, July 8.—Virtual certainty that the United States is exposing itself to Japanese espionage was held up officially today as the reason Congress must move to curb the policies of the War Relocation Authority.

Congress must act, said Representative John M. Costello, California Democrat, because WRA Director Dillon S. Myer, former Middle West county farm agent, defiantly has told the Dies House Committee on Un-American Activities that he has no intention of modifying voluntarily the WRA's present schedule of unrestricted and unguarded release of Japanese from the war relocation centers.

Costello, Representative J. Parnell Thomas, New Jersey Republican, and Senator Chapman Revercomb, West Virginia Republican, characterized as inadequate the present WRA plan to separate disloyal and loyal Japanese in the centers this fall.

EXECUTIVE SESSION.

"With the proved ratio of disloyalty among both the American-born and alien Japanese, it would be stupid for any one to believe that, at the rate of 1,000 a week, the WRA is not releasing some Japanese who immediately seek a chance to gather or transmit information of value to the Pacific enemy," Costello said, speaking as chairman of the present hearings of the Dies House Committee on Un-American Activities.

The California Representative called an executive session of a Dies subcommittee tomorrow to hear testimony from Navy intelligence officers, Federal Bureau of Investigation agents and representatives of the office of John J. McCloy, Assistant Secretary of War. Subjects of the expected testimony were not revealed.

CHIEF DANGER.

Costello said he believed the danger of espionage was much greater than the possibility of sabotage, because intelligence services are aware that Japanese agents will commit no sabotage until the enemy attempts invasion, as in the Philippines.

"But I am firmly convinced," Costello said, "that the evacuation of the west coast Japanese population reduced and finally brought to an end last year's activities of Japanese submarines just offshore."

Because of this week's incident in Washington State, involving an illegally concealed camera and three Army inductees of Japanese ancestry, the Dies Committee, it was stated, will urge revocation of an April Army order which permits Japanese-American soldiers to re-enter the west coast combat zone on furlough.

ARMY CONTROL.

The significance of the Washington camera incident was discussed at an executive meeting of Dies committee members with Representative Warren G. Magnuson, Washington Democrat and Navy Reserve officer, now at Seattle.

The three inductees dug up a camera that had been buried at Sumner, Wash., in violation of military orders. They persisted for hours in a denial that they had done so, but finally confessed. Whereupon, the War Department ordered that they be released to proceed by themselves to Camp Shelby, Miss., where they originally had been routed from Salt Lake City. They had gone far out of their way to recover the camera.

Representative Thomas said he will introduce a bill in the House to place the relocation centers under direct Army control, and Senator Revercomb announced he probably would introduce a similar measure in the Senate.

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SF Exam.

July 10

New Jap Ban Demanded

War Department Asked To Rescind Order

By RAY RICHARDS
San Francisco Examiner
Washington Bureau.

WASHINGTON, July 9.

— The War Department was asked formally today to rescind its April order permitting members of the Japanese-American contingent in the Army to re-enter west coast prohibited areas in uniform.

A letter making the request officially was dispatched to John J. McCloy, Assistant Secretary of War, by Representative John J. Costello, chairman of the Japanese resident subcommittee of the Dies House Committee on Un-American Activities.

SEATTLE INCIDENT.

The letter cited this week's incident near Seattle, in which three Japanese-American soldiers were found to have recovered a camera which one of them had concealed in violation of military regulations at the time of the evacuation of 107,000 west coast



— Associated Press Wirephoto.
The magazine in which the
a test alarm, according to the
crew of the German antiaircraft

J.F. Giam

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SEATTLE INCIDENT.

The letter cited this week's incident near Seattle, in which three Japanese-American soldiers were found to have recovered a camera which one of them had concealed in violation of military regulations at the time of the evacuation of 107,000 west coast Japanese to relocation centers early last year.

Representative Costello cited the incident as illustrative of the possibilities of subversive activities under the War Department's order permitting the visits of the soldiers.

However, he said, the letter made no attempt to establish that the three Japanese-Americans in question intended anything further than evasive disobedience of the military rule requiring all Japanese to surrender firearms, cameras and other articles that might be used against the national security.

It was announced there would be no further sessions for the time being of the public hearing by the Dies Committee on the War Relocation situation, and that the committee's report probably would be issued shortly after August 1.

SUMMER PROBES.

A number of members of the west coast House delegations have announced they will investigate conditions on the spot during the present summer recess. Costello said that should occasion arise a subcommittee of the Dies Committee will be prepared to resume hearings.

"We shall be alert to any move by the WRA to carry through its plan of last April to resettle Japanese in the west coast zone of military operations," Costello said. "I think we have pretty well scotched that idea. But before we knew what was under way, the order was issued permitting the return to the combat zone of Japanese-Americans in uniform—a most dangerous concession—and our immediate object is to have that withdrawn."

Costello admitted that, with Congress in recess, there was little hope of stemming the summer's flow of Japanese out of the centers, to settle or travel at will over the interior United States.

July 11

SENATOR URGES ARMY RULE OF JAP DETENTION CAMPS

Release of Evacuees Assailed, Strict Confinement Until End of War Demanded

By RAY RICHARDS

San Francisco Examiner Washington Bureau.

WASHINGTON, July 10.—Senator Chapman Revercomb, West Virginia Republican, today described the Japanese relocation problem as "the simple one of keeping all the Japanese in humane detention camps and relocation centers until the war is over."

No change in the military or domestic security situation has taken place in the last year to justify the release of any of the Japanese from the relocation centers in which they were placed by the Army, he asserted.

ARMY SUPERVISION.

The camps and centers, he said, should be under direct Army supervision. He added that the Japanese should not be allowed to scatter to defense areas throughout the country's interior, as they are now doing under the War Relocation Authority's administration.

There should be immediate revocation, the Senator said, of the War Department order which allows Japanese-American soldiers in uniform to re-enter the West coast prohibited zone. And under no circumstances, he insisted, should any Japanese, regardless of how impressed officials may be with his apparent loyalty, be allowed to resettle in the West coast zone of military operations.

CURIOUS HISTORY.

Senator Revercomb went on: "As a national problem, the handling of the 107,000 West coast Japanese has had a curious history. Most of the country over-

looked it in the tumultuous months after Pearl Harbor. After all, the West coast Japanese were but a minute fraction of the population.

"In the Midwest and East, it was believed the problem was solved by the evacuation and

the Japanese can help agricultural production, can even aid in the war plants. Certainly we cannot claim that their tiny contribution in those directions would overbalance the espionage they can commit at all times, and the sabotage some of them most certainly will commit if Japan attempts an



S.F. Examiner

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S.F. Ey

looked it in the tumultuous months after Pearl Harbor. After all, the West coast Japanese were but a minute fraction of the population.

“In the Midwest and East, it was believed the problem was solved by the evacuation and the relocating of the Japanese in the centers. It had no aspects then of a national war problem.

“But it became a national problem recently when the country awoke to the fact that, with deliberate secrecy, the War Relocation Authority was releasing the Japanese by the thousands without loyalty tests, was allowing them the free run of the interior, and had even proposed to military authorities—secretly—that Japanese of certain classes be returned wholesale to the West coast combat zone.

MYER ADMISSION.

“The whole thing was capped when Director Dillon S. Myer of the WRA acknowledged before the Dies House Committee last week a letter in which he told Attorney General Biddle that even Japanese known to be dangerous to the security of the country be released as soon as possible, on constitutional grounds.

“All these happenings have made the country realize suddenly that this is a national problem of the first degree, made so, apparently, by the War Relocation Authority's policy.

“We now find that Japanese too disloyal to be allowed in certain critical regions are allowed to circulate over regions not specifically designated as military zones, but nevertheless containing highly important defense factories, knowledge of which Japan would very much like to have.

DANGER TOO GREAT.

“The argument is made that

the Japanese can help agricultural production, can even aid in the war plants. Certainly we cannot claim that their tiny contribution in those directions would overbalance the espionage they can commit at all times, and the sabotage some of them most certainly will commit if Japan attempts an attack on our mainland.”

Senator Revercomb said the failure of the WRA became inevitable when men without knowledge of things Japanese were placed in charge of it.

“The WRA,” he charged, “obviously had no intention of segregating the loyal from the disloyal in the camps until recent events disclosed the situation as a national problem. A resolution for segregation had even passed the Senate before Mr. Myer announced his own segregation plan, seventeen months after the West coast evacuation.

CONGRESS BILLS.

“Segregation is not sufficient, because even easterners can now see that Japan's clutch on her people abroad, regardless of where they were born, makes it impossible to distinguish loyal from disloyal Japanese infallibly.

“The West coast Japanese should be kept in confinement.

“I have discussed the situation with another easterner, Representative J. Parnell Thomas of New Jersey, and at the reconvening of Congress it is highly probable, unless the picture has changed, that we shall introduce bills in both branches of Congress to apply stricter control to the Japanese population and place the relocation centers under direct military administration.”

July 12

JAP PROBLEM PROBE SLATED

Speaker Lyon to Issue Call for
Interim Committee Soon

(Special to the Examiner)

LOS ANGELES, July 11.—Emphatically opposing any movement to return Japanese to the west coast during the war, Speaker of the Assembly Charles W. Lyon today said he soon will issue a call for the interim committee on Japanese problems to meet here the first week in August.

"The Japanese situation is a very pressing problem and I believe the committee should get down to business as soon as possible," Lyon said.

The principal purpose of the committee, as indicated by the intent of the house resolution creating it, is to take advantage of the war period to guard California's interest in the postwar settlement of Japanese problems.

The legislature anticipated that conditions in the State, as affecting the Japanese situation, will be more acute after the war than they ever were. With suspension of treaty rights, many of the problems that have arisen by reason of those treaties, in which California's interests may not have been fully considered, may be settled.

"There is no basis for the return of the Japanese to this area during the war period," declared Lyon. "Nor can I see any justification for the wholesale release of Japanese from relocation centers or go to the Middle West and East."

J.F. Exam.

July 13

JAP PROBLEM LEAGUE FORMED

LOS ANGELES, July 12.—Designed to protect the Pacific coast from "any and all phases of the Japanese menace," the Pacific Coast Japanese Problem League, with headquarters in Los Angeles, today filed articles of incorporation with Secretary of State Frank M. Jordan.

J.F. Examer

Return of Japs Opposed

Senate Probers Send
Protest to Roosevelt

SANTA ROSA, July 12.—Unqualified opposition to the return of Japanese to the west coast for the duration is expressed in the findings of a State senate interim committee investigating Japanese resettlement. The committee report was forwarded today to President Roosevelt and Congress, Senator Herbert W. Slater, a committee member, announced here.

"Testimony definitely opposing Japanese return was heard by the committee at hearings in Modesto, Turlock, Merced, Watsonville and Salinas," Slater said.

"The opposition was voiced by such responsible organizations as the American Legion, Veterans of Foreign Wars, California Grange, Peace Officers and District Attorneys State associations, and the Native Sons and Daughters.

"Belief was expressed that Japanese return undoubtedly would promote trouble and breaches of peace with which peace officers of the State could not cope."

Other committee members are Senators Hugh P. Donnelly of Modesto, chairman, Irwin T. Quinn of Humboldt County, George J. Hatfield of Merced and J. R. Dorsey of Bakersfield.

J.F. Examer

July 13

N. S. G. W. Juvenile Committee Formed

Wayne R. Millington, grand president of the Native Sons of the Golden West, announces a newly formed N. S. G. W. Juvenile Welfare Committee has been named and that an overall plan has been adopted, calling for the support of the officers and members in the State.

Another movement now well under way on a uniformed schedule is for the officers of each parlor in the State to appoint blood donor committees to have each of the 25,000 members of the organization donate to the blood bank in their respective communities. The donors will rotate, said Millington, assuring a continuous number of members giving their blood for the saving of the lives of American fighting men.

Grand President Millington also said that the Japanese legislative committee charged with making a survey and report of Nipponese movements and to watch any attempt to let down the stringent bars against them, is now now organized throughout California. Any attempt from any source to weaken the stand taken by General DeWitt against barring the return of the Japanese to vital areas will be bitterly opposed by the entire order, Millington stated.

An appeal to the members to secure books and magazines regularly and forward them to the recognized agencies for distribution to men in the fighting forces, including the Merchant Marine, is under way, he said.

To encourage the employment of school children in agricultural and seasonable occupations, all officials of the order are urged to lend their efforts.

Berk Gazette

Legion Assails Jap Workers

Peril Seen in Jobs Held By 500 Near Chicago

(Special to S. F. Examiner.)

CHICAGO, July 13.—Presence of approximately 500 Japanese-American workers in the clearing industrial district has created a dangerous situation, Clearing Post No. 600 of the American Legion charged today.

Resolutions blamed the War Relocation Authority.

The Japanese, 60 per cent of them men, the rest women, have been brought into several clearing industrial plants within the past four months.

SOME SUPERVISORS.

They are working alongside white and Negro workers.

According to Arthur E. Johnson, commander of clearing post, the Japs, most of them brought here from the Pacific coast, are not only working on equal terms with local workers. In some instances they have been placed over Negro and white factory hands.

AROUSES RESENTMENT.

This situation has aroused resentment among three industrial plants where the Nisei Japs are employed. They are the National Luminate Company, Agar Paper Box Company and Midway Chemical Manufacturing Company.

Three weeks ago, at the time of the Detroit race riots, a flareup was narrowly averted in clearing, when street car service at the terminal of the Sixty-third Street car line was held up for several hours.

S.F. Exam

July 14

OWI Penalized for Writing Propaganda on Jap Centers

S. F. Examiner Washington Bureau.
WASHINGTON, June 30.—Elmer Davis' alleged willingness to use his Office of War Information (OWI) in the bureaucratic scheme to return evacuated Japanese to the west coast combat zone played its part in slashing the OWI's budget, it was disclosed today.

The Senate Appropriations Committee read a report that Davis last April promised to assign several OWI writers to con-

J.F. Exam

ducting propaganda to soften public sentiment toward the re-locating of the Japanese in California, Oregon and Washington.

The report was among papers seized by agents of the Dies House Committee on un-American Activities from the Washington offices of the Japanese-American Citizens League.

Senator Rufus C. Holman, Oregon Republican, told his colleagues on the Senate committee:

"This is an instance of ignorant and illegitimate propagandizing against the national interest. We had better see that Mr. Davis has no spare funds with which to carry on such tricky little campaigns in the future."

Tenney Urges Nip Control

³³²
Senator Says Turn Jap Camps Over to Army

LOS ANGELES, July 13.—Gross mismanagement of the Japanese problem by the War Relocation Authority was charged here today by State Senator Jack B. Tenney.

Speaking at a breakfast club meeting of the junior chamber of commerce, Tenney, who is chairman of the joint fact finding committee on un-American activities, demanded that Japanese relocation centers be returned to the control of the Army.

FURTHER JAP AIMS.

"Japanese prisoners have been interned in centers that were intended to be homes for Japanese evicted from the west coast," Senator Tenney said. "These prisoners have been known to incite riots and further Japanese aims of aggression within the United States.

"In one recent case Japanese prisoners brought to the relocation camp at Lordsburg, N. M., were allowed to mingle with other internees and they raised the Japanese flag on the camp flagpole. It took a machinegun company of soldiers to force the prisoners to haul the flag down."

Communism was branded by Tenney as "one of the dangerous movements that have grown tremendously since Pearl Harbor."

WORK OF FICTION.

"The dissolution of the Comintern is a work of fiction," said the senator. "Earl Browder, head man of the Communist Party in the United States, has six liaison officers plying between this country and Moscow. Janet Carr, his personal secretary, is one of them.

"Over 39,000 Communists, schooled in the methods of Communism, are even now in the Army, the Navy and the Marine Corps. These men will form a nucleus for general unrest after the war. Winning the war is only half the battle. Americans must also win the battle of ideas that is waging all over the world."

S.F. Exam

July 15

Sentence Cut In Jap Test

Citizenship Restored to
Curfew Violator

PORTLAND (Ore.), July 14.—
(AP)—Minoru Yasui, Hood River
(Ore.), American-Japanese
who deliberately violated the
coast alien curfew order to pre-
cipitate a test case which reached
the United States Supreme Court,
will be freed in fifteen days.

Federal District Judge James
A. Fee, who sentenced Yasui to a
year in the penitentiary and fined
him \$5,000, today resented him
to eight months and ten days in
jail. With time already served in
the Multnomah County jail, Yasui
has only fifteen days to go. No
fine was imposed.

Judge Fee, in line with the Su-
preme Court mandate, restored
to Yasui the American citizenship
which, in his decision last fall
Judge Fee revoked.

S.F. Eyam

July 17

Plan for Japs Approved

Segregation in Camps Has Dies Backing

By DAVID SENTNER

S. P. Examiner Washington Bureau.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—The

opinion that the enemy troops there could be left to starve and that a direct attack might be wisely delayed for a considerable period.

PART OF VAST DRIVE.

Knox's declaration, however, was interpreted as indicating that the conquest of Kiska may be among the objectives of current offensive operations extending from the Aleutians to the Solomon Islands and New Guinea.

In a formal statement today Knox explained the recent agreement between the Army and Navy under which all communications on the South Pacific operations are being issued from Gen. Douglas MacArthur's headquarters.

"The joint operations now being carried on in the South and Southwest Pacific are under the strategical direction of General MacArthur and for this reason it is proper for the initial release of operational information in the areas to be segregated."

J.F. Eyam

July 17

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By DAVID SENTNER

S. F. Examiner Washington Bureau.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—The announcement today of Dillon S. Myer, director of the War Relocation Authority, that disloyal Japs would be segregated within the next few weeks from loyal Japanese in relocation centers was received with satisfaction by members of the House Costello subcommittee of the Dies Committee on un-American Activities which has been investigating laxity of administration in the camps.

"The failure to segregate has been at the core of the trouble in the relocation camps in which loyal Japanese-Americans have been beaten up by pro-Japs," declared a spokesman for the Dies Committee.

"Segregation should have been decided upon a long time ago, following the results of an Army questionnaire distributed throughout the centers which showed that 26 per cent of the interned Japs wanted Japan to win the war."

War Chief Myer, while maintaining that Americanism is predominant in the relocation centers, added:

"However, there are some people in the relocation centers who have indicated that they prefer to be Japanese rather than American. And there are others whose records indicate that they might endanger the national security.

"Accordingly, we are planning within the next few weeks to segregate these pro-Japanese people and establish them in a single center where they will live for the duration of the war or until repatriated to Japan."

Myer asserted that future plans also called for permitting the remainder of the Japanese population—those "who are thoroughly American in their loyalties"—to leave the relocation centers and work on farms, in factories and in other places where their abilities can be used to the best advantage in contributing to the war effort.

July 18

U. S. to Isolate Disloyal Japs

Pro-Americans Eligible
To Leave Camps

WASHINGTON, July 18.—
(INS)—The War Relocation Au-
thority is today preparing to seg-
regate loyal Japanese from those
in western evacuation camps who
are anti-American.

The program follows a recom-
mendation of a Senate military
subcommittee headed by Senator
A. B. Chandler, which visited the
internment camps recently.

Disloyal Japanese-Americans
will be isolated in centers where
they will be denied leave of all
kinds. The others will be eligible
for leave and will be encouraged
to find jobs in communities out-
side the evacuated area.

The cost of feeding each evac-
uee was estimated at from 34 to
42 cents per day. In general the
food was described as nourishing.

J. F. Egan

Only 'Handful' of Evacuated Japs Expected to Return Here

Only a "handful" of Japanese-Americans are expected to return to Seattle within ten months after January 2, when the government will release internees from relocation centers, according to statements yesterday by newly-appointed officials of the War Relocation Authority located in the Seattle area office, 1331 Third Avenue Building.

"A handful means a couple hundred," said Harold S. Fistere, 42 years old, of New York City, new supervisor for the Washington and Oregon area of the W. R. A. Sheldon G. Hagen, 40, of Seattle, new relocation officer for this district, agreed.

Fistere and Hagen now are "working themselves out of a job," they said, as they face the task of serving as liaison officers in the reestablishment of Japanese-Americans into civilian life.

Have Right to Return

All loyal evacuated Japanese have the right, through a recent Supreme Court ruling, to settle where they wish.

"We're here to wind up a job brought about by the placement of Japanese in relocation centers," Fistere said. "Our job is to help make possible an orderly and gradual return of Japanese to civilian life.

"I have no idea how many, if Seattle will return here. So far, we've had no requests for assistance from any."

The War Relocation Authority office will assist Japanese only if they prove they have a means of support and a place to live in their selected spot for relocation, Fistere declared.

Trend Is to East

"The W. R. A. is not going out to seek jobs for anyone," Fistere said. "If anyone asks us for Japanese workers, we will refer them to the relocation centers. There is a question if many Japanese will want to return here. "The trend of resettlement is in the Midwest and the East. Difficulty in finding housing will in itself prohibit many



H. S. FISTERE S. G. HAGEN

any, Japanese evacuated from returning to Seattle."

Approximately 1,000 Japanese-Americans have returned to the West Coast, mostly in California, Fistere said. About 15,000 were evacuated from Washington and 5,000 from Oregon. Approximately 10,000 were from the Seattle area.

About 35,000 have left the eight relocation centers. Sixty thousand still are in centers, but only those who have proved loyalty to the United States will be released.

Knows Feeling Here

"I realize the feeling in this area about Japanese returning, but in all my dealings in this job I have never lost my faith in Americans and their belief in fair play," Fistere said. "I have confidence in the law enforcement agencies, too."

Assisting in the relocation will be John Bigelow, formerly with the W. R. A. staff at Minadoka and Tule Lake relocation centers. He joined the Seattle staff December 19, is serving as reports and information officer. Claude Walker is manager of evacuee property and transportation.

Fistere has been with the W. R. A. since January, 1943, when he was appointed relocation supervisor in Cleveland for the Great Lakes area. In March, 1944, he became supervisor in New York City for the Middle Atlantic area.

July 18

L.A. Times 7/18/43

Coast's Jap Ban Will Stay in Force

Byrnes Says They'll Be Barred as Long as War Setup Requires

WASHINGTON, July 17. (P)—War Mobilization Director James F. Byrnes served notice tonight that "the present restrictions against persons of Japanese ancestry will remain in force as long as the military situation so requires."

prepared by the War Department authority at President Roosevelt there is little likelihood the will be opened in the near residents of Japanese ancestry for a report on their treatment.

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L. A. Times

July 18

L.A. Times 7/18/43

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WASHINGTON, July 17. (AP)—War Mobilization Director James F. Byrnes served notice tonight that "the present restrictions against persons of Japanese ancestry will remain in force as long as the military situation so requires."

Byrnes issued a statement, prepared by the War Department and War Relocation Authority at President Roosevelt's request, which made clear there is little likelihood the evacuated West Coast area will be opened in the near future for the return of former residents of Japanese ancestry. The Senate had asked for a report on their treatment.

Without referring to the charges, the report took issue with recent contentions by members of the Dies Committee on Un-American Activities that disloyal Japanese are being released from war relocation centers to accept outside employment.

Byrnes' statement said that before permission is granted for such releases "the evacuee's

**Text of White House statement
on Japanese-Americans will be
found on Page 7, Part I.**

background and record of behavior are carefully checked, and the attitude of the community toward receiving evacuees is ascertained."

"If there is evidence from any source that the evacuee might endanger the war effort," it said, "permission for leave is denied."

In answer to recent demands in Congress for separation of loyal and disloyal Japanese, Byrnes reported that the War Relocation Authority now is attempting to "segregate those evacuees whose loyalties lie with Japan."

Segregation Set-up

"The segregated group will be quartered in a center by themselves, and will not be eligible for leave," he said. "The other people, however, will continue to be eligible for leave and will be encouraged by W.R.A. to take useful employment in normal communities outside the evacuated area."

Discussing soldiers of Japanese ancestry now serving in combat teams with United States fighting forces, the report said:

"They are all citizens of the United States; and they have all volunteered for service. Thus far their record has been excellent.

"Other American soldiers of Japanese descent have performed useful and hazardous services in connection with our operations in the Pacific and a number have already been decorated for meritorious services. It is the policy of the War Department and the Army in all respects to accord American soldiers of Japanese ancestry the rights and privileges of all other American soldiers."

Other Statements

Included in the review were statements that:

1—Military police have been summoned only once to "quell a disturbance" in the relocation centers.

2—In milk shortage areas,



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The two top men there are Reiman Morin, a former sports writer of The Times who has been interned and exchanged by the Japs, and Dan De Luce, who used to work for the A.P. in the Times Building. Dan stands out above all other reporters because his wife is following him clear to Africa, having gotten a job with one of the government alphabet agencies which is sending women abroad. Life is represented by another Los Angeles boy, Bob Landry, who returned this morning from invading Stilly after hearing those Elyette bullets go cracking past his ears while he was wading through the warm Stilly surf. It

Statement on Japs

WASHINGTON, July 17. (AP)—Following is the text of a White House statement on treatment of persons of Japanese ancestry:

WEST COAST EVACUATION

Following the attack at Pearl Harbor, the Secretary of War after consultation with the commanding general of the Western Defense Command, as well as other officials and agencies of the government, authorized the evacuation of citizens and aliens of Japanese descent from the West Coast areas under the authority of Executive Order 9066. The objective was to evacuate the entire Japanese population from a sensitive and threatened military area. It was a precautionary measure and carried no implications of individual disloyalty. The indications were, however, that there were a number of unidentified persons of Japanese descent, both citizen and alien, who, by reason of their attachment to Japan, constituted a potential threat to our security. The Army effected the original moves in connection with the evacuation and set up the assembly centers into which the evacuees were first gathered. A detailed report on the evacuation and the part played by the Army has been prepared by the commanding general, Western Defense Command. It will shortly be made available to the President and the Congress.

THE RELOCATION CENTERS

The Army has not, however, attempted to deal with the problem of relocation and resettlement of the evacuated people. Shortly after the evacuation was decided upon, the War Relocation Authority was set up in order to relieve the Army of non-military burdens and to assist the evacuees in re-establishing themselves away from the coastal zone. The first step was the establishment at widely separated inland points of 10 large relocation centers which were built by the Army but have been managed from the beginning by the War Relocation Authority.

The great bulk of the evacuated people are still living in these centers. They are quartered in barrack-type buildings of frame construction and take their meals in mess halls, each accommodating upward of 250 people. They are not allowed at any time to leave the center without a permit and after dark are restricted to the limits of the barracks area. Preservation of law and order within the centers is a responsibility of the War Relocation Authority. However, the external boundaries of each project area are guarded by a detachment of military police who are available for duty within the center in the event of disorder. Thus far they have been summoned to quell a disturbance on only one occasion.

Evacuees at the centers are provided by the government with food, housing and medical care. Schools are maintained for the children. A portion of the food is produced by the evacuees themselves on government-owned or government-leased land within the project area; some perishable commodities are purchased locally, and practically all other food is bought through the quartermaster depots of the Army. All rationing restrictions applicable to the civilian population are strictly followed and two meatless days are observed each week.

In areas where local milk supplies are short, milk is provided only to small children, nursing or expectant mothers, and special dietary cases. Beef served at the centers is third grade and no fancy meats of any kind are furnished. In general, the food is nourishing but definitely below Army standards. The cost of feeding at the centers over the past several months has ranged from 34 to 42 cents per person per day.

In order to hold down the costs of operating the centers, the War Relocation Authority has utilized evacuee labor to the fullest possible extent in the production of foodstuffs and the development of agricultural land, and in providing the necessary community services. Top positions in each line of work, however, are occupied by non-Japanese civil service employees. Those evacuees who work are paid at the rate of \$12, \$16, or \$19 a month and are provided, in addition, with clothing allowances for themselves and their dependents. The clothing allowances range from \$24 a year for small children in the southerly centers to \$45 a year for adults in centers where winters are severe. Approximately 90 per cent of the employable evacuees at the centers are en-

LEAVE PROCEDURES

The second step in the W.R.A. program for the evacuated people is to help the loyal American citizens and the law-abiding aliens in resettling outside the relocation centers and away from the evacuated coastal zone. Present regulations provide that any resident of a center—citizen or alien—may apply for permission to leave the center in order to take a job in agriculture or industry and establish residence in a normal American community. Before permission is granted, however, the evacuee's background and record of behavior are carefully checked, and the attitude of the community toward receiving evacuees is ascertained.

The War Relocation Authority has acquired extensive information concerning the past history, affiliations, and attitudes of evacuees past the age of 17 years. On the basis of these records, leave permits are granted. As a further precaution, names of more than 85 per cent of the evacuees have been checked against the records of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, and these checks will be continued until the list of adult evacuees has been completely covered. If there is evidence from any source that the evacuees might endanger the internal security of the nation or interfere with the war effort, permission for leave is denied.

In addition, there has been established a joint board, composed of representatives of the War and Navy departments and the War Relocation Authority. This board maintains liaison with the Federal Bureau of Investigation. Approval of the board is required for evacuees who desire to work in war industries or wish to relocate from relocation centers into the eastern military area. Such approval is given only after all pertinent information available from the co-operating agencies has been examined and evaluated.

SEGREGATION

The War Relocation Authority is now undertaking to segregate those evacuees whose loyalties lie with Japan. The segregated group will be quartered in a center by themselves and will not be eligible for leave. The other people, however, will continue to be eligible for leave and will be encouraged by the War Relocation Authority to take useful employment in normal communities outside the evacuated area.

WEST COAST RESTRICTIONS

The evacuation was the result of military considerations, and decisions of the War Department in the matter were based, and will continue to be based, only on such considerations. The original restrictions have been modified slightly, particularly with respect to soldiers of Japanese ancestry in the United States Army. In a few mixed-marriage cases and in emergency situations, individual permits to enter evacuated areas have been, and will continue to be, issued by the commanding general of the Western Defense Command.

In all other respects the original restrictions remain in force. There is no present intention to alter them, nor is any relaxation under contemplation. From the beginning the War Department and the commanding general of the Western Defense Command have been in close and continuing consultation and agreement on all matters relating to evacuation and security of the West Coast areas. The present restrictions against persons of Japanese ancestry will remain in force as long as the military situation so requires.

THOSE IN THE ARMY

Prior to the outbreak of war there were a number of American citizens of Japanese descent in the Army. Since the outbreak, a combat team of soldiers of Japanese ancestry has also been inducted from Hawaii and the mainland. These men in the combat team have been screened; they are all citizens of the United States, and they have all volunteered for service. Thus far their record has been excellent. Other American soldiers of Japanese descent have performed useful and hazardous

BAN ON JAPS WILL STAND

Continued from First Page

milk is provided only to small children, nursing or expectant mothers, and special dietary cases.

3—Beef served at the centers is "third grade" and "no fancy meats" of any kind are furnished.

4—In general, the food is "nourishing but definitely below Army standards," with the average cost per person per day ranging from 34 to 42 cents.

5—Evacuees who work are paid at the rate of \$12, \$16 or \$19 a month and are provided, in addition, with clothing allowances ranging from \$24 a year for small children in the southerly centers to \$45 a year for adults in centers where winters are severe.

services in connection with our operations in the Pacific and a number have already been decorated for meritorious service. It is the policy of the War Department and the Army in all respects to accord American soldiers of Japanese ancestry the rights and privileges of all other American soldiers.

A more complete report in accordance with the terms of Resolution 166 will be prepared and will be made available shortly.

July 20

Japanese Return to Coast Opposed by Inglewood Elks

INGLEWOOD, July 19. — In adopting a resolution opposing return of evacuated Japanese to the Pacific Coast, members of the Inglewood Elks Lodge were on record today as also urging Army supervision of all Japanese in relocation areas.

The Inglewood lodge resolution points out that "disloyal Japanese should be segregated and that all Japanese labor be utilized in a just, equitable, humane and properly supervised manner in areas where opportunity for subversive action and sabotage is at a minimum." Copies of the resolution have

been sent to representatives in Congress and members of the State Legislature.

Because the lodge asserts the "presence of Japanese on the Pacific Coast would undoubtedly jeopardize their own safety," the return of evacuees is vigorously opposed.

The Inglewood clubmen point out "there is no way of definitely determining the loyalty of Japanese" and they condemned the "agitation and propaganda rampant preparatory to pressure campaigns for return of the Japanese and for the release in general of evacuees from the relocation areas."

L. A. Times.

July 21

DON'T WANT THE JAPS.

OUR REMEMBERS



position to the
evidenced in
ssman B. W.
Mrs. W. D.

Murdock, Madera's only woman mail carrier,
holding a mail bag while Mrs. Charles R.
Archibald hands her some of the protest let-
ters.

O'Shanter Golf

By CHARLES DUNKLEY

CHICAGO, July 21.—(P)—Golf on

tremendous scale—three tourna-

ments rolled into one—was pre-

ented with theatrical setting in the

Tam O'Shanter extravaganza today.

The tournament became the na-

tion's biggest golf show of the year

when the professionals and women

joined the amateur ensemble which

has held the stage since Monday.

There were 200 swingers in action

—105 professionals, 64 amateurs and

1 women.

While the surviving 64 qualifiers

in the all American amateur were

weeping through their first day of

match play, the pros battled for 71

places in the \$10,000 all American

open and the women played for 18

positions in their tournament—both

of which start tomorrow at 72 holes

of medal play.

Nelson Heavy Favorite

Blond Byron Nelson of Toledo,

twice winner of the Tam open, was

rated as a top heavy favorite to

repeat while Miss Patty Berg,

famed treckle faced red head of

Minneapolis, and Miss Betty Hicks

of Long Beach were favored to

dominate the women's tournament.

The Misses Berg and Hicks are

considered several shots better at

medal play than any other girl

player in the field.

Due to the list of pros exempted

from playing a qualifying round to-

day, none of the big guns in the

field showed their shots

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LA - or Pasadena

July 21

WE DON'T WANT THE JAPS.

MADERA REMEMBERS



Madera County residents' opposition to the return of Japanese evacuees is evidenced in 2,500 letters written to Congressman B. W. Gearhart. The picture shows Mrs. W. D.

Murdock, Madera's only woman mail carrier, holding a mail bag while Mrs. Charles R. Archibald hands her some of the protest letters.

July 21
2,500 Madera Letters Oppose Evacuees' Return

- or Pasadena

MADERA (Madera Co.), July 21.
—More than 2,500 letters written by Madera County residents opposing the return of Japanese evacuees to the west coast have been stamped by a local committee of women and are ready to be mailed within the next few days to Congressman B. W. Gearhart's office in Washington.

Although Congressman Gearhart is now at his home in Fresno, the women sponsoring the movement decided to stand the expense of mailing the letters to his office in Washington instead of trucking them to Fresno in order to keep the movement on an official status.

The movement to compile a collection of protest letters was started several weeks ago by a committee headed by Mrs. Charles R. Archibald. Other members of the committee are Mesdames W. Carver, Merel Fuller, A. J. Oeser, Otto Hake, Frank Trogo, Vera Knight, Jack Akers, H. S. Armstrong, V. O. Palmer, H. A. Archibald and H. Clay Daulton.

Letters started pouring in as soon as the committee announced its program.

July 23

State Senate Body Opposes Jap Return to West Coast

SANTA ROSA, July 22.—The State senate special committee investigating Japanese resettlement is "satisfied" that Japanese should not be moved back to the west coast during the war, State Senator Herbert W. Slater, committee member, said here today.

Speaking before a meeting of service clubs, Slater said: "The committee has heard enough to satisfy us that the Japanese should not be moved back in California or the west coast. There is no test of the loyalty of Japanese. We have much evidence of their disloyalty."

J.F. Examine

July 23

L.A. Times 7/23/43
**Compulsory Americanism
Teaching Urged by Optimists**

The Los Angeles (Downtown) Optimist Club has adopted resolutions advocating compulsory teaching of Americanism in elementary and high schools, and against return of Japanese, alien or citizen, to the Pacific Coast area.

"The unfortunate effect of neglect to teach Americanism," said one resolution, "is manifest in this critical period of war emergency, by strike, slow-downs and even open defiance of the established agencies of government charged with arbitration and adjudication of industrial disputes."

The other resolution opposed the return of Japanese to any coastal area during the war. It proposed control of all Japanese in America by Army authorities; abandonment of the idea of Japanese combat units; placement of Japanese males in agriculture in interior areas of the country.

The club at its luncheon yesterday in the Biltmore was notified that Theodore F. Peirce, Los Angeles businessman and chairman of the 1941 county grand jury, had been made president of Optimist International at the recent Chicago convention.

L.A. Times

July 24

L.A. Times 7/24/43
Wallgren Still Demands Army Rule in Jap Camps

Mon C. Wallgren, Senator from Washington, still would like to see the Army take over the Japanese relocation problem. He has a bill before Congress to that effect but here yesterday he admitted the idea is getting nowhere. The Army, it seems, doesn't like the idea because it would require attention and personnel that should be used elsewhere and the things are rocking along under the civilian relocation board.

"Just now," Senator Wallgren said at the Ambassador, where he is on vacation with his wife, "it is not so much a matter of possible espionage or sabotage by American-Japanese as protection for them. For example, if your Southern California Japanese had not been removed into the interior some of them might have been strung up to telegraph poles when feeling ran high over news of execution of the Tokyo raiders. Other similar instances, as the war goes on, will stress the wisdom of what was done.

"Also, I don't favor having any Japs in the United States Army."



ON VACATION — Senator Wallgren of Washington, who is here with wife.

Times photo

L. A. Times

July 26

TULE LAKE CAMP CHOICE EXPLAINED

DENVER, July 25.—(AP)—Dillon S. Myer, director of the War Relocation Authority, announced officially today that disloyal Japanese will be segregated this fall in the Tule Lake relocation center in northern California.

Myer told the Associated Press the Tule Lake center was chosen "for four principal reasons." He listed them as:

"First, the matter of size. Tule Lake is one of the three largest centers in the country, accommodating more than 15,000 persons.

"Second, it is located where adequate agricultural land is available for subsistence of the Japanese and for work opportunities.

"Third, there are already, we think, a larger number of evacuees at Tule Lake who normally would be segregated, than at other centers.

"And, fourth, because the center lies at the edge of an evacuated area."

S.F. Examiner

July 27

L.A. Times 7/27/43

Army Control *How Mild!* of Japs Asked by Legionnaires

SANTA BARBARA, July 26.—
Any plans for eventual return
of Japanese to the West Coast
should first be studied by gov-
ernmental agencies, according to
a resolution which had been
adopted today by the 19 Ameri-
can Legion Posts of the 16th Dis-
trict.

The district, which includes
Santa Barbara, Ventura and San
Luis Obispo counties, also asked
that the Army be given control
of the internment camps, espe-
cially of the disloyal Japs.

The following officers were
elected: Robert Parr, Ventura,
Commander; E. S. Milligan, Atas-
cadero, First Vice-Commander;
H. G. Kohlstedt, Guadalupe, Sec-
ond Vice-Commander; Fred New-
comb, Ventura, Adjutant, and
Herman Castle, Santa Maria,
Sergeant-at-arms.

The Women's Auxiliary elect-
ed Gladys Austin, Santa Paula,
president and Gladys Hudson,
San Luis Obispo, Vice-Presi-
dent. They chose Muriel Wright
of Saticoy a delegate to the na-
tional convention at Omaha in
September. Alternate is Clara
Proud, Lompoc, the retiring
president.

L.A. Times

July 28

**Relocation Head
To Speak at U. C.**

The University of California will hold its first student meeting of the Summer Term at 10 a.m. Friday, Aug. 6, in the Men's Gymnasium, it was announced today.

Dillon Meyer, national director of the War Relocation Authority, will be guest speaker. He will discuss the relocation of enemy aliens on the West Coast.

Scheduled to confer with Government officials in the Bay Area while he is here, Meyer will bring reports from a Denver conference with heads of relocation centers.

Berkeley Gazette

July 30

7/30/43
**24,000 Japanese
Work in Canada**

Special to The Christian Science Monitor
VANCOUVER, British Columbia—The 24,000 Japanese that lived along the coast of British Columbia before Pearl Harbor now are hundreds of miles away.

Hundreds of Japanese families in Alberta have been working in the beet sugar fields, and are partly responsible for heavy crops to be harvested there this year to relieve the wartime sugar shortage.

Under a program recently initiated, hundreds of Japanese will work in the woods of the Slokan-Kaslo, Bridge River, and other areas and produce cordwood for Vancouver, New Westminster, and other centers which otherwise might be faced with a critical fuel shortage during the coming winter.

In addition, Japanese in the Cariboo district now cutting jack pine for a pulp mill will send part of their output in the form of cordwood for fuel.

Some 200 Japanese are employed in commercial logging and saw-mill enterprises. It was hoped some months ago that about 3,000 would be so engaged, thus releasing an equivalent number of white loggers for coastal forests where the Japanese could not be employed.

Christ. Sci. Monitor

L.A. Times 7/30/43
**Church Council
Opposes Japs'
Return to Coast**

Deeming the proposed return to the Pacific Coast of evacuated Japanese "most unwise," the executive council of the Church Federation of Los Angeles in a communication to the Dies Committee yesterday pleaded for "thoughtful deliberation" on the situation and held that disloyal Japanese can be separated from loyal Japanese.

The letter, made public by Dr. E. C. Farnham, executive secretary of the federation, was described as a "fair interpretation of the view of the church on the issues involved."

Although maintaining that American-Japanese should not be pampered, the letter urged that conversely racial hatred not be allowed to influence public action. Basis for the belief that disloyal Japanese can be separated from loyal was seen in the fact that many Japanese have been members of Christian churches.

L.A. Times

July 30.

4-Point Plan To Aid Loyal Japanese

7/21/43

Labor Pamphlet
On Sale
Copies of "History of the
American Labor Movement,"
published by the Tom Mooney
Labor School, are available at
519 Mission St. for 25c a copy.

ing forward to the day when I
can rejoin you again, enjoying
all the principles we are fighting
for.
You people on the Home Front
have a terrific task ahead of you
holding what we have gotten.
But with swell people like all
of you, I know all of us will
come back to find things as good
or better than when we left.
I want to say hello to all my
old friends and to Patsy and the
rest of the office staff. I'll be
seeing all of you one of these
days.
As ever,
PVT. ERNEST DOWLER.
P. S. Thanks for the papers.
We all enjoy reading them over
here.

I L.W.U. Dispatches

July 30.

4-Point Plan To Aid Loyal Japanese

7/30/43
OKW Dispatch
SAN FRANCISCO — Adopted at the last Executive Board meeting of Local 6 was a motion to support a four-point program of the Committee on American Principles and Fair Play regarding the Japanese in this country.

POINTS LISTED

The program, drawn up to strengthen the war effort contains the following points:

1. Segregation of all disloyal persons of Japanese ancestry.
2. Protection of loyal Americans of Japanese descent in their right to serve in the armed forces of the United States.
3. Opportunity for local Americans of Japanese ancestry to re-settle in the manner which the government judges is best designed to meet the manpower shortage.
- 4 Fair play for Americans of Japanese descent who are loyal.

POINT TO YONEDA

Brought into discussion on the Local 6 motion to accept this program was Karl Yoneda, American-born Japanese longshoreman, now an Army corporal and a known example of loyal Japanese in San Francisco.

ches
George Wilson, S. F. CIO Council President, in a letter stated: "I believe we have been extremely successful in offsetting the damaging programs of . . . organizations attempting to use war-caused prejudices to discriminate against all Japanese, whether American born or foreign born regardless of their loyalty to the United States."

COASTWIDE GROUP

Originally a San Francisco organization to protect minorities, the Committee on American Principles and Fair Play, of which Wilson is a member, extends up and down the Pacific Coast.

Trade unionists are encouraged to turn in their individual donations to Treasurer Harry S. Scott at 465 California St. For \$2 a general membership can be secured.

WASHINGTON, JULY 1.--(UP)--TOKIE SLOCUM, A JAPANESE WHO FOUGHT UNDER

[Redacted]

DENVER, JULY 1--(AP)--THE DENVER POST SAID TODAY THAT
"ATTEMPTS BY PRESENT AND FORMER EMPLOYEES OF FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

[Redacted]

WASHINGTON, JULY 1--(AP)--A JAPANESE-AMERICAN TOLD THE

[Redacted]

WASHINGTON, JULY 1.--(UP)--TOKIE SLOCUM, A JAPANESE WHO FOUGHT UNDER SGT. ALVIN YORK IN THE LAST WAR, TOLD A DIES SUBCOMMITTEE TODAY THAT A "DEATH LIST " OF PRO-AMERICAN JAPANESE WAS READ AT A MASS MEETING AT THE MANZANAR RELOCATION CENTER IN CALIFORNIA LAST DEC. 6.

SLOCUM SAID HE DID NOT FEEL THAT THE WAR RELOCATION AUTHORITY, WHICH SUPERVISES THE RELOCATION CENTERS, EXERTED ENOUGH DISCIPLINE OVER INTERNEES, AND AS AN EXAMPLE HE CITED THE DEC. 6 MEETING. THE SUBCOMMITTEE HAS JUST RETURNED TO WASHINGTON AFTER A LONG SERIES OF HEARINGS IN THE WEST ON THE RELOCATION AUTHORITY'S METHODS OF HANDLING THE INTERNED JAPANESE.

ON THE DAY AFTER THE MASS MEETING--THE FIRST ANNIVERSARY OF PEARL HARBOR--SLOCUM SAID THE INTERNEES RIOTED "LIKE A FRENCH REVOLUTION MOB, SINGING JAPANESE MILITARY SONGS."

SLOCUM SAID HE WAS LISTED BY THE PRO-JAPANESE INTERNEES AS THE "NO. 1 JAP THEY WERE AFTER." HE ADDED THAT HE HAD REPORTED PRO-JAPANESE VIOLENCE AGAINST PRO-AMERICAN INTERNEES, BUT THAT "WRA REMEDIES ARE NOT COMPATIBLE TO THE DEGREE OF CRIME."

"PRO-JAPANESEISM IS NOTICEABLY INCREASING," HE SAID.

SLOCUM TOLD THE SUBCOMMITTEE THAT THE JAPANESE-AMERICAN CITIZENS' LEAGUE, ORIGINALLY ORGANIZED AS A SOCIAL GROUP TO PROMOTE AMERICANISM, HAS "DEGENERATED INTO A PROPAGANDA AGENCY TO PROMOTE RACIAL INTEREST RATHER THAN AMERICAN INTERESTS."

HE SAID HE JOINED THE LEAGUE IN 1929, BUT QUIT IN 1936 WHEN THE LEAGUE STARTED TAKING A CENSUS OF JAPANESE LIVING IN THE LOS ANGELES AREA FOR THE JAPANESE EMBASSY. HE SAID HE REJOINED, WITH FBI AND AMERICAN LEGION SANCTION, AFTER PEARL HARBOR AS CHAIRMAN OF THE LEAGUE'S ANTI-AXIS COMMITTEE.

PAUL ABE, A JAPANESE-AMERICAN CITIZEN, TOLD THE SUBCOMMITTEE THAT HE AND HIS WIFE HAD "TAKEN THE PLEDGE," BUT HAD NOT YET BEEN ACCEPTED FOR MEMBERSHIP IN THE LEAGUE. HE SAID AT A LEAGUE MEETING MAY 22 AT THE CALVARY BAPTIST CHURCH HERE HE HAD MET THE THREE JAPANESE EMPLOYEES OF SECRETARY OF INTERIOR HAROLD L. ICKES, AS WELL AS SEVEN JAPANESE EMPLOYEES OF THE WRA.

ABE, WHO RESIGNED AS A CLERK AT THE JAPANESE EMBASSY IN 1940, SAID HE VISITED THE EMBASSY ON THE DAY OF THE PEARL HARBOR ATTACK AND THAT HE FOUND EVERYTHING THERE "QUITE CALM."

"I DIDN'T NOTICE ANY UNUSUAL ACTIVITIES," HE SAID. "BUT, OF COURSE, I WAS ONLY IN THE FRONT OFFICE."

ABE SAID THAT AT THE TIME HE WAS WORKING FOR TOKYO ASAHI SHIMBUN, JAPANESE NEWS SERVICE. HE IS NOW A CLERK IN THE REGISTRAR'S OFFICE AT GEORGE WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY HERE. HE SAID HIS WIFE IS WORKING AS A \$1,800 A YEAR CLERK IN THE CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION AND THAT HER BROTHER IS IN THE JAPANESE ARMY.

WASHINGTON, JULY 1.--(UP)--TOKIE SLOCUM, A JAPANESE WHO FOUGHT UNDER

DENVER, JULY 1--(AP)--THE DENVER POST SAID TODAY THAT "ATTEMPTS BY PRESENT AND FORMER EMPLOYEES OF FEDERAL GOVERNMENT BUREAUS TO CENSOR PUBLICATION BY THE DENVER POST OF THE FACTS DISCLOSED BY AN INVESTIGATION OF JAP RELOCATION CENTERS" HAD BEEN REPORTED TO THE DIES COMMITTEE.

THE PAPER SAID THE COMMITTEE'S PRINCIPAL INFORMATION CAME IN A REPORT TAKEN FROM THE FILES OF THE JAPANESE AMERICAN CITIZENS' LEAGUE WHEN THE RECORDS OF THAT ORGANIZATION WERE SEIZED IN THE EAST."

"THIS REPORT," SAID THE POST, "WAS SENT TO THE NATIONAL SECRETARY OF THE LEAGUE BY JOE MASOAKA, HEAD OF THE LEAGUE'S DENVER OFFICE.

"IT STATED THAT GENE CERVI, REGIONAL DIRECTOR OF THE OFFICE OF WAR INFORMATION, AND BARRON BESHOR, FORMERLY AN EMPLOYEE OF THE FEDERAL MANPOWER COMMISSION, HAD TAKEN LEADING PARTS IN ATTEMPTING TO CENSOR BOTH THE NEWS AND EDITORIAL COLUMNS OF THE POST WITH RESPECT TO CONDITIONS IN THE JAP CAMPS."

THE POST HAD PRINTED A SERIES OF ARTICLES ON REPORTED OVERSTOCKING OF FOOD AT THE HEART MOUNTAIN, WYO., JAPANESE RELOCATION CENTER.

THE PAPER QUOTED MASOAKA'S STATEMENT AS SAYING: ITS (THE POST'S) CAMPAIGN OF RACE INCENDIARISM HAD LED LOCAL PUBLIC OFFICIALS AND CIVIC LEADERS TO EXPRESS CONCERN OVER THE POSSIBILITY OF PHYSICAL VIOLENCE AND EVEN RACE RIOTS."

MASOAKA'S STATEMENT, THE PAPER SAID, RELATED THAT BESHOR AND OTHER MANPOWER COMMISSION OFFICIALS CALLED ON W.C. SHEPHERD, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER OF THE PAPER, AND HIS EDITORIAL WRITER TO REMONSTRATE ON THEIR POLICY--"ALL TO NO AVAIL."

THE POST QUOTED MASOAKA AS SAYING THAT CERVI AND BESHOR "DECLARE THAT MISS BONFILS (MRS. HELEN BONFILS SOMNES, DAUGHTER OF THE LATE FREDERICK BONFILS, POST PUBLISHER) IS AN ASPIRING THEATRICAL AND DRAMATIC ACTRESS. IF SOMEONE HIGH IN THEATRICAL ATTAINMENTS AND ACCOMPLISHMENTS X X X COULD POINT OUT TO HER THE HARM WHICH THE DENVER POST IS DOING, SHE MIGHT BE ABLE TO DO SOMETHING ABOUT CHANGING THE POST POLICY."

CERVI DENIED THAT HE EVER "GAVE THAT ADVICE TO ANYONE IN THE GOVERNMENT OR OUT OF THE GOVERNMENT."

BESHOR CONFIRMED THAT HE CALLED ON SHEPHERD "IN CONNECTION WITH MY WORK AS SPECIAL GROUPS CONSULTANT WITH A VIEW TO CALLING HIS ATTENTION TO THE NEED FOR COMPLETE UTILIZATION OF MANPOWER IN THE ROCKY MOUNTAIN REGION."

ED145PMW NM

WASHINGTON, JULY 1.--(UP)--TOKIE SLOCUM, A JAPANESE WHO FOUGHT UNDER

DENVER, JULY 1--(AP)--THE DENVER POST SAID TODAY THAT
"ATTEMPTS BY PRESENT AND FORMER EMPLOYEES OF FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

WASHINGTON, JULY 1--(AP)--A JAPANESE-AMERICAN TOLD THE HOUSE COMMITTEE ON UNAMERICAN ACTIVITIES TODAY THAT EARLY DIFFICULTIES IN THE MANZANAR, CALIF., RELOCATION CENTER STEMMED PARTLY FROM A LACK OF THE STERN DISCIPLINE WHICH HE SAID THE JAPANESE ARE ACCUSTOMED TO AND RESPECT.

THE WITNESS WAS TOKIE SLOCUM, WHO SAID HE FOUGHT WITH ALVIN YORK IN THE LAST WAR, AND AS A STRONG ADVOCATE OF AMERICANISM, HAD BEEN LISTED BY PRO-TOKYO JAPANESE IN THE MANZANAR INTERNMENT CAMP AS THEIR "NUMBER ONE" ENEMY.

SLOCUM TESTIFIED THAT IN A DECEMBER, 1942, DISTURBANCE AT MANZANAR, ONLY THE INTERVENTION OF MILITARY POLICE SAVED HIM FROM DEATH AT THE HANDS OF INTERNEES STRONGLY FOR JAPAN.

THE WITNESS SAID HIS FULL NAME IS TOKUTARO NISHIMURA SLOCUM AND THAT HE TOOK THE SURNAME FROM A DRUG STORE OPERATOR WHO HAD BEFRIENDED HIM AS A CHILD IN MINOT, N.D. HE LIVED AT VAN NUYS, CALIF., BEFORE HE WAS SENT TO MANZANAR ALONG WITH OTHER WEST COAST JAPANESE.

ANOTHER WITNESS TODAY AS THE COMMITTEE BEGAN ITS HEARINGS ON JAPANESE ACTIVITIES WAS PUAL YOZO ABE (PRONOUNCED OBBY), 29-YEAR OLD NATIVE OF SEATTLE WHO FORMERLY SERVED AS A CIVILIAN ASSISTANT TO THE MILITARY ATTACHE AT THE JAPANESE EMBASSY AND WHO SAID HE NOW IS A CLERK IN THE REGISTRAR'S OFFICE AT GEORGE WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY HERE.

THROUGH THE HELP OF THE EMBASSY, HE SAID, HE OBTAINED A SCHOLARSHIP AND WENT TO GEORGE WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY IN SEPTEMBER, 1940. HE LEFT SCHOOL THE FOLLOWING SPRING, HE EXPLAINED.

ABE WAS QUESTIONED AT LENGTH BY J.B. MATTHEWS AND ROBERT E. STRIPLING, COMMITTEE ATTACHES, REGARDING ANY OBLIGATIONS ATTACHED TO THE SCHOLARSHIP. AT FIRST HE SAID HE WAS UNDER NONE BUT LATER RECALLED THAT HE WAS SUPPOSED TO MAKE TWO REPORTS ANNUALLY TO THE EMBASSY ON FOREIGN TRADE AND GENERAL ATTITUDE HERE TOWARD JAPAN.

ABE TOLD THE COMMITTEE HE HAS APPLIED FOR MEMBERSHIP IN THE JAPANESE-AMERICAN CITIZENS LEAGUE AND ATTENDED A MEETING OF THE LEAGUE HERE ON MAY 22 AT WHICH COMMITTEE AGENTS HAVE SAID THREE JAPANESE NOW WORKING ON THE FARM OF INTERIOR SECRETARY HAROLD ICKES WERE PRESENT.

HE AND HIS WIFE, HE EXPLAINED, LIVE IN AN APARTMENT ADJOINING HEADQUARTERS OF THE LEAGUE, WHOSE FILES WERE SEIZED RECENTLY BY COMMITTEE AGENTS. ABE DESCRIBED THE LEAGUE AS AN ORGANIZATION CONTRIBUTING A SERVICE TO THE UNITED STATES.

BY WILLIAM MOORE.

(CHICAGO TRIBUNE PRESS SERVICE.)

WASHINGTON, JULY 1--A JAPANESE-BORN AMERICAN WHO SAID HE WON HIS CITIZENSHIP FIGHTING WITH THE UNITED STATES MARINES IN THE ARGONNE TOLD CONGRESSIONAL INVESTIGATORS TODAY THAT GANGSTER ELEMENTS AMONG JAPANESE INTERNED AT MANZANAR, CAL., ORGANIZED TERRORIST GROUPS AND INTIMIDATED THOSE WHO WERE PRO-AMERICAN.

HE ALSO GAVE HIS OPINIONS REGARDING TROUBLES WITH THE JAPANESE LIVING IN THIS COUNTRY:

1. AMERICAN LABOR STRIKES ENCOURAGE THE DISLOYAL AND GIVE THEM PROPAGANDA AMMUNITION TO USE AGAINST THE LOYAL JAPANESE-AMERICANS.
2. THE DISLOYAL ARE NOT SEPARATED FROM THE LOYAL, ALTHOUGH ADEQUATE MEANS FOR DETERMINING IS AT HAND.
3. OFFICIALS IN THE WAR RELOCATION CAMPS DECLINE TO USE FIRM METHODS, AND PERMIT THE DISLOYAL TO DOMINATE THEM AND THE LOYAL.

THE WITNESS WAS TOKIE SLOCUM, WHOSE FACE IS ORIENTAL, BUT WHOSE TESTIMONY WAS REMINISCENT OF CORNED BEEF AND CABBAGE AND THE BASEBALL BLEACHERS, EXAMPLES: "BY CRACKIE, YOU'VE GOT ME OVER A BARREL," AND "YEAH, BY GOLLY."

TOKIE (SHORT FOR TOKUTARONISHIMURA) GREW UP IN MINOT, N. D. AND TOOK HIS SURNAME FROM THE TOWN DRUGGIST, SLOCUM, FOR WHOM HE WORKED. WHEN HE WAS ASKED TO BECOME CHAIRMAN OF THE ANTI-AXIS COMMITTEE OF THE JAPANESE-AMERICAN CITIZENS LEGION IN CALIFORNIA, HE GOT THE APPROVAL OF THE MASONIC LODGE, THE AMERICAN LEGION AND THE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION BEFORE ACCEPTING.

AFTER PEARL HARBOR, HE WAS SENT TO THE JAPANESE RELOCATION CAMP AT MANZANAR. THERE HE SAID, HIS EFFORTS TO COMBAT PRO-JAPANESE SENTIMENT GOT HIM MARKED AS "NO. 1 MAN" ON A LIST THE ANTI-AMERICAN ELEMENTS MARKED FOR ASSASSINATION.

HE WAS RESCUED FROM THE CAMP AFTER A RIOT IN WHICH TWO PERSONS WERE KILLED ON THE FIRST ANNIVERSARY OF PEARL HARBOR DAY. GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS FOUND HIM A JOB HERE WITH THE WAR MANPOWER COMMISSION.

THE EX-MARINE, WHO WAS ON THE INTRA-CAMP POLICE FORCE, SAID THE TERRORIST GROUPS FORMED BY GANGSTER ELEMENTS WERE KNOWN AS THE BLACK DRAGONS, THE BLOOD BROTHERS AND THE DUNBARS. WARNINGS AND ANTI-AMERICAN INSULTS WERE POSTED SIMULTANEOUSLY ON THE CAMP'S 36 BULLETIN BOARDS, HE SAID, TO INTIMIDATE THE PRO-AMERICANS.

HE TESTIFIED THAT THE ANTI-AMERICANS TAUNTED THE PRO-AMERICANS WITH REPORTS OF LABOR STRIKES, AND TOLD THE LOYAL THEY WERE "SUCKERS" FOR REMAINING LOYAL TO SUCH A COUNTRY.

DISLOYAL JAPANESE ARE PERMITTED TO MOVE FROM THE CAMPS, HE SAID, WHILE THE LOYAL, BUT MEEK, REMAIN. MOST OF THE JAPANESE HERE ARE LOYAL, HE TESTIFIED, AND THEIR LOYALTY CAN EASILY BE DETERMINED BY INVESTIGATION AND BY FAMILY HISTORY AND ASSOCIATIONS. BUT, HE COMPLAINED, THE DETERMINATION IS NOT MADE, AND THE LOYAL WHO ARE PERMITTED TO LEAVE THE CAMP FOR FARMING JOBS ARE VICTIMS OF SUSPICION AND DISCRIMINATION.

HE TOLD THE COMMITTEE THAT PROPER DETERMINATION OF LOYALTY AND A PUBLIC GUARANTEE THAT THOSE RELEASED WERE LOYAL WOULD ENABLE THE LOYAL TO LIVE IN PEACE.

WHEN VIOLENCE WAS THREATENED AT MANZANAR, HE SAID, THE ASSISTANT CAMP DIRECTOR REFUSED TO CALL ON THE MILITARY POLICE, EXPLAINING THAT HE WOULD RATHER LEAVE THAN HAVE TO CALL IN THE MILITARY POLICE.

QUESTIONED BY ROBERT E. STRIPLING AND J. B. MATTHEWS, DIES COMMITTEE INVESTIGATORS, SLOCUM SAID THAT WOMEN OF THE LOYAL FAMILIES IN THE CAMP WERE INSULTED, THE CHILDREN WERE STONED AND THE MEN WERE BEATEN BY THE TERRORISTS.

RELEASED JAPANESE ARE ORGANIZING GROUPS IN AND AROUND CHICAGO HE SAID, WITH THE EXPLANATION THAT THEY ARE "LONESOME AND WANT SOCIAL CONTACTS." SLOCUM SAID HE HAD TRIED IN VAIN TO PERSUADE THEM NOT TO ORGANIZE, LEST THEY BRING SUSPICION ON THE REST OF THE JAPANESE, TELLING THEM THAT AMERICAN SOLDIERS ON THE BATTLE FRONT ALSO ARE LONESOME AND DESIROUS OF SOCIAL CONTACTS.

HE TOLD THE COMMITTEE THAT HE ESCAPED WITH HIS LIFE DURING THE FATAL RIOT BY HIDING UNDER A HOUSE AND THEN APPEALING FOR PROTECTION TO THE SAME MILITARY POLICE WHOM THE ASSISTANT DIRECTOR HAD REFUSED TO CALL.

"THE MILITARY POLICE," HE SAID, "ARE A VERY DIGNIFIED ORGANIZATION."

(END)533PCW

BY WILLIAM MOORE.

(CHICAGO TRIBUNE PRESS SERVICE.)

WASHINGTON, JULY 1--A JAPANESE-BORN AMERICAN WHO SAID HE WON HIS
(MORE)

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NIGHT LEAD JAPS-DIES

WASHINGTON, JULY 1-(AP)--TOKIE SLOCUM, A JAPANESE-AMERICAN NOW EMPLOYED BY THE WAR MANPOWER COMMISSION, TOLD THE DIES COMMITTEE TODAY THAT HE RELAYED TO THE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION A WARNING HE HAD RECEIVED IN NOVEMBER, 1941, THAT WAR WAS IMPENDING BETWEEN JAPAN AND THE UNITED STATES, BUT WAS "LAUGHED AT."

SLOCUM FOUGHT IN WORLD WAR I WITH SERGEANT ALVIN YORK, AND GOT HIS PRESENT JOB, HE SAID, THROUGH THE INTERVENTION OF COL. WILLIAM M. DONOVAN. HE SAID HE HAD BEEN AIDING GOVERNMENT AUTHORITIES IN SHADOWING SUBVERSIVE ELEMENTS IN THE JAPANESE WEST COAST COMMUNITIES WHEN HE RECEIVED THE WARNING OF WAR.

"DID YOU HAVE ANY ADVANCE INFORMATION OF THE IMPENDING WAR BETWEEN JAPAN AND THE UNITED STATES?" HE WAS ASKED BY REPRESENTATIVE COSTELL (D-CALIF) CHAIRMAN OF THE SUBCOMMITTEE.

"I GAVE WHAT I GOT TO THE FBI," SLOCUM SAID. "ONE TIME WHEN KURUSU (JAPANESE ADMIRAL AND SPECIAL EMISSARY TO THE UNITED STATES) LANDED IN LOS ANGELES I WAS TOLD BY DULY CONSTITUTED AUTHORITIES TO WATCH HIM."

SLOCUM SAID HE CIRCULATED AROUND IN LITTLE TOKYO, AND OTHER HAUNTS OF THE JAPANESE IN AN EFFORT TO GET INFORMATION, WITHOUT MUCH SUCCESS, BUT ONE NIGHT, LATE, HE WAS AROUSED AT HOME BY A KNOCK ON HIS DOOR.

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"A FRIEND," HE ADDED, "SHOUTED 'WAR, WAR, WARI WARI!'. HE CAME IN THE HOUSE, AND SAID, 'THERE'S GOING TO BE WAR SOON.' HE TOLD ME OF MEETING A FRIEND WHO HAD BEEN TO A PRIVATE BANQUET FOR KURUSU, WHO WAS DRUNK, AND WHO SAID THERE WAS GOING TO BE A WAR.

"WAIT A MINUTE," I TOLD HIM, "THAT MIGHT BE JAPANESE PROPAGANDA."

"NO, HE WAS DRUNK," MY FRIEND INSISTED.

"I SHOT THE NEWS IN TO THE FBI AND THEY LAUGHED AT ME."

XZ 354PCW

BY WILLIAM MOORE.

(CHICAGO TRIBUNE PRESS SERVICE.)

WASHINGTON, JULY 1--A JAPANESE-BORN AMERICAN WHO SAID HE WON HIS
(MORE)

-95-

NIGHT LEAD JAPS-DIES

WASHINGTON, JULY 1-(AP)-TOKIE SLOCUM, A JAPANESE-AMERICAN NOW

IN THE MIDDLE OF THE NIGHT HE WAS KILLED BY A BOMB WHICH WAS THROWN AT HIM BY AN ENEMY OF HIS RACE (SLOCUM) WHOSE NAME IS NOT KNOWN AT THIS TIME. SLOCUM WAS A MEMBER OF THE JAPANESE AMERICAN COMMUNITY CENTER IN LOS ANGELES. HE WAS KILLED BY A BOMB WHICH WAS THROWN AT HIM BY AN ENEMY OF HIS RACE (SLOCUM) WHOSE NAME IS NOT KNOWN AT THIS TIME. SLOCUM WAS A MEMBER OF THE JAPANESE AMERICAN COMMUNITY CENTER IN LOS ANGELES.

SACRAMENTO, JULY 1-(AP)-RELEASE OF JAPANESE FROM RELOCATION CENTERS IS "LAYING THE FOUNDATION FOR ANOTHER PEARL HARBOR IN THIS COUNTRY" GOVERNOR EARL WARREN ASSERTED AT A PRESS CONFERENCE TODAY.

THE GOVERNOR MADE THE DECLARATION IN NARRATING HIS IMPRESSIONS OF THE CONFERENCE OF GOVERNORS AT COLUMBUS, O., WHERE HE SAID, "I FOUND THAT, VERY NATURALLY, PEOPLE OF THE EAST AND MID-WEST HAVE LITTLE KNOWLEDGE ABOUT THE JAPANESE SITUATION AS IT RELATES TO THE PACIFIC COAST."

HOWEVER, HE SAID, "MOST OF THE GOVERNORS I TALKED TO COULD SEE THE WISDOM OF NOT TURNING LOOSE OR RETURNING THE JAPANESE TO THE COAST AT THIS TIME ON ACCOUNT OF THE POSSIBILITY THERE WOULD BE SABOTEURS AMONG THEM."

HE DISCLOSED THAT THE CONFERENCE PROGRAM WAS SO HEAVY HE DID NOT GET AN OPPORTUNITY TO DISCUSS THE DRAFT SITUATION AS IT AFFECTS CALIFORNIA, WITH SELECTIVE SERVICE DIRECTOR, MAJOR GENERAL LEWIS B. HERSHEY, EXCEPT IN A CASUAL WAY. HE LEARNED, HE SAID, THAT HERSHEY EXPECTS TO COME OUT TO THE COAST IN THE NEAR FUTURE AND "HE SEEMED CONFIDENT, ALL THESE THINGS WILL BE IRONED OUT EVENTUALLY." GOVERNOR WARREN'S INTENTION HAD BEEN TO TAKE UP WITH HERSHEY THE CONTENTION THAT CALIFORNIA HAS BEEN MAKING A DISPROPORTIONATELY LARGE CONTRIBUTION TO THE ARMED SERVICES.

ASKED REGARDING HIS PUBLISHED REFUSAL TO CONSIDER HIMSELF A CANDIDATE FOR PRESIDENT, VICE PRESIDENT OR ANY OTHER OFFICE, WARREN BROADENED HIS REFUSAL. "OF COURSE, HE SAID, "EVERY REPUBLICAN GOVERNOR WAS ASKED IF HE WAS A CANDIDATE FOR PRESIDENT. MY ANSWER WAS AND IS THAT I AM NOT A CANDIDATE FOR ANY OFFICE. I HAVE A BIG JOB TO DO IN CALIFORNIA. MY ONLY INTEREST IS IN DOING THAT JOB AS WELL AS I CAN."

WITH RESPECT TO ANY POSSIBILITY OF HIS BEING DRAFTED AS A PRESIDENTIAL OR VICE PRESIDENTIAL CANDIDATE, HE SAID: "THERE ISN'T ANY MOVEMENT OF THAT KIND. IT ISN'T IN THE REALM OF PROBABILITY. MY ANSWER IS ALL INCLUSIVE."

IN REPLY TO A REQUEST FOR HIS OPINION REGARDING THE NATIONAL POLITICAL SITUATION, BASED ON HIS CONVERSATIONS WITH OTHERS AT THE CONFERENCE, WARREN SAID.

"WELL EVERYBODY WAS ASKING QUESTIONS ABOUT THE POLITICAL SITUATION. AS FAR AS I COULD DETERMINE, EVERYBODY WAS ASKING QUESTIONS BUT NOBODY WAS ANSWERING THEM."

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WITH RESPECT TO THE JAPANESE PROBLEM, WARREN SAID THAT IN HIS OPINION THERE IS A MOVE DISCERNIBLE IN FEDERAL CIRCLES "TO RELEASE JUST AS MANY JAPANESE AS CAN BE DONE WITHOUT RUNNING INTO TOO SHARP PUBLIC CRITICISM."

YET, HE SAID, "THE ARMY, THE NAVY AND THE FBI CONSIDER THE JAPANESE A MENACE TO OUR NATIONAL SECURITY."

"I PERSONALLY BELIEVE IT IS TRIFLING WITH THE SAFETY OF OUR NATION TO RELEASE THEM AS THEY ARE BEING RELEASED. IT IS LAYING THE GROUND WORK FOR ANOTHER PEARL HARBOR IN AMERICA."

"WE CERTAINLY DON'T PROPOSE TO HAVE IT IN CALIFORNIA IF THERE IS ANY LEGAL WAY TO PREVENT IT."

HE SAID WITH RESPECT TO JAPANESE RESIDENCE IN CALIFORNIA, AFTER THE WAR, "THE STATE'S PROGRAM OF COURSE MUST DEPEND TO A CONSIDERABLE EXTENT ON WHATEVER TREATIES MAY BE IN EXISTENCE."

THE STATE'S PRESENT OBJECTION TO HAVING JAPANESE BROUGHT BACK, HE SAID, DOESN'T MEAN THAT CALIFORNIA IS WILLING FOR THEM TO BE TURNED LOOSE ON OTHER STATES EITHER, HE SAID.

"I BELIEVE THE DANGER IS NATION-WIDE. IT'S JUST AS IMPORTANT TO GUARD EASTERN, MID-WESTERN OR SOUTHERN AIRPLANE FACTORIES FROM THE SABOTEUR AS IT IS TO PROTECT THEM IN THIS STATE."

WASHINGTON, JULY 2-(AP)-TOORU KANAZAWA, AMERICAN OF JAPANESE
PARENTAGE AND A PRIVATE IN THE U.S. ARMY, TOLD THE DIES COMMITTEE
TODAY THE WAR RELOCATION AUTHORITY (WRA) PASSED CONFIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS

WASHINGTON, JULY 2.--(UP)--PVT. JOE KANAZAWA, AN AMERICAN CITIZEN
IN THE ARMY'S JAPANESE COMBAT UNIT AT CAMP SHELBY, MISS., TOLD

WASHINGTON, JULY 2-(AP)-TOORU KANAZAWA, AMERICAN OF JAPANESE PARENTAGE AND A PRIVATE IN THE U.S. ARMY, TOLD THE DIES COMMITTEE TODAY THE WAR RELOCATION AUTHORITY (WRA) PASSED CONFIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS CONCERNING ITS PLANS TO THE JAPANESE AMERICAN CITIZENS LEAGUE IN THIS COUNTRY.

TESTIFYING BEFORE THE HOUSE COMMITTEE INVESTIGATING UN-AMERICAN ACTIVITIES, KANAZAWA SAID HE, AS AN OFFICER OF THE LEAGUE, HAD CONTACTED DILLON S. MYER, DIRECTOR OF WRA, FROM WHOM HE OBTAINED "CONFIDENTIAL" RELEASES OF THE AGENCY'S PLANS FOR DEALING WITH THE JAPANESE IN THE WEST.

KANAZAWA'S TESTIMONY WAS BACKED UP BY MRS. KANAZAWA, A CAUCASIAN BORN IN KENTUCKY, WHO ALSO APPEARED BEFORE THE COMMITTEE TODAY. SHE SAID SHE HAD TOLD HER HUSBAND, "IT IS NOT A GOOD IDEA FOR WRA TO BE RELEASING CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION TO THE JAPANESE AMERICAN CITIZENS LEAGUE."

REFERRING TO KANAZAWA'S TESTIMONY, REP. MUNDT (R-SD), MEMBER OF THE COMMITTEE SAID, "I CONSIDER THIS AN AMAZING PROCEDURE AND THE MOST UNUSUAL EVIDENCE TO COME BEFORE THIS COMMITTEE."

KANAZAWA, WHO SAID HE HAS BEEN IN THE ARMY FOR ABOUT THREE MONTHS, NARRATED HIS CAREER IN THIS COUNTRY, WHICH RANGED FROM DRIVING A LAUNDRY TRUCK IN JUNEAU, ALASKA, TO FREE LANCE WRITING AND ACTING AS WASHINGTON REPRESENTATIVE OF THE CITIZENS LEAGUE, AN ORGANISATION COMPOSED OF AMERICANS OF JAPANESE ANCESTRY.

OFFERING IT AS TESTIMONY SUPPORTING KANAZAWA'S STATEMENTS THAT THE LEAGUE WAS MAINTAINING CLOSE RELATIONS WITH WRA, ROBERT STRIPLING, COMMITTEE INVESTIGATOR, READ INTO THE RECORD EXCERPTS FROM A REPORT WHICH HE SAID WERE WRITTEN BY MIKE MASAOKA, NATIONAL SECRETARY OF THE LEAGUE, TO ITS HEADQUARTERS IN SALT LAKE CITY, DATED SEPTEMBER 19, 1942.

"MYER (WRA DIRECTOR) PUT THIS UP TO ME POINTEDLY," STRIPLING READ FROM MASAOKA'S REPORT. "HE SAID THAT HE AND HIS STAFF DEAL WITH US ON THE SAME BASIS OF CONFIDENCE AND MUTUAL TRUST AS THEY DO AMONG THEMSELVES. UP TO NOW I HAVE BEEN PERMITTED TO SIT DOWN AND DISCUSS EVERY MAJOR POLICY BEFORE IT WAS FINALLY PASSED ON. X X X WRA DESIRES TO CONTINUE THIS FINE RELATIONSHIP AND WILL CONTINUE TO DO SO AS LONG AS WE SINCERELY TRY TO COOPERATE WITH THEM ON THE IMPROVEMENT OF CONDITIONS.

"HE IS AFRAID THAT CERTAIN GUYS IN CONGRESS WOULD JUMP DOWN THEIR COLLECTIVE THROATS IF THEY COULD ONLY IMAGINE A PART OF THE PART WHICH WE PLAY IN FORMING WRA POLICY. X X X HE HAS GIVEN US DIRECTIVES AND INSTRUCTIONS OF HIS DEPARTMENT. THEY ARE TO BE HELD IN STRICTEST CONFIDENCE AND NOT ANNOUNCED TO ANYONE. THEY ARE MERELY TO SERVE AS A HINT TO US OF THEIR POLICY--NOTHING MORE. ALL ARE MOST CONFIDENTIAL AND WE ARE LUCKY TO GET THEM OURSELVES, SO PLEASE BE CAREFUL OF THEIR USE."

WASHINGTON ADD DIES (TOP AA)

KANAZAWA SAID HE HAD ALSO BEEN A MEMBER OF THE JAPANESE AMERICAN COMMITTEE FOR DEMOCRACY AND OF THE YOUNG AMERICAN WRITERS, BOTH ORGANIZATIONS HAVING HEADQUARTERS IN NEW YORK. HE SAID HE HAD BEEN SECRETARY OF THE COMMITTEE FOR DEMOCRACY AND THAT AT ONE TIME ITS ADVISORY COMMITTEE HAD INCLUDED PEARL BUCK AND ALBERT EINSTEIN,

UNDER QUESTIONING BY STRIPLING, KANAZAWA SAID HE DID NOT BELIEVE THOSE ORGANIZATIONS OR THE JAPANESE CITIZENS LEAGUE "TO BE COMMUNIST IN CHARACTER."

MRS. KANAZAWA TESTIFIED SHE IS EMPLOYED BY THE OFFICE OF DEFENSE TRANSPORTATION IN WASHINGTON AS A TYPIST. SHE SAID SHE HAD MARRIED KANAZAWA IN 1941, HAD AT ONE TIME BEEN A MEMBER OF THE AMERICAN STUDENTS UNION AND HAD ATTENDED AN AMERICAN PEACE MOBILIZATION CONVENTION IN NEW YORK IN APRIL 1941. SHE SAID FOLLOWING THE NEW YORK MEETING OF THAT ORGANIZATION THE DELEGATES HAD COME TO WASHINGTON AND PICKETED THE WHITE HOUSE. SHE SAID SHE PARTICIPATED AND THAT "KEEP US FROM THE WAR" WAS THE PRINCIPAL SLOGAN DISPLAYED.

DURING THE HEARING STRIPLING READ A LETTER WHICH HE SAID WAS FROM CARL KONDO, AMERICAN OF JAPANESE ANCESTRY IN THE RELOCATION CENTER AT MANZANAR, CALIF., TO THE KANAZAWAS HERE IN WASHINGTON.

DATED JAN. 7, 1943, THE LETTER, AS READ BY STRIPLING, SAID:

"HERE IN MANZANAR WE ARE UNDERGOING A SEVERE TEST OF DEMOCRACY. THOSE OF US WHO ARE PRO-AMERICAN AND STILL HOLD TRUE TO A FAITH IN THIS COUNTRY AND IN THE TENETS OF DEMOCRACY, MUST WALK A TIGHT, CIRCUMSPECT PATH HERE IN MANZANAR.

"GENERALLY FELT IS AN ATTITUDE OF BITTERNESS BY THE NISEI WHO CAN'T ADJUST THEMSELVES TO THE CHANGING WORLD AND THE FACT THAT WE'RE IN AN ALL-OUT WAR AGAINST FASCISM--AND IN SUCH A WAR THE SACRIFICE OF 100,000 JAPANESE, CITIZENS AND NON-CITIZENS, IS JUSTIFIED IF SUCH EVACUATION IS THE MEANS OF FORESTALLING A RACIAL ANIMOSITY AND A CANCEROUS SUSPICION IN THE WEST COAST POPULATION OF MANY MILLIONS.

"I'M GETTING A FIRSTHAND IMPRESSION OF THE WHOLE MOVEMENT AND THE THING IS INTERESTING AND FRAUGHT WITH DANGER. I WAS IN ON THIS FROM BEFORE EVACUATION WHEN THE FBI WAS SWEEPING THE COAST OF ISSEI (NON-CITIZENS) AND LUGGING THEM INTO DETENTION CAMPS FOR A DELAYED HEARING. X X X I SAW A CLIQUE OF RAPACIOUS NISEI (CITIZENS) RIDING DOWN THEIR PARENTS (TAKING ADVANTAGE) AND UNDER THE JAPANESE AMERICAN CITIZENS LEAGUE BANNER SABOTAGE THEIR OWN PEOPLE. X X X THIS WAS THE TYPE OF MEN WHO RIPPED HIS FELLOW JAPANESE UP THE BACK WITH ONE HAND AND WAVED THE FLAG WITH THE OTHER."

WASHINGTON, JULY 2-(AP)-TOORU KANAZAWA, AMERICAN OF JAPANESE PARENTAGE AND A PRIVATE IN THE U.S. ARMY, TOLD THE DIES COMMITTEE TODAY THE WAR RELOCATION AUTHORITY (WRA) PASSED CONFIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS

WASHINGTON, JULY 2,--(UP)--PVT. JOE KANAZAWA, AN AMERICAN CITIZEN SERVING IN THE ARMY'S JAPANESE COMBAT UNIT AT CAMP SHELBY, MISS., TOLD A DIES SUBCOMMITTEE TODAY THAT AS EASTERN REPRESENTATIVE OF THE JAPANESE-AMERICAN CITIZENS LEAGUE, HE HAD RECEIVED CONFIDENTIAL REPORTS FROM THE WAR RELOCATION AUTHORITY.

KANAZAWA, WEARING HIS ARMY UNIFORM, TOLD THE SUBCOMMITTEE THAT BEFORE ENTERING THE ARMY ON MAY 22, 1943, HE FREQUENTLY DISCUSSED POLICIES WITH WRA OFFICIALS, INCLUDING DIRECTOR DILLON S. MYER.

HOWEVER, HE "REFERRED THE COMMITTEE TO THE AUTHOR" WHEN QUESTIONED ABOUT LETTERS WRITTEN BY THE LEAGUE'S PRESIDENT, MIKE MASOAKA, INDICATING HE DICTATED WRA POLICIES.

IN A REPORT TO THE LEAGUE'S HEADQUARTERS AT SALT LAKE CITY, MASOAKA, ACCORDING TO COMMITTEE INVESTIGATORS, SAID MYER TOLD HIM "HE AND HIS STAFF (ON WRA) DEALS WITH US (OF THE LEAGUE) ON THE SAME BASIS OF CONFIDENCE AND MUTUAL TRUST AS THEY DO AMONG THEMSELVES."

"UP TO NOW I HAVE BEEN PERMITTED TO SIT DOWN AND DISCUSS EVERY MAJOR POLICY BEFORE IT WAS FINALLY PASSED ON," MASOAKA ALLEGEDLY REPORTED.

"UP TO NOW, NO CONFIDENCE HAS BEEN BETRAYED, UP TO NOW WE HAVE WORKED AND COOPERATED WITH THEM TO A FINE DEGREE.

"THE WRA DESIRES TO CONTINUE THAT FINE RELATIONSHIP AND WILL CONTINUE TO DO SO AS LONG AS CONFIDENTIAL MATTERS ARE KEPT IN CONFIDENCE AND AS LONG AS WE SINCERELY TRY TO COOPERATE WITH THEM ON THE IMPROVEMENT OF CONDITIONS."

"HE (MYER) IS AFRAID THAT CERTAIN GUYS IN CONGRESS WOULD JUMP DOWN THROATS IF THEY COULD ONLY IMAGINE A PART OF THE PART WHICH WE PLAY IN FORMING WRA POLICY."

KANAZAWA TOLD THE COMMITTEE HE HAD SUGGESTED THAT WENDELL L. WILLKIE BE ASKED TO WRITE A BRIEF IN A CASE IN WHICH THE SUPREME COURT RECENTLY UPHELD THE RIGHT OF THE MILITARY TO IMPOSE A CURFEW ON WEST COAST JAPANESE. HE DID NOT MAKE CLEAR WHETHER WILLKIE WAS ASKED TO DO SO, HOWEVER. WILLKIE NEVER ENTERED INTO THE CASE.

KANAZAWA SAID THAT BEFORE ENTERING THE ARMY, HE WAS ENTERED INTO THE CASE. AS A "NOT SO SUCCESSFUL FREE-LANCE WRITER," HE SAID, HE HAD SOLD STORIES TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR, THRILLING SPORTS, AND COMMON GROUND.

HE SAID THAT HE HAD BEEN AN OFFICIAL IN THE JAPANESE-AMERICAN COMMITTEE FOR DEMOCRACY, WHICH HE DESCRIBED AS AN "ANTIFASCIST, AMERICANIZATION GROUP, BUT IN A SENSE YOU COULD CALL IT COMMUNISTIC."

DIES-JAPS

WASHINGTON, JULY 6-(AP)--MIKE M. MASAOKA, FORMER SECRETARY AND
FIELD EXECUTIVE OF THE JAPANESE-AMERICAN CITIZENS LEAGUE, STOUTLY

BY PEGGY POOR

UNITED PRESS STAFF CORRESPONDENT.

WASHINGTON, JULY 7.--(UP)--A DIES SUBCOMMITTEE TODAY RECALLED
DIRECTOR DILLON S. MYER OF THE WAR RELOCATION AUTHORITY FOR FURTHER
QUESTIONING ON MYER'S ANGRY CHARGES THAT THE SUBCOMMITTEE IS STIRRING

PRECEDE JAPANESE

WASHINGTON, JULY 7--(UP)--WAR RELOCATION DIRECTOR DILLON S. MYER
TOLD A DIES SUBCOMMITTEE LATE TODAY THAT HIS AGENCY HOPED TO COMPLETE

DIES-JAPS

WASHINGTON, JULY 6-(AP)--MIKE M. MASAOKA, FORMER SECRETARY AND FIELD EXECUTIVE OF THE JAPANESE-AMERICAN CITIZENS LEAGUE, STOUTLY CHAMPIONED THE WAR RELOCATION AUTHORITY'S POLICIES IN HANDLING INTERNED JAPS TODAY AND TOLD THE DIES COMMITTEE HE BELIEVED RESTRICTIONS ON THE RELEASE OF JAPS FROM RELOCATION CENTERS SHOULD BE LOOSENED.

MASAOKA, NOW A PRIVATE IN THE UNITED STATES ARMY, IDENTIFIED FOR THE COMMITTEE A REPORT OF STATEMENTS ALLEGED TO HAVE BEEN MADE BY AN INMATE OF ONE OF THE RELOCATION CAMPS THAT PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT "IS A DAMN FOOL" AND "WE OUGHT TO HAVE ENOUGH GUTS TO KILL ROOSEVELT."

THE REPORT DEALT WITH A CONVERSATION OVERHEAD ON A TRAIN BEARING JAP EVACUEES FROM THE WEST COAST. ROBERT STRIPLING, CHIEF INVESTIGATOR FOR THE COMMITTEE, SAID IT WAS MADE TO THE RELOCATION AUTHORITY BY KARL YONEDA, A LEADER AT THE MANZANAR RELOCATION CAMP. THE REMARK ABOUT THE PRESIDENT WAS ATTRIBUTED TO JUICHI UYEMOTO WHO, MASAOKA SAID HE BELIEVED, NOW IS IN A SEGREGATED RELOCATION CAMP.

MASAOKA ALSO IDENTIFIED A REPORT CONTAINING A SUGGESTION FROM AN UNIDENTIFIED PERSON THAT THE JAPANESE-AMERICAN CITIZENS LEAGUE MAKE A "DEAL" WITH GOVERNORS OF SEVERAL WESTERN STATES FOR VOTING SUPPORT IN EXCHANGE FOR SETTLEMENT OPPORTUNITIES FOR JAPS. THE SUGGESTION WAS NOT TAKEN SERIOUSLY, HE TOLD THE COMMITTEE, AND NOTHING CAME OF IT.

ASKED WHETHER HE BELIEVED MRS. ROOSEVELT INFLUENCED WRA POLICIES, MASAOKA SAID HE DID NOT THINK SO BUT ON THE CONTRARY BELIEVED THE POLICIES WERE FORMULATED BY DILLON S. MYER, WRA HEAD, WHO WAS CALLED TO TESTIFY AS THE LAST WITNESS IN THE INVESTIGATION OF JAP ACTIVITIES AND WRA POLICIES.

"AS FAR AS I'M CONCERNED," MR. MYER IS FORMULATING HIS OWN POLICY AND DOING A DAMN GOOD JOB OF IT," MASAOKA SAID.

MASAOKA SAID HE BELIEVED IT WOULD BE UNWISE FOR THE ARMY TO ADMINISTER THE RELOCATION CENTERS, ADDING THAT "IT'S QUITE CONCEIVABLE THAT THERE MIGHT HAVE BEEN MORE BLOODSHED" IF THE EVACUEES WERE PUT UNDER THE ARMY AND SUBJECTED TO "A STRICT MILITARY RULE."

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MASAOKA WAS ASKED IF HE KNEW WHETHER PEARL BUCK, THE WRITER, HAD SOUGHT THE AID OF MADAME CHIANG KAI-SHEK IN HANDLING THE JAPANESE-AMERICAN PROBLEM. HE TOLD THE COMMITTEE HE PREFERRED TO DISCUSS THAT IN EXECUTIVE SESSION.

WHILE FAVORING SOME KIND OF A CHECK-UP ON JAPS RELEASED FROM THE CAMPS, HE SAID, HE FELT THAT THE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION CHECK WAS UNNECESSARY IN DEALING WITH AMERICANS OF JAP ANCESTRY AND THE PRESENT SYSTEM OF RELEASES WAS "TOO SLOW AND TOO CUMBERSOME."

MASAOKA SAID THE JAACL HAD CONDUCTED A CAMPAIGN TO DEFEAT A BILL BY SENATOR STEWART (D-TENN) CALLING FOR THE SENDING OF ALL JAPANESE NATIONALS AND JAPANESE OF AMERICAN BIRTH TO RELOCATION CENTERS. HE SUGGESTED SEGREGATION BE USED ONLY IN THE CASES OF KNOWN PRO-JAPANESE ELEMENTS AND JAPS WHO REPEATEDLY HAVE CAUSED TROUBLE, AND FAVORED EXPEDITIOUS RELEASE OF THOSE WHOSE LOYALTY WAS NOT IN DOUBT.

DIES-JAPS

WASHINGTON, JULY 6-(AP)--MIKE M. MASAOKA, FORMER SECRETARY AND
FIELD EXECUTIVE OF THE JAPANESE-AMERICAN CITIZENS LEAGUE, STOUTLY

BY PEGGY POOR

UNITED PRESS STAFF CORRESPONDENT.

WASHINGTON, JULY 7.--(UP)--A DIES SUBCOMMITTEE TODAY RECALLED DIRECTOR DILLON S. MYER OF THE WAR RELOCATION AUTHORITY FOR FURTHER QUESTIONING ON MYER'S ANGRY CHARGES THAT THE SUBCOMMITTEE IS STIRRING UP RACIAL DISUNITY AND ENDANGERING AMERICAN PRISONERS IN JAPAN.

THE SUBCOMMITTEE, WHICH IS HOLDING HEARINGS ON THE CONDUCT OF JAPANESE RELOCATION CAMPS ADMINISTERED BY THE WAR, IS EXPECTED TO GIVE ITS REPLY TO DILLON'S ACCUSATION THAT IT IS "BETRAYING THE DEMOCRATIC OBJECTIVES WHICH THIS NATION AND ITS ALLIES ARE FIGHTING TO PRESERVE."

MYER OPENED HIS BLAST YESTERDAY BY ACCUSING THE SUBCOMMITTEE OF GIVING WIDE CIRCULATION TO "HALF TRUTHS, EXAGGERATIONS, FALSEHOODS... DISTORTIONS AND DOWNRIGHT UNTRUTHS" ABOUT THE RELOCATION CENTERS. HE SAID THE POLICIES OF HIS ORGANIZATION HAVE A SIGNIFICANCE "WHICH GOES FAR BEYOND THE GEOGRAPHIC BOUNDARIES OF THIS COUNTRY," AND DECLARED THAT ITS PROGRAM IS UNDOUBTEDLY BEING WATCHED CLOSELY IN JAPAN "WHERE THOUSANDS OF AMERICAN SOLDIERS AND CIVILIANS ARE HELD AS PRISONERS AND INTERNEES."

HE SAID THE SUBCOMMITTEE CONDUCTED ITS EIGHT-WEEK INQUIRY SO AS TO GIVE "MAXIMUM PUBLICITY TO SENSATIONAL STATEMENTS," AND INSISTED THAT THE PROBLEM HAS SUCH GRAVE INTERNATIONAL COMPLICATIONS THAT IT SHOULD BE APPROACHED "THOUGHTFULLY, SOBERLY AND WITH MATURITY."

HE SAID THE SUBCOMMITTEE'S PROCEDURE WAS PROVIDING THE ENEMY WITH MATERIAL "WHICH CAN BE USED TO CONVINCING THE PEOPLE OF THE ORIENT THAT THE UNITED STATES IS UNDEMOCRATIC AND IS FIGHTING A RACIAL WAR."

CHAIRMAN JOHN COSTELLO, D., CALIF., INTERRUPTED MYER'S CRITICISM YESTERDAY TO ASK WHETHER THE WRA WANTED TO CENSOR ALL RELEASES ISSUED BY THE SUBCOMMITTEE.

MYER SAID HE BELIEVED IN A "FREE PRESS," BUT CONTENDED THAT HE SHOULD HAVE BEEN CONSULTED AT THE BEGINNING OF THE INVESTIGATION, THAT COMMITTEE STATEMENTS SHOULD BE SUBMITTED TO A WRA ACCURACY CHECK, AND THAT A WRA REPRESENTATIVE SHOULD BE ALLOWED TO SIT IN AT ALL HEARINGS TO VERIFY STATEMENTS OF WITNESSES.

"JUST HOW WOULD WE CONDUCT HEARINGS WITH THE WITNESS ANSWERING QUESTIONS FROM ONE CHAIR AND YOU BUTTING IN FROM THE OTHER?" COSTELLO ASKED.

MEANWHILE, THE HOUSE RECEIVED A RESOLUTION, PASSED UNANIMOUSLY BY THE SENATE YESTERDAY, ORDERING THE SEGREGATION WITHIN THE CENTERS OF JAPANESE OF "QUESTIONABLE LOYALTY."

SENS. KENNETH MCKELLAR, D., TENN., AND CHAPMAN REVERCOMB, R., W. VA., DEMANDED THAT ADMINISTRATION OF THE CAMPS BE TRANSFERRED IMMEDIATELY FROM THE WRA TO THE ARMY AND ASKED THE SENATE MILITARY AFFAIRS COMMITTEE TO SPONSOR SUCH LEGISLATION.

HR758A

DIES-JAPS

WASHINGTON, JULY 6-(AP)--MIKE M. MASAOKA, FORMER SECRETARY AND
FIELD EXECUTIVE OF THE JAPANESE-AMERICAN CITIZENS LEAGUE, STOUTLY

BY PEGGY POOR

UNITED PRESS STAFF CORRESPONDENT.

WASHINGTON, JULY 7--(UP)--A DIES SUBCOMMITTEE TODAY RECALLED
DIRECTOR DILLON S. MYER OF THE WAR RELOCATION AUTHORITY FOR FURTHER
QUESTIONING ON MYER'S ANGRY CHARGES THAT THE SUBCOMMITTEE IS STIRRING

PRECEDE JAPANESE

WASHINGTON, JULY 7--(UP)--WAR RELOCATION DIRECTOR DILLON S. MYER
TOLD A DIES SUBCOMMITTEE LATE TODAY THAT HIS AGENCY HOPED TO COMPLETE
"A MAJOR MOVEMENT" OF 6,300 JAPANESE-AMERICANS, BELIEVED TO BE
DISLOYAL, FROM RELOCATION CENTERS TH SEGREGATION CAMPS BETWEEN SEPT.
1 AND OCT. 20.

HE SAID HE EXPECTED "TREMENDOUS EMOTIONAL TURMOIL" THROUGHOUT THE
COUNTRY TO RESULT FROM HIS ANNOUNCEMENT.

APPROXIMATELY 15 PER CENT OF THE 15,000 EVACUEES SO FAR RELEASED
149. CENTERS, HE SAID, ARE ALIENS. BUT, HE ASSURED THE COMMITTEE,
THEY WERE SUBJECTED TO A STRICTER PRE-RELEASE INVESTIGATION THAN
CITIZENS.

EK459P..

WASHINGTON, JULY 7-(AP)--REP. THOMAS (R-N.J) SAID TODAY HE WILL
INTRODUCE A BILL TO REMOVE ADMINISTRATION OF THE WAR RELOCATION
CENTERS FROM THE WAR RELOCATION AUTHORITY TO THE ARMY.

WASHINGTON, July 7 (AP)--Rep. Thomas (R-N.J.) said today he will introduce a bill to remove administration of the war relocation centers from the War Relocation Authority to the Army. The bill would transfer to the Army the 10 war relocation centers now operated by the War Relocation Authority. The bill also would transfer to the Army the 10 war relocation centers now operated by the War Relocation Authority. The bill also would transfer to the Army the 10 war relocation centers now operated by the War Relocation Authority.

1ST LEAD JAPANESE (POOR)

WASHINGTON, JULY 7---(UP)--DIRECTOR DILLON S. MYER OF THE WAR
RELOCATION AUTHORITY SAID TODAY HIS AGENCY IS WITHOUT AUTHORITY TO

DENVER, JULY 13---(UP)--OFFICIALS OF THE WAR RELOCATION AUTHORITY
ASSERTED TODAY THAT THE RECENT INVESTIGATION OF JAPANESE EVACUEE CAMPS

WASHINGTON, JULY 7-(AP)-REP. THOMAS (R-N.J.) SAID TODAY HE WILL INTRODUCE A BILL TO REMOVE ADMINISTRATION OF THE WAR RELOCATION CENTERS FROM THE WAR RELOCATION AUTHORITY TO THE ARMY.

ADDRESSING DILLON MYER, DIRECTOR OF WRA, IN A HEARING OF A DIES SUB-COMMITTEE ON WRA'S HANDLING OF JAPANESE, THOMAS DECLARED:

"IT IS JUST A SILLY SOCIAL EXPERIMENT YOU ARE CONDUCTING."

MYER REPLIED:

"THAT IS A MATTER FOR THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE AND CONGRESS. I SEE NOTHING TO BE GAINED BY ARGUING WITH YOU. I AM GOING TO CARRY OUT THE PROGRAM FROM THE STANDPOINT OF THE INTERESTS OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA."

MYER TESTIFIED HIS AGENCY "CONSULTS WITH THE WAR AND JUSTICE DEPARTMENTS CONTINUALLY ON POLICY."

"I THINK WE CAN SAVE THE COUNTRY MONEY AND POSSIBLY RACIAL TROUBLE AFTER THE WAR IF ALL EVACUEES TO THE CENTERS ARE RELOCATED BEFORE THE WAR IS OVER," HE ASSERTED.

MYER ESTIMATED 73,000 JAPANESE AMERICANS OR JAPANESE ALIENS OVER 17 YEARS OLD HAVE BEEN TAKEN INTO THE WAR RELOCATION CENTERS, AND "10 PER CENT OF THE MALES HAVE REFUSED TO PLEDGE ALLEGIANCE TO THE GOVERNMENT OF THE UNITED STATES." WRA IS TEACHING THE EVACUEES JUDO (A FORM OF JAPANESE WRESTLING), JAPANESE FENMANSHIP AND GOH (JAPANESE CHECKERS). MYER SAID "\$200 TO \$300 MONTHLY IS BEING SPENT IN TEACHING JUDO."

"HOW MUCH ARE YOU SPENDING TO TEACH THEM BASEBALL?" REP. MUNDT (R-MINN) ASKED. "I HAVE THE FEELING THESE CAMPS COULD BE USED TO WEAN THESE PEOPLE AWAY FROM THEIR JAPANESE CUSTOMS."

REP. COSTELLO (D-CAL) REMARKED:

"JUDO CARRIES WITH IT CEREMONIES OF JAPAN, SUCH AS BOWING TO THE EMPEROR."

"THAT DOES NOT NECESSARILY FOLLOW IN THE CAMPS," MYER REPLIED. PS

"I CAN'T SEE HOW YOU INCULCATE AMERICANISM BY FANNING THE FLAMES OF ORIENTALISM," MUNDT REMARKED. "I OBJECT TO SPENDING MONEY TO TEACH SUCH GAMES. DO YOU AGREE THAT THIS IS BAD POLICY?"

"SURE, WHY NOT?" MYER REPLIED.

WASHINGTON, JULY 7-(AP)--REP. THOMAS (R-NJ) SAID TODAY HE WILL INTRODUCE A BILL TO REMOVE ADMINISTRATION OF THE WAR RELOCATION CENTERS FROM THE WAR RELOCATION AUTHORITY TO THE ARMY.

1ST LEAD JAPANESE (POOR)

WASHINGTON, JULY 7.--(UP)--DIRECTOR DILLON S. MYER OF THE WAR RELOCATION AUTHORITY SAID TODAY HIS AGENCY IS WITHOUT AUTHORITY TO INTERN AMERICAN CITIZENS OF JAPANESE ANCESTRY FOR MORE THAN BRIEF PERIODS UNLESS THEY ARE CHARGED WITH BEING DISLOYAL OR SUBVERSIVE.

MYER, FOR THE SECOND CONSECUTIVE DAY, DEFENDED BEFORE A DIES SUBCOMMITTEE THE RELOCATION AUTHORITY'S PROGRAM OF RELEASING LOYAL JAPANESE. THE SUBCOMMITTEE IS HOLDING HEARINGS ON THE CONDUCT OF JAPANESE RELOCATION CAMPS.

"THE DETENTION OF CITIZENS OF THE UNITED STATES AGAINST WHOM NO CHARGES OF DISLOYALTY OR SUBVERSIVENESS HAVE BEEN MADE, OR CAN BE MADE, FOR LONGER THAN THE MINIMUM PERIOD NECESSARY TO SCREEN THE LYAL FROM THE DISLOYAL, AND TO PROVIDE THE NECESSARY GUIDANCE FOR RELOCATION, IS BEYOND THE POWER OF THE WAR RELOCATION AUTHORITY," MYER SAID.

HE SAID THAT NEITHER CONGRESS NOR PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT HAD GIVEN THE RELOCATION AUTHORITY THAT POWER, AND ADDED THAT "LAWYERS WILL READILY AGREE THAT AN ATTEMPT TO AUTHORIZE SUCH CONFINEMENT WOULD BE VERY HARD TO RECONCILE WITH THE CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS OF CITIZENS."

MYER, WHO CHARGED THE SUBCOMMITTEE WITH STIRRING UP RACIAL DISUNITY AND ENDANGERING AMERICAN PRISONERS IN JAPAN, EXCHANGED SHARP REMARKS WITH SUBCOMMITTEE MEMBERS WHEN HE TURNED AWAY FROM THEM TO ADDRESS STATEMENTS TO THE PRESS.

REP. J. PARNELL THOMAS, R., N. J., PROTESTED THAT THE COMMITTEE HAD CALLED MYER TO ANSWER QUESTIONS, NOT TO READ STATEMENTS TO PRESS.

"I'LL BE GLAD TO ANSWER QUESTIONS, IF I AM ALLOWED TO READ MY STATEMENT TO THE PRESS," MYER SAID. "IN MY JUDGMENT THE STATEMENT ANSWERS THE QUESTIONS."

"I HAVE MY OPINION OF YOUR JUDGMENT," THOMAS SAID, AND AS MYER STARTED READING THOMAS INTERRUPTED HIM:

"YOU'RE LOOKING AT THE PRESS. I WOULD LIKE TO KNOW IF YOU'RE READING TO THE PRESS OR TO THE COMMITTEE."

MYER RESUMED READING WITHOUT COMMENT. HE SAID HE WAS "CONCERNED" THAT THE COMMITTEE HAD NOT SUPPLIED HIM WITH NAMES AND ADDRESSES OF ALLEGEDLY "KNOWN SABOTEURS" RELEASED BY THE RELOCATION AUTHORITY.

"YOU'RE GOING TO BE CONCERNED WITH A LOT MORE QUESTIONS BEFORE YOU'RE THROUGH," THOMAS SAID. "IT'S A SILLY SOCIAL EXPERIMENT YOU'RE CONDUCTING."

CHAIRMAN JOHN COSTELLO, D., CALIF., REMINDED MYER SHARPLY THAT THE SUBCOMMITTEE HAD SUPPLIED HIM WITH SOME NAMES YESTERDAY. MYER SAID HE HAD NOT CHECKED THEM. THEN COSTELLO POINTED OUT THAT DIES COMMITTEE FILES ARE AVAILABLE TO THE FBI.

"IF YOU CHECKED WITH THE FBI, YOU CHECKED WITH THE DIES COMMITTEE," COSTELLO SAID. "THE COMMITTEE IS NOT SENDING ITS FILES AROUND TOWN."

THOMAS THEN ADDED HIS APPROVAL TO A RECOMMENDATION MADE YESTERDAY BY SEN. KENNETH MCKELLAR, D., TENN., THAT ADMINISTRATION OF THE RELOCATION CENTERS BE TRANSFERRED TO THE ARMY.

MYER READ A LETTER RECEIVED LAST SEPTEMBER FROM ATTORNEY GENERAL FRANCIS BIDDLE, EXPRESSING APPROVAL OF THE PROPOSED PROGRAM OF RELEASING JAPANESE-AMERICANS BUT INSISTING THAT FURTHER INVESTIGATION SHOULD BE MADE BY THE RELOCATION AUTHORITY AFTER CHECK OF FBI FILES.

"THAT PUTS A PRETTY DEFINITE MANDATE ON YOU WHERE HE SAYS THERE THAT FURTHER INVESTIGATION WILL HAVE TO BE MADE," SAID REP. KARL MUNDT, R., S.D.

MYER INSISTED THAT HE HAD MADE FURTHER CHECKS.

"ACTUALLY NO INVESTIGATION HAS BEEN MADE OF BACKGROUND," COSTELLO SAID, AND MYER MADE NO REPLY.

MYER SAID THAT BIDDLE HAD REQUESTED FOR HIS COUSIN, MISS CONSTANCE BIDDLE OF BRYN MAWR, PA., RELEASE OF AN \$80 A MONTH JAPANESE HOUSE MAN. SECRETARY OF INTERIOR HAROLD L. ICKES HAS THREE JAPANESE WORKING AT HIS FARM.

"DO YOU HAPPEN TO KNOW IF ALL THE OTHER MEMBERS OF THE CABINET ARE GOING TO MAKE SUCH REQUESTS?" THOMAS ASKED.

MYER LAUGHED AND REMARKED THAT CABINET MEMBERS "ARE FREE CITIZENS, LIKE ANYBODY ELSE."

"IT WILL SAVE THE GOVERNMENT MONEY AND MORE INTENSIVE RACE PROBLEMS AFTER THE WAR IF WE COULD WITH THE APPROVAL OF THE MILITARY RELEASE ALL OF THE EVACUEES BEFORE THE END OF THE WAR," MYER TOLD THE COMMITTEE.

"WHAT I'M INTERESTED IN," MUNDT SAID, "IS WHY A JAP WHO IS BAD FOR BALTIMORE, IS OKAY FOR OMAHA. WHOSE IDEA IS IT THAT AFTER A EVACUEE HAS BEEN REJECTED FOR BALTIMORE, HE IS SHIPPED TO OMAHA?"

MYER DID NOT ANSWER THAT DIRECTLY, BUT YESTERDAY HE TOLD THE COMMITTEE THAT MORE CAREFUL CHECK WAS MADE BEFORE RELEASE TO THE EASTERN DEFENSE COMMAND THAN TO INLAND AREAS.

(PICKUP AT 3RD PGH; MYER OPENED)

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1ST LEAD JAPANESE (POOR)

WASHINGTON, JULY 7---(UP)--DIRECTOR DILLON S. MYER OF THE WAR RELOCATION AUTHORITY SAID TODAY HIS AGENCY IS WITHOUT AUTHORITY TO

DENVER, JULY 13---(UP)--OFFICIALS OF THE WAR RELOCATION AUTHORITY ASSERTED TODAY THAT THE RECENT INVESTIGATION OF JAPANESE EVACUEE CAMPS BY THE DIES COMMITTEE HAD BEEN AN ATTEMPT TO PUT THE GOVERNMENT AGENCY ON TRIAL IN THE NEWSPAPERS OF THIS COUNTRY.

ROBERT W. FRASE, ASSISTANT CHAIRMAN OF THE EMPLOYMENT DIVISION OF THE WRA IN WASHINGTON, AND HAROLD S. CHOATE, REGIONAL SUPERVISOR, SAID THE COMMITTEE HAD HEARD TESTIMONY THAT WAS COMPOSED MOSTLY OF FALSEHOODS AND HALF-TRUTHS. THEY SAID THE WRA HAD NOT BEEN GIVEN AN OPPORTUNITY TO ANSWER THE CHARGES UNTIL RECENTLY WHEN THE DIRECTOR OF THE AGENCY, DILLON MEYER, APPEARED AFTER HINTS OF SCANDAL HAD BEEN SPREAD ALL OVER THE COUNTRY.

FRASE AND CHOATE WERE AMONG THE 18 OFFICIALS OF THE AGENCY WHO WERE GATHERED IN DENVER FOR A CONFERENCE ON THE BEST MEANS OF RETURNING LOYAL CITIZENS OF JAPANESE ANCESTRY BACK TO CIVILIAN LIFE FROM THE HUGE RELOCATION CAMPS.

HEART MOUNTAIN, WYO., JULY 5-(AP)-NISEI CITIZENS AND
JAPANESE ALIENS AT THE HEART MOUNTAIN

PHOENIX, ARIZ., JULY 7,--(UP)--A LAW PROHIBITING BUSINESS
TRANSACTIONS WITH JAPANESE WITHOUT PUBLICATION OF NOTICE WAS RULED
UNCONSTITUTIONAL TODAY. THE LAW ALSO APPLIED TO "OTHER PERSONS WHOSE

SE RELAY

PORTLAND, ORE., JULY 14-(AP)-MINORU YASUI, HOOD RIVER, ORE.,
JAPANESE HUNG BY THE NECK

HEART MOUNTAIN, WYO., JULY 5-(AP)-NISEI CITIZENS AND
JAPANESE ALIENS AT THE HEART MOUNTAIN
RELOCATION CENTER WILL VOTE TOMORROW ON A PROPOSED SELF-GOVERNMENT
CHARTER, SAID THE HEART MOUNTAIN SENTINEL, WEEKLY PUBLICATION
AT THE CENTER.

RATIFICATION OR REJECTION OF THE CHARTER WILL BE DETERMINED
BY A MAJORITY VOTE. ALL RESIDENTS AT THE CENTER 18 YEARS OF
AGE AND OVER ARE ELIGIBLE TO PARTICIPATE IN THE SECRET BALLOTING.

THE CHARTER, APPROVED BY PROJECT DIRECTOR GUY ROBERTSON,
PROVIDES FOR AN ELECTION OF A LEGISLATIVE BODY, THE COMMUNITY
COUNCIL. A JUDICIAL COMMISSION WOULD BE APPOINTED BY THE COUNCIL.

TR MK1220PMW

UNCONSTITUTIONAL TODAY.

SE RELAY

PORTLAND, ORE., JULY 14-(AP)-MINORU YASUI, HOOD RIVER, ORE.,
JAPANESE HONORARY DELEGATION

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SE RELAY

PORTLAND, ORE., JULY 14-(AP)-MINORU YASUI, HOOD RIVER, ORE.,
JAPANESE WHO DELIBERATELY VIOLATED THE COAST ALIEN CURFEW ORDER
TO PRECIPITATE A TEST CASE WHICH REACHED THE U.S. SUPREME COURT,
WILL BE FREED IN 15 DAYS.

FEDERAL DISTRICT JUDGE JAMES A. FEE, WHO SENTENCED YASUI
TO A YEAR IN THE PENITENTIARY AND FINED HIM \$5000, TODAY RESENTENCED
HIM TO EIGHT MONTHS AND 10 DAYS IN JAIL, WITH TIME ALREADY
SERVED IN THE MULTNOMAH COUNTY JAIL, YASUI HAS ONLY 15 DAYS TO
GO. NO FINE WAS IMPOSED.

JUDGE FEE, IN LINE WITH THE SUPREME COURT MANDATE, RESTORED
TO YASUI THE AMERICAN CITIZENSHIP WHICH, IN HIS DECISION LAST FALL
JUDGE FEE REVOKED. JUDGE FEE AT THAT TIME TOOK THE POSITION THAT
YASUI, BY WORKING FOR THE JAPANESE GOVERNMENT (JAPANESE CONSULATE
IN CHICAGO) BEFORE AMERICA ENTERED THE WAR, HAD FORFEITED HIS AMERICAN
CITIZENSHIP. YASUI IS AMERICAN-BORN.

THE SUPREME COURT DECIDED THAT THE CURFEW APPLIED TO ALL PERSONS
INDICATED BY THE MILITARY, BUT THAT YASUI'S CITIZENSHIP WAS NOT
AT ISSUE. THE HIGH COURT INFERRED THAT A LIGHTER SENTENCE WAS IN
ORDER.

IN ANNOUNCING THAT YASUI WOULD BE RELEASED IN 15 DAYS, THE
JUDGE POINTED OUT THAT THE ALIEN CURFEW LAW WAS PREDICATED ON THE FEAR
OF A JAPANESE ATTACK AND ON THE MILITARY'S DESIRE TO REMOVE
FROM THE STREETS ALL PERSONS OF JAPANESE ANCESTRY. NOW THE JAPANESE
ARE REMOVED FROM THE COAST AND, HE SAID, "YASUI'S OFFENSE
APPEARS MINOR AT THIS TIME."

JR149PX

LA OUT

LOS ANGELES, JULY 15-(AP)--THE WAR RELOCATION AUTHORITY HAS CLEARLY INDICATED IT HAS NO PLANS TO RETURN EITHER NATIVE OR FOREIGN-

WASHINGTON, JULY 16.--(UP)--THE WAR RELOCATION AUTHORITY TODAY IS PREPARING TO SEGREGATE IN A SINGLE COMMUNITY JAPANESE EVACUEES

LA OUT

LOS ANGELES, JULY 15-(AP)-THE WAR RELOCATION AUTHORITY HAS CLEARLY INDICATED IT HAS NO PLANS TO RETURN EITHER NATIVE OR FOREIGN-BORN JAPANESE TO THE PACIFIC COAST, SEN. SHERIDAN DOWNEY (D.-CALIF.) SAID ON HIS ARRIVAL TODAY.

SENATOR DOWNEY VOICED ALSO THE BELIEF THAT A CONCISE STATEMENT ON THE NATIONAL POLICY FOR THE FUTURE HANDLING OF JAPS NOW IN RELOCATION CENTERS WILL BE FORTHCOMING SHORTLY IN WASHINGTON.

"MY UNDERSTANDING IS THAT THE PLAN IS TO GRADUALLY DISPERSE THE JAPANESE THROUGH THE UNITED STATES SO THERE WILL NOT BE A LARGE GROUP IN ANY SINGLE LOCATION," THE SENATOR DECLARED. "THE FACT THAT SOME OF THESE JAPANESE ARE AMERICAN CITIZENS BY VIRTUE OF BIRTH HERE PRESENTS A DIFFICULT PROBLEM. I ANTICIPATE THAT DURING THE WEEK-END WE WILL HEAR A DEFINITE ANNOUNCEMENT OF POLICY FROM WASHINGTON."

DOWNEY AUTHORED A RESOLUTION CALLING ON PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT AND THE WAR RELOCATION AUTHORITY TO SEGREGATE LOYAL JAPANESE FROM THOSE WHOSE SYMPATHIES LIE WITH THE TOKYO REGIME.

ES323PPW

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WASHINGTON, JULY 16.--(UP)--THE WAR RELOCATION AUTHORITY TODAY IS PREPARING TO SEGREGATE IN A SINGLE COMMUNITY JAPANESE EVACUEES CONSIDERED HOSTILE TO THE UNITED STATES AND TO RELEASE LOYAL EVACUEES FOR JOBS THAT AID THE WAR EFFORT.

WRA DIRECTOR DILLON S. MYER SAID LAST NIGHT IN A RADIO ADDRESS THAT THE JAPANESE LOYALISTS WOULD BE REMOVED AS SOON AS TRANSPORTATION CAN BE ARRANGED--SOMETIME WITHIN THE NEXT FEW WEEKS.

IN A VIGOROUS INDICTMENT OF THE RELOCATION CENTER SYSTEM, HE CONTENDED THAT THE REMAINING JAPANESE--"THOSE WHO ARE THOROUGHLY AMERICAN IN THEIR LOYALTIES"--COULD RENDER VALUABLE ASSISTANCE TO THE WR EFFORT BY WORKING ON FARMS AND IN WAR INDUSTRIES.

"IN SPITE OF THE FACT THAT WRA IS RESPONSIBLE FOR MANAGING THE RELOCATION CENTERS," HE SAID, "WE DON'T FEEL THAT THEY ARE DESIRABLE INSTITUTIONS...THE VERY SURROUNDINGS MAKE A MOCKERY OUT OF PRINCIPLES WE HAVE ALWAYS CHERISHED AND RESPECTED. IT'S DIFFICULT TO RECONCILE DEMOCRACY WITH BARBED WIRE..."

"THE ORIGINAL EVACUATION DID NOT IMPLY FOR ONE MOMENT THAT ALL EVACUEES WERE GUILTY OF ENDANGERING THE NATIONAL SAFETY. IT WAS A PRECAUTIONARY MOVE. THERE IS NO REASON TO CONDUCT THE RELOCATION CENTERS AS INTERNMENT CAMPS OR PRISONS."

HE SAID WRA SINCE LAST JULY HAS RELEASED 10,000 EVACUEES TO TAKE PERMANENT PLACES IN NORMAL COMMUNITIES. AN ADDITIONAL 6,000 HAVE BEEN GRANTED TEMPORARY LEAVE TO WORK ON FARMS.

"IN ALL THESE MONTHS," HE SAID, "NOT ONE CASE OF DISLOYAL ACTIVITY ON THE PART OF THESE PEOPLE HAS BEEN REPORTED FROM ANY RELIABLE SOURCE."

LB929A.

B115

WASHINGTON, JULY 16-(AP)-SECRETARY ICKES DECLARED TODAY THAT "SENSATIONAL REPORTS" THAT AN ARIZONA DAM WAS IN DANGER OF

WASHINGTON, JULY 16-(AP)-THE SENATE MILITARY AFFAIRS COMMITTEE RECOMMENDED TODAY THAT JAPANESE BE DRAFTED "IN THE SAME MANNER" AS OTHER RESIDENTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

B115

WASHINGTON, JULY 16-(AP)-SECRETARY ICKES DECLARED TODAY THAT "SENSATIONAL REPORTS" THAT AN ARIZONA DAM WAS IN DANGER OF SABOTAGE--BY JAPANESE FROM A NEARBY RELOCATION CENTER--WERE "ANOTHER DIES COMMITTEE SCAREHEAD WITH NOTHING BEHIND IT."

ICKES SAID THE REPORTS GREW OUT OF A HEARING JUNE 18 BY THE HOUSE COMMITTEE ON UNAMERICAN ACTIVITIES. HE ADDED INVESTIGATION SHOWED "NO DANGER OF PARKER DAM BEING BLOWN UP." THE INTERIOR SECRETARY DISCLOSED HIS INVESTIGATION IN A LETTER TO CHAIRMAN DIES (D-TEX) OF THE COMMITTEE.

TESTIMONY BEFORE THE COMMITTEE BY R.S.STRINGELLOW, AN AQUEDUCT GUARD, HAD BEEN PORTRAYED AS REPRESENTING THAT "DYNAMITE AND CAPS HAD BEEN STOLEN AND THE GREATER PARKER DAM WAS IN DANGER OF SABOTAGE BY JAPANESE," ICKES SAID. BUT HE ASSERTED STRINGELLOW HAD ADVISED THAT HE HAD NO PERSONAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE ALLEGED INCIDENTS.

ICKES SAID ABOUT 100 BLASTING CAPS, "OF A KIND ILL-ADAPTED FOR ANY MAJOR EXPLOSIVE JOBS," HAD BEEN TAKEN FROM THE NEARBY HEADGATE ROCK DAM THIS YEAR, BUT "THERE IS CIRCUMSTANTIAL EVIDENCE THAT TWO UNIDENTIFIED CAUCASIAN MEN WERE RESPONSIBLE FOR THIS INCIDENT."

3* INMI 70AVT VITE-SORTED TUVVREFF HE VETOSSED IN ROSS BRIDG

1* INMI 8137AVT TUVVREFF DE VETOSSED IN TALESMELL CAVIT

B115

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WASHINGTON, JULY 16-(AP)-THE SENATE MILITARY AFFAIRS COMMITTEE RECOMMENDED TODAY THAT JAPANESE BE DRAFTED "IN THE SAME MANNER" AS OTHER RESIDENTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

IN A REPORT BASED ON FINDINGS OF A SUBCOMMITTEE HEADED BY SENATOR CHANDLER (D-KY), THE COMMITTEE QUOTED ARMY SPOKESMEN AS SAYING "WE WOULD LIKE TO USE THESE PEOPLE AS SOLDIERS." IT ALSO SAID THE WAR DEPARTMENT HAS SATISFACTORY METHODS FOR "SCREENING OUT THE BAD ONES" AND THAT ALREADY MORE THAN 7,500 JAPANESE ARE IN THE ARMY.

THE COMMITTEE ALSO RECOMMENDED:

1. THAT DISLOYAL JAPANESE BE PLACED IN INTERNMENT CAMPS.
2. THAT LOYAL, ABLE-BODIED JAPANESE BE ALLOWED TO WORK UNDER PROPER SUPERVISION "IN AREAS WHERE THEY WILL BE ACCEPTED, AND WHERE THE ARMY AND NAVY AUTHORITIES CONSIDER IT SAFE FOR THEM TO GO."

ASSERTING THAT IN RELOCATION CAMPS OPERATED BY THE WAR RELOCATION AUTHORITY, "THERE IS LITTLE OR NO REAL DISCIPLINE, AND THERE ARE MANY CLASHES OF AUTHORITY," THE COMMITTEE RECOMMENDED THAT THE REGULARLY CONSTITUTED ARMS OF THE GOVERNMENT, "INCLUDING THE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION, THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE, AND THE ARMY AND NAVY" SHOULD ASSUME "FULL AND COMPLETE RESPONSIBILITY" FOR DETERMINING THE LOYALTY OF JAPANESE.

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SALT LAKE CITY, JULY 26--(UP)--LARRY S. TAJIRI, EDITOR OF THE

866PN

PHOENIX, ARIZ., JULY 26--(AP)--MAJ. GEN. VIRGIL L. PETERSON,

INVESTIGATION OF THE

DENVER, JULY 27--(UP)--THE FORMULA FOR SORTING OUT THE JAPS FROM

ES2LA

LOS ANGELES, JULY 29--(AP)--SABOTAGE HAS NOT OCCURRED IN

SALT LAKE CITY, JULY 26--(UP)--LARRY S. TAJIRI, EDITOR OF THE PACIFIC CITIZEN, JAPANESE-AMERICAN CITIZENS' LEAGUE PUBLICATION, SAID TODAY THE RESIGNATION OF MUSSOLINI REPRESENTED THE FIRST BREAK IN THE AXIS PARTNERSHIP AND MUST HAVE JAPANESE WAR LEADERS WORRIED.

POINTING OUT MEMBERS OF THE JAPANESE AMERICAN CITIZENS' LEAGUE ARE STRICTLY AMERICAN, TAJIRI SAID "WE VIEW MUSSOLINI'S RESIGNATION AS A GOOD THING. IT IS THE FIRST BREAK OF THE FASCISTS, AND WE LOOK FOR MORE SOON."

"WE HOPE TOJO IS NEXT," HE ADDED.

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PHOENIX, ARIZ., JULY 26-(AP)-MAJ. GEN. VIRGIL L. PETERSON, INSPECTOR GENERAL OF THE ARMY, COMPLETED AN INVESTIGATION OF THE JAPANESE SITUATION IN ARIZONA TODAY AND EXPRESSED CONFIDENCE "THE PRESIDENT AND DEPARTMENTS OF GOVERNMENT CONCERNED WILL NOT PERMIT ANY INJUSTICE TO ARIZONA."

HE WARNED, HOWEVER, THAT A SOLUTION OF THE PROBLEM WILL TAKE TIME AND URGED THAT "CALM AND CONSIDERED ACTION SHOULD PREVAIL."

"THE WAR DEPARTMENT," HE SAID IN A STATEMENT TO THE PRESS, "MUST VIEW WITH GRAVE CONCERN ANY ACTION WHICH WOULD AFFECT UNFAVORABLY" UNITED STATES SOLDIERS HELD IN ENEMY PRISON CAMPS.

"I CAN NOT STRESS TOO STRONGLY THE NECESSITY OF CAREFUL AND CONSIDERED ACTION BY THE PEOPLE OF ARIZONA TO AVOID IMPERILLING THE WELFARE AND LIVES OF HUSBANDS AND SONS OF OUR COUNTRY HELD IN THOSE CAMPS," GENERAL PETERSON SAID.

HIS INQUIRY WAS DIRECTED BY THE WAR DEPARTMENT AND AUTHORIZED BY PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT AFTER GOV. SIDNEY P. OSBORN AND OTHER ARIZONA OFFICIALS EXPRESSED FEAR THAT BLOODSHED WOULD RESULT UNLESS THE GOVERNMENT PREVENTED JAPANESE RELEASED FROM RELOCATION CENTERS FROM SETTLING IN THIS STATE.

PETERSON SAID THE 1940 CENSUS SHOWED THERE WERE APPROXIMATELY 700 JAPANESE IN ARIZONA. HE SAID HIS INVESTIGATION INDICATED THERE ARE NOT MORE THAN 350 IN THE STATE NOW OUTSIDE THE RELOCATION CAMPS AT RIVERS AND POSTON.

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PHOENIX, ARIZ., JULY 26--(AP)--MAJ. GEN. VIRGIL L. PETERSON,

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DENVER, JULY 27--(UP)--THE FORMULA FOR SORTING OUT THE JAPS FROM THE LOYAL AMERICANS, EXPECTED TO GET UNDER WAY BY SEPTEMBER, WAS ANNOUNCED TODAY IN DENVER BY DILLON S. MYER, HEAD OF THE WAR RELOCATION AUTHORITY.

THREE CLASSES INTO WHICH THE JAPANESE NOW HELD IN THE NATION'S 10 WAR RELOCATION CENTERS WILL BE SEGREGATED PENDING FINAL DISPOSAL WERE ANNOUNCED BY MYER AS FOLLOWS:

1. THOSE JAPANESE WHO WOULD LIKE TO BE REPATRIATED.
2. THOSE WHO ARE AMERICANS AND WANT TO CONTINUE TO BE AMERICANS.
3. THOSE JAPANESE WHO REFUSED TO SWEAR ALLEGIANCE TO THE UNITED STATES, BUT YET DID NOT WANT TO BE RETURNED TO JAPAN.

MYER SAID THAT THE STATE DEPARTMENT WILL REPATRIATE THOSE WHO WANT TO BE RETURNED TO THEIR HOMELAND AS SOON AS IT SEES FIT. HOWEVER, UNTIL THE REPATRIATION IS EFFECTED, THE REPATRIATES WILL BE HELD AT THE NEW PERMANENT RELOCATION CENTER AT TULE LAKE, IN NORTHERN CALIFORNIA.

THOSE AMERICANS WHO WANT TO CONTINUE TO BE AMERICANS -- WHICH MYER SAID IS ABOUT 75 PER CENT OF THE 70,000 JAPANESE HELD IN THE NATION'S RELOCATION CENTERS -- WILL BE RELEASED AND GIVEN JOBS AS THEY APPLY FOR THEM. MYER SAID THAT THE JAPANESE RELEASED FROM THE CENTERS, HOWEVER, MUST KEEP THE GOVERNMENT INFORMED OF THEIR WHEREABOUTS AT ALL TIMES.

THE JAPS WHO WOULD NOT SWEAR ALLEGIANCE TO THE UNITED STATES WILL BE HELD AT THE TULE LAKE CENTER.

MYER AND OTHER WAR RELOCATION AUTHORITY OFFICIALS ARE IN DENVER MAKING PLANS FOR THE SEGREGATION OF JAPANESE. THE THREE-DAY CONFERENCE WILL END TOMORROW.

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LOS ANGELES, JULY 29--(AP)--SABOTAGE HAS NOT OCCURRED IN CALIFORNIA BECAUSE THERE HAS BEEN NO INVASION OF THE COAST, SAID CONGRESSMAN JOHN M. COSTELLO (D-CALIF).

"IN HAWAII," COSTELLO TOLD A CIVIC MEETING YESTERDAY, "SABOTAGE WAS LACKING ONLY BECAUSE THE JAPANESE GOVERNMENT COULD NOT TRUST ITS CITIZENS IN ADVANCE WITH KNOWLEDGE OF THE ATTACK."

CITING BURMA, SINGAPORE AND MALAYA, HE ADDED:

"SABOTAGE OCCURS ONLY WHEN THERE IS AN INVASION. ON THE PACIFIC COAST, THERE WILL BE NO SABOTAGE UNTIL THE TIME COMES TO COMMIT IT. THOSE WHO WOULD COMMIT IT ARE AWAITING ORDERS."

COSTELLO RECENTLY CONDUCTED HEARINGS ON THE JAPANESE EVACUATION PROBLEM FOR THE DYES COMMITTEE, OF WHICH HE IS A MEMBER.

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